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Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report September 30, 2022



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

NASSAU COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County, Florida, Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for each major fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Clerk and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Incomplete Presentation

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information,

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of Nassau County, Florida that is attributable to the Clerk. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Nassau County, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions of events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clerk's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the judgment made by a reasonable user made on the basis of these financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to these risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clerk's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Financial Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements. The other financial information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the other financial information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 3, 2023, on our consideration of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

March 3, 2023

Gainesville, Florida



NASSAU COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				Majo	r Fur	nds		No	n-Major Fund		
					Pul	olic Records	Child				Total
	Ger	neral		Court	Mc	dernization	Support		Jury	Go	vernmental
	Fu	ınd		Fund	T	rust Fund	Fund		Services		Funds
Assets			,,,								
Cash	\$ 5	41,395	\$	302,888	\$	1,493,770	\$ 407,147	\$	-	\$	2,745,200
Accounts Receivable		47		-		-	-		-		47
Due from Board of County											
Commissioners		27,894		-		-	-		-		27,894
Due from Other Funds	1	.28,063		117,174		21,826	-		-		267,063
Due from Other Governments		54,177		-		-	19,215		23,833		97,225
Prepaid Expenses		158		15		1,384	-		-		1,557
Total Assets	7	51,734		420,077		1,516,980	426,362		23,833		3,138,986
Liabilities and Fund Balances											
Liabilities											
Accounts Payable	2	51,426		602		55,243	-		-		307,271
Due to Board of County											
Commissioners	3	41,398		241		-	-		-		341,639
Due to Other Funds		-		42,884		-	5,916		23,833		72,633
Due to Other Governments		547		246,960		27,000	-		-		274,507
Unearned Revenue		-		129,390		-	-		-		129,390
Other Accrued Liabilities	1	.58,363		-		-	-		-		158,363
Total Liabilities	7	51,734		420,077		82,243	5,916		23,833		1,283,803
Fund Balances Restricted:											
Records Modernization		_		_		1,434,737	_		-		1,434,737
Child Support		_		-		-	420,446		-		420,446
Total Fund Balances		-		-		1,434,737	420,446		-		1,855,183
Total Liabilities and											
Fund Balances	\$ 7	51,734	\$	420,077	\$	1,516,980	\$ 426,362	\$	23,833	\$	3,138,986

		Major Funds					
			Public Records	Child		Total	
	General	Court	Modernization	Support	Jury	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Trust Fund	Fund	Services	Funds	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ -	\$ 204,330	\$ -	\$ 112,245	\$ 76,062	\$ 392,637	
Charges for Services	828,169	909,614	363,897	-	-	2,101,680	
Judgments and Fines	-	474,604	-	-	-	474,604	
Miscellaneous Revenue	8,527	828				9,355	
Total Revenues	836,696	1,589,376	363,897	112,245	76,062	2,978,276	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General Government:							
Personnel Services	2,832,790	-	-	-	-	2,832,790	
Operating Expenditures	780,238	-	70,000	-	-	850,238	
Economic Environment:							
Personnel Services	65,451	-	-	-	-	65,451	
Operating Expenditures	5,684	-	-	-	-	5,684	
Court-Related:							
Personnel Services	-	1,284,903	-	111,454	63,379	1,459,736	
Operating Expenditures	-	46,909	152,654	1,247	12,683	213,493	
Capital Outlay	124,174	1,104	22,995			148,273	
(Total Expenditures)	(3,808,337)	(1,332,916)	(245,649)	(112,701)	(76,062)	(5,575,665)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,971,641)	256,460	118,248	(456)		(2,597,389)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Reversion to State of Florida	-	(256,460)	-	-	-	(256,460)	
Transfers in from Board of County							
Commissioners	3,312,571	-	-	-	-	3,312,571	
Transfers (out) to Board of County							
Commissioners	(340,930)					(340,930)	
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Uses)	2,971,641	(256,460)				2,715,181	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	118,248	(456)	-	117,792	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year			1,316,489	420,902		1,737,391	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,434,737	\$ 420,446	\$ -	\$ 1,855,183	

