FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Serving as of September 30, 2018

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Commissioner—District 1 Daniel B. Leeper

Commissioner—District 2 Stephen W. Kelley

Commissioner—District 3, Chairman Pat Edwards

Commissioner—District 4 George V. Spicer

Commissioner—District 5 – Vice-Chairman Justin M. Taylor

Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller John A. Crawford

Tax Collector John M. Drew

Sheriff Bill Leeper

Property Appraiser A. Michael Hickox

Supervisor of Elections Vicki P. Cannon

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

County Manager, Interim Michael Mullin

County Attorney Michael Mullin





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Nassau County, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Nassau County, Florida, (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves preforming procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350

1560 N. Orange Ave., Suite #450 • Winter Park, Florida 32789

MEMBERS OF AMERICAN AND FLORIDA INSTITUTES OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBER OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS PRIVATE COMPANIES AND S.E.C. PRACTICE SECTIONS

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (Continued)

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, during the current year, the County adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB). This statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with OPEB, including the recognition and measurement of liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses. In connection with the implementation of this statement, the County decreased its beginning net position in the governmental activities and the business-type activities by \$13,077,475 and \$124,717, respectively. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of federal awards and state financial assistance is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Concluded)

Other Matters (Concluded)

Other Information (Concluded)

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 13, 2019, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Turvis, Gray and Company, LLP March 13, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

This management's discussion and analysis of Nassau County's (the County), financial statements is designed to introduce the basic financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. The basic financial statements are comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and footnotes. We hope this will assist readers in identifying significant financial issues and changes in the County's financial position.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the County and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2018 by \$396,228,029 (net position). The net position included governmental activities of \$384,139,408 and business-type activities of \$12,088,621. The County's net position on 9/30/17 was restated to implement GASB 75, which reports Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. Prior period adjustments included \$(13,077,475) for governmental activities and \$(124,717) for business-type activities.
- The County had a deficit of revenues to expenses of \$6,877,998 for the fiscal year, compared to a deficit of \$9,968,627 in the prior year. General revenues increased by \$7,993,440, including a \$4,494,226 increase in property tax revenue, a \$1,304,515 increase in sales tax revenue, and a \$1,219,592 increase in miscellaneous earnings. The year-to-year deficit in program revenues, net of expenses, increased from \$91,257,987 in the prior year to \$96,160,798 in fiscal year 2018, due primarily to an \$8,337,441 increase in program expenses. The increase included a \$3,832,568 increase in public safety expenses and a \$3,441,430 increase in general government expenses.
- The General Fund reported a deficit of revenues to expenditures of \$7,216,033 which was partially offset by a \$5,955,488 excess of transfers in over transfers out, and sale of capital asset proceeds of \$14,677, resulting in a \$1,245,868 decrease in fund balance for the fiscal year.
- The Water & Sewer proprietary fund reported a change in net position of \$1,583,663 in fiscal year 2018. This increase is similar to a change in net position of \$1,614,854 in the prior fiscal year.
- Outstanding long-term bonded debt as of September 30, 2018, was \$39,020,288, a reduction of \$3,869,773 from the prior year. Of this amount, \$2,614,090 is considered due within one year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. Below is a breakdown of Nassau County's fund types by count.

Fund Type	Number
General Fund	1
Debt Service Funds	3
Capital Projects Funds	8
Special Revenue Funds	_36_
Total Governmental Funds	48
Total Proprietary Funds	1
Total Agency Funds	12

(Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to private sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected earned revenues such as sales taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, physical environment, public safety, court-related, transportation, economic environment, human services, and culture/recreation. The business-type activities consist of the water and sewer utilities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the primary government), but also the following legally separate component units: Nassau County Housing Finance Authority and Recreation and Water Conservation and Control District No. 1. These component units had no revenues or expenditures during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018; therefore, financial statements were not prepared for these component units.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: 1) governmental funds, 2) proprietary funds, and 3) fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's *near-term* financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's *near-term* financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

(Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Concluded)

The County maintains forty-eight (48) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, County Transportation Fund, Municipal Services Fund, and Capital Projects Transportation Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other forty-four (44) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its major funds, as well as all non-major funds. Budget comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate budgetary compliance.

The County maintains one type of proprietary fund type, an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses one enterprise fund to account for the fiscal activities relating to water and sewer utilities. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer utilities.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties within and outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs, except for those that are within the government. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's comparison of budget and actual revenues and expenditures for its major funds. This report also presents certain other information concerning the County's combining non-major fund statements and schedules.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$396,228,029 at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

At the end of the fiscal year 2018, the County is able to report a positive balance in net position for its governmental activities of \$384,139,408 as well as a positive balance in net position for its business type activities of \$12,088,621.