	General Fund							
		Budgeted Original	l Amo	ounts Final		Actual Amounts	Fina Po	Ince With I Budget Ositive Egative)
Revenues		_						
Charges for Services	\$	797,585	\$	828,082	\$	828,169	\$	87
Miscellaneous Revenue		8,000		8,000		8,527		527
Total Revenues		805,585		836,082		836,696		614
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government:								
Personnel Services		2,955,736		2,832,783		2,832,790		(7)
Operating Expenditures		850,191		780,248		780,238		10
Economic Environment:								
Personnel Services		64,126		65,451		65,451		-
Operating Expenditures		5,714		5,683		5,684		(1)
Capital Outlay		<u>-</u>		124,172		124,174		(2)
(Total Expenditures)		(3,875,767)		(3,808,337)		(3,808,337)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,070,182)		(2,972,255)		(2,971,641)		614
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in from Board of County								
Commissioners		3,070,182		3,313,185		3,312,571		(614)
Transfers (out) to Board of County								
Commissioners				(340,930)		(340,930)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,070,182		2,972,255		2,971,641		(614)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year								_
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-

Notes to Schedule

The budget is prepared on a basis that does not differ materially from generally accepted accounting principles. Its preparation, adoption, and amendment is governed by Florida Statutes. The fund is the legal level of control.

	Court Fund							
		Budgeted	Amo			Actual	Fir	iance With nal Budget Positive
Revenues		Original		Final		Amounts	(r	Negative)
Intergovernmental Revenue Charges for Services Judgments and Fines	\$	136,651 937,046 489,546	\$	162,156 937,046 489,546	\$	204,330 909,614 474,604	\$	42,174 (27,432) (14,942)
Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues		1,563,243		1,588,748		828 1,589,376		828 628
Expenditures Current: Court-Related: Personnel Services Operating Expenditures Capital Outlay (Total Expenditures)		1,472,963 90,280 - (1,563,243)		1,284,984 302,658 1,106 (1,588,748)		1,284,903 46,909 1,104 (1,332,916)		81 255,749 2 255,832
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		-		256,460		256,460
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Reversion to State of Florida						(256,460)		(256,460)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year								
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$		\$		\$		\$	

Notes to Schedule

Pursuant to Section 28.36, Florida Statutes, the budget is subject to the *General Appropriations Act* of the Florida Legislature, and is prepared on a basis that does not differ materially from generally accepted accounting principles. The fund is the legal level of control. All excess revenues over expenditures is required by Statute to be reverted to the Clerk of Court Trust Fund.

	Public Records Modernization Trust Fund							
		Budgeted Amounts Actual						riance With nal Budget Positive
		Original Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$	409,082	\$	409,082	\$	363,897	\$	(45,185)
Miscellaneous Revenue		1,271,564		1,316,490		_		(1,316,490)
Total Revenues		1,680,646		1,725,572		363,897		(1,361,675)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government:								
Operating Expenditures		-		-		70,000		(70,000)
Court-Related:								
Operating Expenditures		1,680,646		1,702,577		152,654		1,549,923
Capital Outlay		_		22,995		22,995		
(Total Expenditures)		(1,680,646)		(1,725,572)		(245,649)		1,479,923
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures						118,248		118,248
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		118,248		118,248
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		-				1,316,489		1,316,489
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$		\$		\$	1,434,737	\$	1,434,737

Notes to Schedule

The budget is prepared on a basis that does not differ materially from generally accepted accounting principles. Its preparation, adoption, and amendment is governed by Florida Statutes. The fund is the legal level of control.

	Child Support Fund							
		Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Actual	Fir	iance With al Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	(1	legative)
Revenues	·							
Intergovernmental	\$	127,010	\$	127,010	\$	112,245	\$	(14,765)
Miscellaneous Revenue		420,902		420,902		_		(420,902)
Total Revenues		547,912		547,912		112,245		(435,667)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Court-Related:								
Personnel Services		120,492		120,360		111,454		8,906
Operating Expenditures		427,420		427,552		1,247		426,305
(Total Expenditures)		(547,912)		(547,912)		(112,701)		435,211
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(456)		(456)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year						420,902		420,902
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$		\$		\$	420,446	\$	420,446

Notes to Schedule

The budget is prepared on a basis that does not differ materially from generally accepted accounting principles. Its preparation, adoption, and amendment is governed by Florida Statutes. The fund is the legal level of control.

NASSAU COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Assets

Cash Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governments	\$ 3,224,639 84,796 88
Total Assets	 3,309,523
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	19,988
Due to Board of County	
Commissioners	46,049
Due to Other Funds	194,430
Due to Other Governments	625,820
Other Liabilities	 7,515
Total Liabilities	 893,802
Net Position, Held in a Custodial Capacity to be Disbursed	\$ 2,415,721

NASSAU COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Additions

Fines and Forfeitures and Fees Collected	\$ 4,382,041
Tax Deeds and Fees Collected	774,205
Support and Fees Collected	6,428
Registry of the Court and Fees Collected	3,699,358
Recording Fees Collected	5,545,290
Bail Bonds and Fees Collected	 261,342
Total Additions	14,668,664
Deductions	
Fines and Forfeitures and Fees Distributions	3,990,305
Tax Deeds and Fees Distributions	909,229
Support and Fees Distributions	6,428
Registry of the Court and Fees Distributions	3,510,720
Recording Fees Distributions	5,343,216
Bail Bonds and Fees Distributions	157,450
Total Deductions	13,917,348
Change in Net Position	 751,316
Net Position, Beginning	1,664,405
Net Position, Ending	\$ 2,415,721



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Nassau County, Florida, Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of these financial statements:

Reporting Entity

Nassau County, Florida (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board).

The Clerk is an elected official of the County pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Clerk is a part of the primary government of the County. The Clerk is responsible for the administration and operation of the Clerk's office, and the Clerk's financial statements do not include the financial statements of the Board or the other Constitutional Officers of the County.

The Clerk funds his non-court operations as a Budget Officer and a Fee Officer pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapters 28, 129, and 218, respectively. As a Budget Officer, the operations of the Clerk are funded by the County general fund. The receipts from the County general fund are recorded as other financing sources on the Clerk's general fund financial statements. Any excess of revenues and other financing sources received over expenditures of the general fund are remitted to the County general fund at year-end. The court-related operations of the Clerk are funded from fees and charges authorized under Chapter 2013-44, Laws of Florida and are reported in the court fund. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. At year-end, any excess of revenues over court-related expenditures of the court fund are remitted to the State of Florida pursuant to Florida Statute 28.37.

Basis of Presentation

The Clerk of Courts' financial statements are special purpose financial statements that have been prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida (the Rules). These special purpose financial statements are the fund financial statements required by generally accepted accounting principles. However, these fund financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation because, in conformity with the Rules, the Clerk of Courts has not presented the government-wide financial statements, reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements, or management's discussion and analysis. Also, certain notes to the financial statements may supplement rather than duplicate the notes included in the County's county-wide financial statements.

The financial transactions of the Clerk are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. These funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. GAAP sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures of each fund category) for the determination of major funds. Major funds are reported separately in the basic financial statements of the Clerk.

Governmental Funds

Major Funds

- ► **General Fund**—The general fund is the general operating fund of the Clerk. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- ► Court Fund—The court fund was established to account for court-related revenues and expenditures and is required to be reported separately from the Clerk's general fund activities.
- ▶ **Public Records Modernization Trust Fund**—This fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenues that are legally restricted for expenditures of the public records program.
- ► Child Support Fund—This fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenues that are restricted for expenditures of the child support program.

Non-Major Governmental Fund

▶ Jury Services Fund—This fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenues that are restricted for expenditures related to jury services.

■ Fiduciary Funds

• Custodial Funds—Custodial funds are used to account for assets held in a custodial capacity.

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

All governmental funds are accounted for on a current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Their operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets and, accordingly, are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considered revenues to be available if they are collected within 31 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on long-term debt are recognized when due.

The custodial funds are accounted for using an economic resource measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting requiring a resource flow statement. Liabilities are recognized when an event occurs that compels the Clerk to disburse fiduciary resources, which is when a demand for resources has been made or when no further action, approval or condition is required to be taken or not by the beneficiary to release the assets.

Budgetary Requirement

Governmental fund revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. An annual budget was adopted for the general fund, the public records fund, and child support. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year. A budget was adopted for the court fund and approved by the Legislative Budget Commission pursuant to Florida Statute 28.35. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Clerk's annual budgets are monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total annual budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Capital Assets

Tangible personal property is recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund at the time an asset is acquired. Assets acquired by the Clerk are capitalized at cost in the capital asset accounts of the County. The Clerk maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by his office.

Accrued Compensated Absences

The Clerk maintains a policy of granting employees annual leave based upon the number of years of employment. At December 31 of each year, employees can carry over up to a maximum of 75 hours of paid annual leave. Any unused vacation leave accrued over the 75 hours at the end of the calendar year will be forfeited. Any exception would require the Clerk's or designee's approval.