(Continued)

Government-wide Financial Analysis (*Concluded***)**

Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	otal			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017			
Current and Other									
Assets	\$ 91,926,153	\$ 83,663,540	\$ 9,570,278	\$ 8,881,111	\$ 101,496,431	\$ 92,544,651			
Capital Assets	421,408,307	434,292,674	13,926,791	13,891,928	435,335,098	448,184,602			
Total Assets	513,334,460	517,956,214	23,497,069	22,773,039	536,831,529	540,729,253			
Deferred Outflow of									
Resources	30,501,930	30,576,170	654,442	716,918	31,156,372	31,293,088			
Outstanding Obligations	139,672,158	129,866,244	11,576,335	12,556,026	151,248,493	142,422,270			
Other Liabilities	11,549,913	8,988,175	410,591	275,808	11,960,504	9,263,983			
Total Liabilities	151,222,071	138,854,419	11,986,926	12,831,834	163,208,997	151,686,253			
Deferred Inflows of									
Resources	8,474,911	3,999,421	75,964	28,448	8,550,875	4,027,869			
Net Position:									
Net Investment in									
Capital Assets	392,268,092	401,684,770	3,625,686	2,680,713	395,893,778	404,365,483			
Restricted	39,230,648	29,223,327	805,948	781,285	40,036,596	30,004,612			
Unrestricted	(47,359,332)	(25,229,553)	7,656,987	7,167,677	(39,702,345)	(18,061,876)			
Total Net Position	\$ 384,139,408	\$ 405,678,544	\$ 12,088,621	\$ 10,629,675	\$ 396,228,029	\$ 416,308,219			

As of the end of fiscal year 2018, the County's total net position of \$396,228,029 includes \$395,893,778 (99.9%) of net investments in capital assets such as land, buildings, infrastructure, improvements and equipment, less any outstanding debt used to acquire those capital assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to the citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the County's net position, \$40,036,596 (10.1%), represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. On September 30, 2018, the County had a net pension liability for its participation in the Florida Retirement System of \$66.7 million, a net OPEB obligation of \$23.9 million, and a landfill postclosure liability of \$13.8 million, which contributed to an unrestricted net position of \$(39,819,677).

Governmental Activities

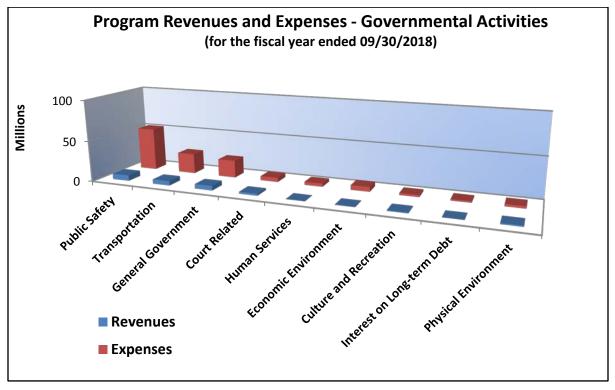
Fiscal year 2018 Governmental Activities reduced the County's net position by \$8,461,661 to \$384,139,408. Governmental Activities expenses exceeded revenues by \$8,527,058 in fiscal year 2018 compared to a prior year excess of Governmental Activities expenses to revenues of \$11,647,361. Factors contributing to this year-over-year change include an \$8,082,778 increase in General Revenues, which was offset by an \$8,112,042 increase in Governmental Program Expenses and a \$3,149,567 increase in Program Revenues.

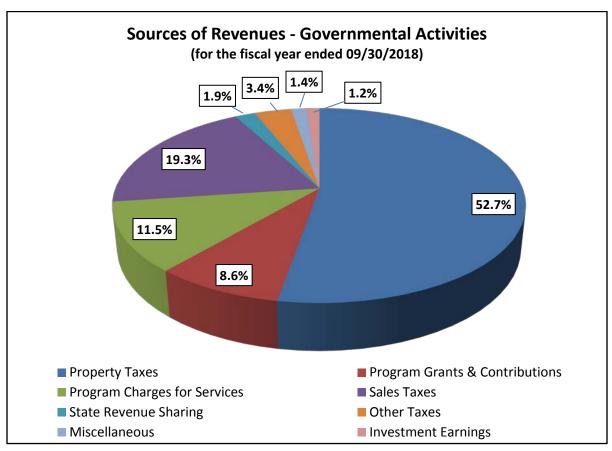
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Nassau County, Florida **Changes in Net Position**