In addition, sick leave is accumulated at the rate of 3.75 hours per pay period for a maximum of 400 hours as of December 31 of each year. Any hours over 400 will be paid out each year. There will be no payment in lieu of unused sick leave at the time of separation effective July 1, 2010, and thereafter. The Clerk reserves the right to use a combination of overtime pay and/or compensatory time for compensating overtime worked.

Unearned Revenue

In accordance with requirements of the Clerk of Court Operations Corporation (CCOC), the Clerk reports unearned revenue for court related fines and fees collected in September of 2022, which are to be used as advance funding for the Clerk's Court operations in the following fiscal year.

Workers' Compensation and Group Health Insurance

For the Clerk's non-court employees, the Board provided workers' compensation and group health insurance coverages. The premiums for such coverages were paid by the Board and recorded on its records and, consequently, are not recorded on the Clerk's records. For the Clerk's Court employees, the Clerk provides workers' compensation and group health insurance coverages. The premiums for such coverages were paid by the Clerk and recorded on his records.

Risk Management

The Clerk is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and the public; or damage to property of others. The Clerk participates in the risk management program through the Board, which uses commercial insurance to cover the following types of risk:

- Workers' Compensation
- Automobile Liability
- Public Officials' Liability

- Personal Property Damage
- General Liability

Workers' compensation coverage is provided under a retrospectively rated policy. Premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost to-date of the Board's experience for this type of risk.

Fund Balance Reporting

The Clerk has implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54), as required. The purpose of GASB 54 is to improve the consistency and usefulness of fund balance information to the financial statement user. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the organization is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned:

- Non-Spendable—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that cannot be spent because: (a) they are not expected to be converted to cash, or (b) they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund. The Clerk does not have any non-spendable funds.
- Restricted—This component of fund balances consists of amounts that are constrained either: (a) externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Committed**—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (e.g., policy, ordinance, or resolution) of the Clerk's governing authority.
- Assigned—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by a less-thanformal action of the Clerk's governing authority, or by an individual or body to whom the governing authority has delegated this responsibility. The Clerk has not delegated the responsibility to assign fund balances to any individual or body.
- Unassigned—This classification is used for: (a) negative unrestricted fund balances in any governmental fund, or (b) fund balances within the general fund that are not restricted, committed or assigned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Clerk's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use, it is the Clerk's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as needed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and disclosed in the accompanying financial statements and notes. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

During the year ended September 30, 2022, the Clerk adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which established criteria for identifying and reporting leases. Leases with an initial term of one year or less are recorded in Operating Expenses when incurred. Leases with non-cancellable terms greater than one year, are evaluated for implementation based on materiality levels established by the County. Leases that qualify for reporting under the new standard are initially recognized as a Capital Outlay Expense and Other Financing Source in the year of inception of the lease. Subsequent payments on the lease are reported as debt service expenditures. A right-to-use asset and associated lease liability are recorded on the County-wide financial statements at the present value of the future lease payments including any residual value guarantees that are reasonably certain of being required or purchase options that are reasonably certain of being exercised. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, there were no leases that met the above criteria.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the Clerk's deposits was \$5,963,489 and the bank balance was \$6,104,838. The Clerk also held \$6,350 in change funds at September 30, 2022. Deposits in banks and thrift institutions are collateralized as public funds through a state procedure provided for in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Financial institutions qualifying as public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits times the depository's collateral pledging level. The Public Deposit Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of a default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof. All of the cash funds of the Clerk are deposited in accordance with Florida Statutes 280 and 218.415, and Nassau County Resolution 95-144.

Investments

The Clerk's investment practices are governed by Chapters 28.33 and 218.415, Florida Statutes. The Clerk is authorized to invest in certificates of deposit, money market certificates, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (the State Board of Administration). There were no investments as of September 30, 2022.