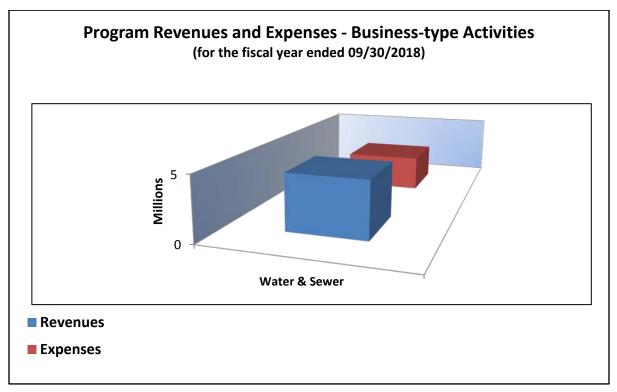
	Govern	ment	tal Ac	tivities		Business-ty	pe Act	ivities		To	tal	al						
	2018	8		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017						
Revenues						_				_								
Program Revenues:																		
Charges for Services	\$ 12,823,5	502	\$	12,966,986	\$	4,409,844	\$	4,124,781	\$	17,233,346	\$	17,091,767						
Operating Grants and																		
Contributions	6,158,	450		4,787,834		0		0		6,158,450		4,787,834						
Capital Grants and																		
Contributions	3,444,9	900		1,522,465		0		0		3,444,900		1,522,465						
General Revenues:																		
Property Taxes	58,902,8	341		54,408,615		0		0		58,902,841		54,408,615						
Other Taxes	27,404,7	763		25,752,773		0		0		27,404,763		25,752,773						
Other Revenues	2,944,3	327		1,007,765		30,869		120,207		2,975,196		1,127,972						
Total Revenues	111,678,7	783		100,446,438		4,440,713		4,244,988		116,119,496		104,691,426						
Expenses																		
General Government	21,332,8	859		17,891,429	0		0		0		21,332,859		17,891,429					
Court Related	5,103,	148		4,384,594	0		0		0 0 5,103,		5,103,448		4,384,594					
Public Safety	52,574,8	391		48,742,323	0		0		0		52,574,891		48,742,323					
Physical Environment	2,821,2	298		4,272,679		0		0 0		0		2,821,298		4,272,679				
Transportation	24,697,0	022		23,330,315		0		0		0		24,697,022		23,330,315				
Economic Environment	5,697,5	549		5,548,946		0 0 5,6		5,697,549		5,548,946								
Human Services	3,862,0	051		3,807,519		0 0		0 0		3,862,051		3,807,519						
Culture/Recreation	2,443,6	580		2,390,220		0 0 2,443,		2,443,680		2,390,220								
Interest on Long-term Debt	1,673,0	043		1,725,774		0		0	1,673,043		1,725,774							
Water and Sewer		0		0		2,791,653		2,566,254		2,791,653		2,566,254						
Total Expenses	120,205,8	341		112,093,799		2,791,653		2,566,254		122,997,494		114,660,053						
Excess of Revenue Over																		
Expense	(8,527,0	058)		(11,647,361)		1,649,060		1,678,734		(6,877,998)		(9,968,627)						
Add: Contributions		0		0		0		0		0		0						
Add: Transfers	65,3	397		(10,740,181)		(65,397)		10,740,181		0		0						
Change in Net Position	(8,461,6	561)		(22,387,542)		1,583,663		12,418,915		(6,877,998)		(9,968,627)						
Net Position-																		
Beginning of Year	405,678,5	544		428,066,086		10,629,675		(1,789,240)		416,308,219		426,276,846						
Prior Period Adjustments	(13,077,4	175)		0		(124,717)		0			2,192)							
Net Position Beg of Yr-Restated	392,601,0)69		428,066,086								10,504,958		(1,789,240)		403,106,027		426,276,846
Net Position-End of Year	\$ 384,139,4	108	\$	405,678,544	\$	12,088,621	\$	10,629,675	\$	396,228,029	\$	416,308,219						

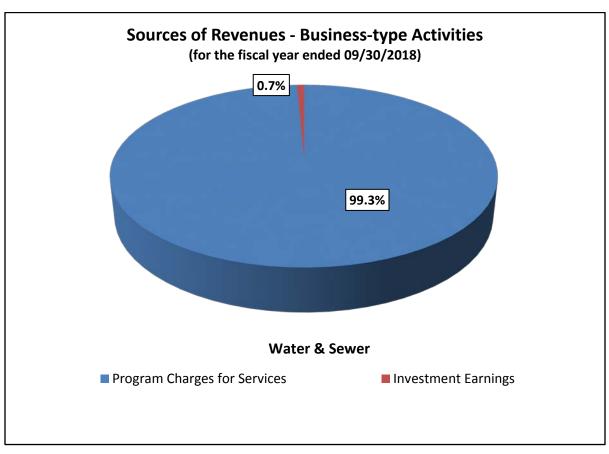
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Analysis of the County's Fund Financials

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on *near-term* inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2018, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$75,984,191. This represents an increase of \$3,657,258 from the adjusted balance of the prior year. A portion of fund balance in the amount of \$25,693,846 is internally designated by the County for a specific purpose or available to be spent at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance in the amount of \$50,290,345 is non-spendable, restricted or committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for: 1) inventories, 2) prepaid items, 3) grants, 4) state law, or 5) constrained by external third parties.

The general fund is the main operating fund of the County. At the end of fiscal year 2018, the general fund had a total fund balance of \$17,298,375, a decrease of \$1,245,868 from the prior year. General fund revenues increased by \$4,935,260, when compared to the prior fiscal year, due primarily to a \$4,245,732 increase in tax revenue. Expenditures in the general fund increased year to year by \$7,011,316. Major components of this increase included a \$5,080,253 increase in public safety expenditures and a \$1,437,052 increase in general government expenditures. Transfers into the general fund of \$8,631,228, primarily from the one cent and municipal services funds, partially offset the revenue shortfall. A majority of the fund balance in the amount of \$15,374,110 is internally designated by the County for a specific purpose or available to be spent at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance in the amount of \$1,924,265 is non-spendable or restricted and, therefore, already committed for prepaid items, grants and state laws, or constrained by an external third party. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 18.4% of the total General Fund expenditures. Total fund balance represents 26.3% of that same amount.

At the end of fiscal year 2018, the transportation fund had a fund balance of \$5,569,699, an increase of \$390,180 when compared to the prior year fund balance. The increase was due primarily to a \$217,529 surplus of revenues to expenditures.

The municipal services fund had a total fund balance of \$4,881,700 at the end of fiscal year 2018. The net increase in fund balance of \$1,465,954, was due to a \$402,242 excess of revenues to expenditures as well as a contribution of \$1,063,712 from other financing sources.

The one-cent surtax fund was closed in fiscal year 2018 and the funds were transferred to the general fund. Future one-cent surtax revenues will be deposited directly into the general fund.

The capital projects transportation fund had a fund balance of \$11,565,184 at the end of the fiscal year, an increase of \$546,924 as compared to the prior year ending balance. Revenues were down \$632,655 when compared to the prior year, and expenditures increased by \$1,967,043, while transfers in increased by \$403,337. During the year, the County's road and bridge projects included Nassau Oaks improvements, multiple drainage repairs, and resurfacing on 28 County roads.

(Continued)

Analysis of the County's Fund Financials (*Concluded***)**

The County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The water and sewer fund is reported as a major enterprise fund. The fund's \$355,936 increase in unrestricted net position was largely due to operating income of \$1,924,669 and an increase in net position of \$1,583,663 in fiscal year 2018. Operating income in fiscal year 2018 of \$1,924,669 was down slightly from prior year operating income of \$1,969,878. Unrestricted net position of the water and sewer fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to:

	Unrestricted	d Net	Position
Fund	2018		2017
Water and Sewer	\$ 7,656,987	\$	7,301,051

Budgetary Highlights

Budget and actual comparison schedules are provided as Required Supplementary Information for the General Fund and all major special revenue funds with annually appropriated budgets. Budget and actual comparison schedules are also provided in the Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual for all non-major funds with annually appropriated budgets. The budget and actual comparison schedules show the original budget, the final revised budget, actual results, and variance with final budget columns.

After the original budget is approved, it may be revised for a variety of reasons such as unforeseen circumstances, corrections of errors, new bond or loan proceeds, new grant awards, and other revenues. During fiscal year 2018, supplemental appropriations to the General Fund (Board only) budget were approximately \$1.8 million, or 2.3% of the original adopted budget.

- The major source of supplemental revenue was \$964,609 in adjustments for unanticipated cash forward. Other supplemental General Fund revenues include grants and donations of \$177,526, and \$595,935 of balance transferred to close out the One-Cent Fund.
- In addition to the One-Cent fund balance transfer, major appropriations of the supplemental revenue include \$374,987 to Public Safety Training and \$811,227 to Reserves.