Note 3 - Employee Retirement Plan

General Information About the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Clerk are eligible to enroll as members of the state-administered FRS. Provisions relating to FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112 Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, *Florida Administrative Code*; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined-benefit plans and other non-integrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

FRS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer qualified defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP available for eligible employees. The general classes of membership applicable to the Clerk are as follows:

- Regular Class—Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officer Class—Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class—Members in senior management level positions.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Members of the Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and	Percent
Retirement Age/Years of Service	Value
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled on or After July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

<u>Contributions</u>. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2021-2022 fiscal year were as follows:

		June 30, 2022 Gross Salary		June 30, 2023 Gross Salary
Class	<u>Employee</u>	Employer (2)	<u>Employee</u>	Employer (2)
FRS, Regular	3.00	9.10	3.00	10.19
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	49.70	3.00	55.28
FRS, Senior Management				
Service	3.00	27.29	3.00	29.85
DROP – Applicable to				
Members from all of				
the Above Classes	0.00	16.68	0.00	16.94
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

Notes: (1) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

(2) These rates include the normal cost and unfunded actuarial liability contributions but do not include the contribution for Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy of 1.66% and the fee of 0.06% for administration of the FRS Investment Plan and provision of education tools for both plans.

The Clerk's contributions (employer) to the FRS Plan totaled \$455,330 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This excludes the HIS defined benefit pension plan contributions.

<u>Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense.</u> At September 30, 2022, the Clerk's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability was \$3,802,907. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

Further details of the FRS Plan net pension liability, annual pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Florida Legislature established and amended the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the HIS program. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of state-administered retirement systems in Florida in paying their health insurance costs.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u>. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the contribution rates were 1.66% and 1.66% of payroll, respectively, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Clerk contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate Trust Fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The Clerk's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$53,455 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

<u>Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense.</u> At September 30, 2022, the Clerk's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability was \$920,995. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. The Clerk's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Clerk's 2021-22 fiscal year contributions of all participating members.

Further details of the HIS Plan net pension liability, annual pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

FRS - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Clerk contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA), and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Clerk employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.) as the FRS defined benefit plan. These blended rates include the applicable rates for the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the FRS defined benefit plan, the 1.66% HIS contribution rate, and the 0.06% administrative fee. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment members' accounts during the 2021-2022 fiscal year were as follows:

_		June 30, 2022 Gross Salary		une 30, 2023 Gross Salary
Class	Employee	<u>Employer</u>	<u>Employee</u>	<u>Employer</u>
FRS, Regular FRS, Elected County	3.00	3.30	3.00	6.30
Officers FRS, Senior Management	3.00	8.34	3.00	11.34
Service	3.00	4.67	3.00	7.67

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Clerk.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The Clerk's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$68,150 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Note 4 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The County offers certain postemployment health care benefits that are considered part of an OPEB plan for financial accounting purposes. The OPEB plan is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the County. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected. However, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees.

Retirees and their dependents (except for life insurance) are permitted to remain covered under the County's respective medical and insurance plans as long as they pay a full premium applicable to coverage elected, subject to the direct subsidy in the following table. This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Chapter 112.08, Florida Statutes.

Percent of Direct Subsidy up to "Subsidy Base Maximum"

Years of Service With Nassau County	Hired Before	Hired on or After 10/1/05
At Least 6	100%	0%
15 Years	100%	50%
20 Years	100%	65%
25 Years	100%	80%
30 or More Years	100%	100%

Currently, the Clerk has 65 active employees and three retired employees who are considered participants in the plan for purposes of computing the OPEB obligation. The Clerk's portion of the OPEB obligation at September 30, 2022, totaled \$1,775,498. This liability will be included in long-term liabilities in the County-wide financial statements. Details of the annual cost, the accrued obligation, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

Note 5 - Long-Term Liabilities

The long-term liabilities presented below are not reported in the financial statements of the Clerk since they are not payable from available resources at September 30, 2022.

The Clerk's long-term debt is recorded in the statement of net position as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities is as follows:

		Balance					Balance
	(October 1,				September 30,	
		2021	 <u>Additions</u>	(Deletions)			2022
Liability for Compensated Absences	\$	109,676	\$ 224,421	\$	(229,100)	\$	104,997
Other Postemployment Benefits		1,722,011	53,487		-		1,775,498
Net Pension Liabilities:							
FRS Plan		698,133	3,104,774		-		3,802,907
HIS Plan		954,651	 <u> </u>		(33,656)		920,995
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	3,484,471	\$ 3,382,682	\$	(262,756)	\$	6,604,397

See Note 3 for more information on the Net Pension Liabilities related to the FRS and HIS Pension Plans.

See Note 4 for a description of the County's policies on OPEB.

Note 6 – <u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

		Due	Due		
	fr	om Other		to Other	
		Funds	Funds		
General Fund	\$	128,063	\$	-	
Special Revenue Funds					
Court Fund		117,174		42,884	
Public Records					
Modernization Fund		21,826		-	
Child Support Fund		-		5,916	
Jury Services		-		23,833	
Custodial Funds					
Civil Trust Fund		-		54,870	
Recording Trust Fund		-		77,202	
Criminal Trust Fund		-		3,627	
Special Trust Fund		-		58,161	
Domestic Relations Fund				570	
Total	\$	267,063	\$	267,063	

Interfund balances generally result from funds being deposited in one fund but not remitted to another fund until the subsequent month. All interfund balances are expected to be liquidated within three months.



CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Civil Trust—This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of filing fees, service charges, and bonds relating to civil actions.

Recording Trust—This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of fees and service charges for official records.

Criminal Trust—This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of criminal fines and fees.

Special Trust—This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of traffic and misdemeanor fines, court costs, fees, and service charges.

Jury and Witness—This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of funds pertaining to the Juror Services department.

Domestic Relations—This fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of court-ordered child support payments and fees.

Registry of the Court—This fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of deposits required by court legal actions.

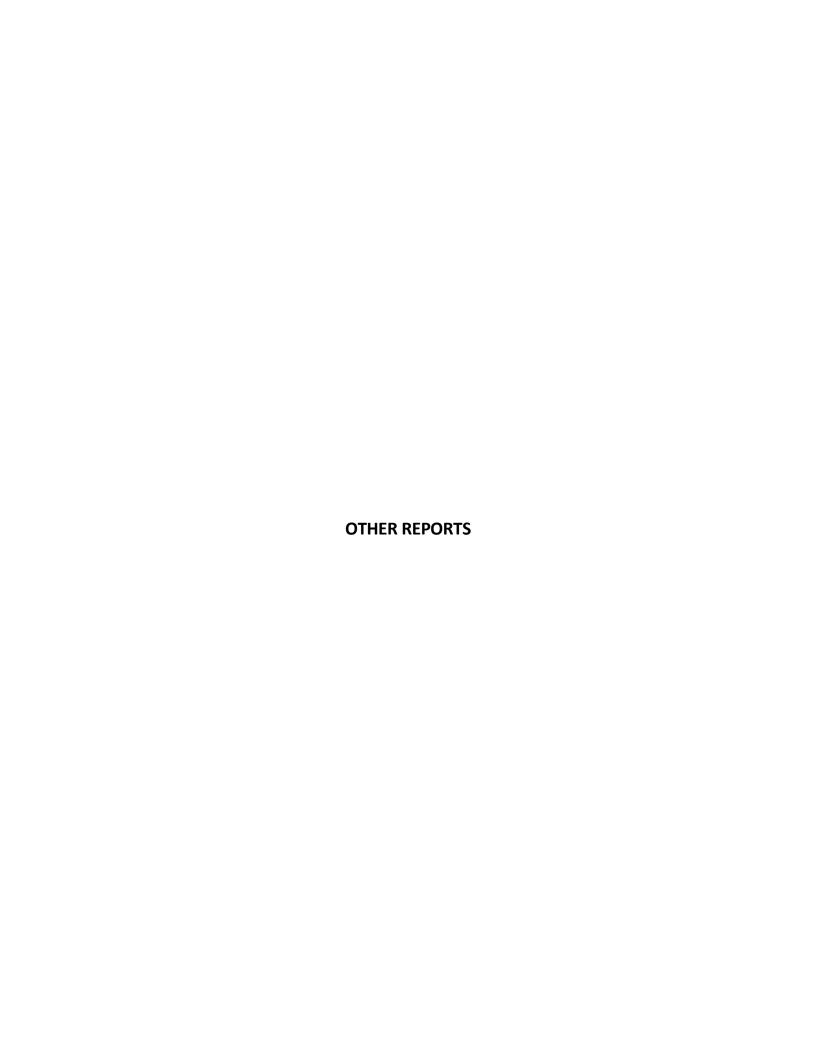
Bail Bonds—Accounts for funds received from defendants of criminal and traffic arrests required to assure that the defendant will meet the requirement to appear in court. Disposition of these bond funds is made as ordered by the court.

NASSAU COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Civil Trust	Recording Trust	Criminal Trust	Special Trust	Jury and Domestic Witness Relations		Registry of the Court	Bail Bonds	Total
Assets									
Cash	\$ 943,087	\$ 1,207,503	\$ 95,984	\$ 140,094	\$ -	\$ 738	\$ 688,913	\$ 148,320	\$ 3,224,639
Accounts Receivable	-	84,695	-	101	-	-	-	-	84,796
Due from Other Governments						88			88
Total Assets	943,087	1,292,198	95,984	140,195		826	688,913	148,320	3,309,523
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	6,083	413	316	836	-	-	12,214	126	19,988
Due to Board of County		17 200	1.041	20,020					46.040
Commissioners Due to Other Funds	- 54,870	17,288 77,202	1,941 3,627	26,820 58,161	-	- 570	-	-	46,049 194,430
Due to Other Governments	32,451	547,757	4,661	39,319	_	256	- -	1,376	625,820
Other Liabilities	619	1,361	5,000	535					7,515
Total Liabilities	94,023	644,021	15,545	125,671		826	12,214	1,502	893,802
Net Position, Held in a Custodial Capacity to be Disbursed	\$ 849,064	\$ 648,177	\$ 80,439	\$ 14,524	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 676,699	\$ 146,818	\$ 2,415,721

NASSAU COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Additions	Civil Trust	Recording Trust	Criminal Trust	Special Trust	Jury and Witness	Domestic Relations	Registry of the Court	Bail Bonds	Total
Fines and Forfeitures and Fees Collected Tax Deeds and Fees Collected Support and Fees Collected Registry of the Court and Fees Collected Recording Fees Collected Bail Bonds and Fees Collected	\$ 2,487,735 - - - - -	\$ - 774,205 - - 5,545,290 -	\$ 255,290 - - - - -	\$ 1,632,911 - - - - -	\$ 6,105 - - - - -	\$ - - 6,428 - - -	\$ - - 3,699,358 - -	\$ - - - 261,342	\$ 4,382,041 774,205 6,428 3,699,358 5,545,290 261,342
Total Additions	2,487,735	6,319,495	255,290	1,632,911	6,105	6,428	3,699,358	261,342	14,668,664
Deductions									
Fines and Forfeitures and Fees Distributions Tax Deeds and Fees Distributions Support and Fees Distributions Registry of the Court and Fees Distributions Recording Fees Distributions Bail Bonds and Fees Distributions	2,117,983 - - - - -	909,229 - - 5,343,216	209,790 - - - - -	1,656,427 - - - - -	6,105 - - - - -	- - 6,428 - - -	- - - 3,510,720 - -	- - - - 157,450	3,990,305 909,229 6,428 3,510,720 5,343,216 157,450
Total Deductions	2,117,983	6,252,445	209,790	1,656,427	6,105	6,428	3,510,720	157,450	13,917,348
Change in Net Position	369,752	67,050	45,500	(23,516)	-	-	188,638	103,892	751,316
Net Position, Beginning of Year	479,312	581,127	34,939	38,040			488,061	42,926	1,664,405
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 849,064	\$ 648,177	\$ 80,439	\$ 14,524	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 676,699	\$ 146,818	\$ 2,415,721



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 3, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Clerk's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clerk's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 3, 2023

Gainesville, Florida

Purvis Gray

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTES SECTION 218.415 – INVESTMENT OF PUBLIC FUNDS

The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

We have examined Nassau County, Florida, Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, as required by Section 10.556(10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Clerk complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Clerk, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 3, 2023 Gainesville, Florida

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTIONS 28.35 AND 28.36, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

We have examined Nassau County, Florida, Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk) compliance with the requirements of Sections 28.35, Florida Statutes, *Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation*, and 28.36, Florida Statutes, *Budget Procedure*, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, as required by Section 10.556(10)(c), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Clerk complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 28.35, Florida Statutes, *Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation*, and Section 28.36, Florida Statutes, *Budget Procedure*, for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Clerk, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 3, 2023 Gainesville, Florida

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 61.181, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

We have examined Nassau County, Florida, Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk) compliance with the requirements of Section 61.181, Florida Statutes, *Depository for Alimony Transactions, Support, Maintenance, and Support Payments; Fees* as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, as required by Section 10.556(10)(d), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Clerk complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the requirements Section 61.181, Florida Statutes, *Depository for Alimony Transactions, Support, Maintenance, and Support Payments; Fees,* for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Clerk, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 3, 2023 Gainesville, Florida

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County, Florida, Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 3, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Reports on our examinations conducted in accordance with AICPA *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 3, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no such recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Clerk was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). There were no component units related to the Clerk.

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The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the determination of financial statements that is less than material but which warrants that attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, the Clerk and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

March 3, 2023 Gainesville, Florida

Purvis Gray



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