(Continued)

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018, amounted to \$435,335,098 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. Additional information on Nassau County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 in Notes to Financial Statements.

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year include the following:

- Completed Thomas Creek Road resurfacing project with a budget of \$758,946
- Completed Nassau Amelia Utilities headworks and piping project with a budget of \$891,050
- Purchased vehicles totaling \$1,353,701 in fiscal year 2018 under fleet replacement plan
- Continued Phase 2 of Nassau County Public Works facility with a project budget of \$245,000
- Completed Andrews Road resurfacing project with a budget of \$578,267
- Completed Nassau Oaks improvements with a total cost of \$493,154
- Completed shoulder repairs to Middle Road & Griffin Road with a project budget of \$245,600

Capital Assets

	Governmenta	l Activities	ies Business-type Activities Total				
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Land	77,738,403	76,764,927	167,966	167,966	77,906,369	76,932,893	
Construction Work in Progress	4,433,206	2,599,819	16,303	16,303	4,449,509	2,616,122	
Buildings & Improvements	46,793,655	46,622,935	486,053	557,920	47,279,708	47,180,855	
Machinery & Equipment	15,063,560	15,370,320	13,256,469	13,149,739	28,320,029	28,520,059	
Improvements Other than Bldg	955,423	412,126	-	-	955,423	412,126	
Infrastructure	276,424,060	292,522,547	-	-	276,424,060	292,522,547	
Total	421,408,307	434,292,674	13,926,791	13,891,928	435,335,098	448,184,602	

(Concluded)

Long-term Obligations

At the end of the fiscal year, the County had total outstanding bonds, notes, and other long term obligations, including net pension liability, and other post-employment benefits in the amount of \$151,248,415. The revenue bonds are collateralized by specific revenue sources while the remainder of the debt utilizes a covenant to budget and appropriate to pledge payment of the debt.

The County's outstanding obligations decreased by \$5,254,755 (3.4%, in fiscal year 2018). Reductions in obligations included \$3,869,773 in revenue bonds, \$670,248 in capital leases payable, \$315,369 in net pension liability, and \$280,429 in landfill closure/postclosure. Additional information on Nassau County's outstanding debt can be found in Note 8 in Notes to Financial Statements.

Long-term Obligations

	2018			2017
Governmental Activities				
Revenue Bonds	\$	28,270,288		\$ 31,185,061
Compensated Absences		6,943,098		6,906,072
Capital Lease Payable		752,595		1,422,843
Other Post Employment Benefits *		23,714,083		23,871,683
Landfill Closure/Postclosures		13,754,714		14,035,143
Net Pension Liability		66,237,380		66,521,283
Total Gov't Activities		139,672,158	_	143,942,085
Business-type Activities				
Revenue Bonds, Net		10,750,000		11,705,000
Compensated Absences		146,160		143,019
Other Post Employment Benefits*		226,156		227,659
Net Pension Liability		453,941		485,407
Total Business-type Activities		11,576,257		12,561,085
Total Outstanding Liabilities	\$	151,248,415	_	\$ 156,503,170

^{*} Implementation of GASB 75 resulted in a restatement of 09/30/17 ending balance.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability. If you have any questions concerning the information provided in this report, or need additional financial information, contact the Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller's Financial Services at 76347 Veterans Way, Suite 456, Yulee, Florida. Additional information concerning the County can be found on our website www.nassauclerk.com.



NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Case		Primary Government					
Assets Activities Activities Total Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 2.8,122,909 \$ 4,097,385 \$ 32,220,294 Equity in Pooled Investments \$ 46,373,71 \$ 4034,809 \$ 58,672,180 Accounts Receivable, Net 1,015,536 \$ 418,218 1,437,748 Internal Balances 28,154 (28,154) 0 Loans Receivable, Net 61,577 0 636,8832 Inventories 266,156 58,847 325,003 Inventories 7,000 0 7,000 Capital Ems 7,000 94,808 947,808 Deposits 7,000 94,808 947,808 Capital Assets: 82,171,609 184,269 82,355,878 Deposits 82,171,609 184,269 82,355,878 Deporciable, Net 339,336,609 13,742,522 332,979,220 Total Assets 513,334,460 23,497,069 54,848,895 Persion Related 29,405,307 195,098 29,601,405 Total Assets 30,501,930 654,442 <th></th> <th>Governmental</th> <th></th>		Governmental					
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 28,122,090 \$ 4,097,385 \$ 32,220,294 Accounts Receivable, Net 1,015,336 418,218 -14,33,754 Internal Balances 28,154 (28,154) 0 Loans Receivable, Net 61,577 0.0 61,577 Due from Other Governments 5,686,832 3 6,568,832 Inventories 266,156 58,847 325,003 Prepaid Items 1,418,618 41,365 1,459,983 Deposits 7,000 947,808 947,808 Capital Assets 7,000 947,808 947,808 Depreciable Returning Loss 82,171,609 184,269 82,355,878 Depreciable Returning Loss 9,406,207 195,008 32,392,902,20 Total Cassets 9,406,207 195,008 29,408,207 Depreciable Returning Loss 9,406,207 195,008 29,408,207 Pension Related 1,095,623 10,449 1,106,072 Total Defered Outflow of Resources 30,501,90 653,442 31,156,372 Lisblitie		Activities	• •	Total			
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 28,122,096 \$ 4,097,385 \$ 32,220,294 Accounts Receivable, Net 1,015,336 418,218 -8,433,731 Accounts Receivable, Net 1,015,536 418,218 -0 Loans Receivable, Net 61,577 0.0 61,577 Due from Other Governments 5,686,832 0 6,68,832 Inventories 261,156 58,847 325,003 Prepaid Items 1,418,618 41,365 1,459,983 Deposits 7,000 947,808 947,808 Capital Assets 7,000 947,808 947,808 Depreciable 82,171,609 184,269 82,355,878 Depreciable, Net 339,336,698 13,745,22 352,979,202 Total Assets 513,334,460 23,497,069 536,831,529 Depreciable Net 339,336,698 13,745,22 352,979,202 Total Capital Assets 9,405,207 195,098 23,497,069 536,831,529 Deferred Outflow of Resources 1,05,623 10,499 1,106,072 106,072							
Equity in Pooled Investments 54,637,371 4,034,809 58,672,180 Accounts Receivable, Net 1,015,536 418,218 1,437,54 Internal Balances 28,154 (28,154) 0 Loans Receivable, Net 61,577 0 61,577 Due from Other Governments 6,588,832 0 6,368,832 Inventories 26,615,6 58,847 325,003 Prepaid Items 1,418,618 41,365 1,459,983 Deposits 7,000 947,808 947,808 Capital Assets: 82,171,609 184,269 82,355,878 Nondepreciable, Net 339,236,698 13,742,522 352,879,220 Depreciable, Net 339,236,698 13,742,522 352,879,220 Total Assets 51,333,4460 22,497,009 356,831,529 Depreciable, Net 339,236,698 13,742,522 352,879,220 Deterred Outflow of Resource 1,095,623 1,044 1,106,072 Total Assets 2,9406,307 195,098 29,601,405 OPEB Related							
Accounts Receivable, Net 1,015,536 418,218 1,433,754 1,000			. , ,	, ,			
Internal Balances							
December Contember Conte				1,433,754			
Due from Other Governments 6,368,832 0 6,368,832 Inventories 266,156 5.8,447 32,5003 Prepaid Items 1,418,618 41,365 1,459,983 Deposits 7,000 947,808 947,808 Capital Assets: 82,171,609 184,269 82,355,878 Depreciable, Net 339,236,698 13,742,522 352,970,202 Total Assets 513,334,460 23,497,069 568,81,529 Deferred Outflow of Resources 9 448,895 448,895 Pension Related 29,406,307 195,098 29,601,405 OPEB Related 1,095,623 10,499 1,106,072 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 30,501,930 654,442 31,156,372 Liabilities 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 Accounts Payable 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Other Current Liabilities 1,173,322 0 117,332 Due to Other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,808 Linearned Revenue 78,156			(28,154)	*			
Inventories							
Prepaid Items 1,418,618 41,365 1,459,983 Deposits 7,000 0 7,000 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted 0 947,808 947,808 Capital Assets: 82,171,609 184,269 82,355,878 Depociable, Net 339,236,698 13,742,522 352,979,220 Total Assets 513,334,600 23,497,099 536,831,529 Deferred Outflow of Resources 0 448,895 448,895 Pension Related 29,406,307 195,098 29,601,405 OPEB Related 1,095,623 10,449 1,106,072 Iabilities 305,1930 654,442 31,156,372 Liabilities 1,106,072 1,106,072 1,106,072 Liabilities 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 1 0 1,709,711 1 0 1,709,711 1 0 1,709,711 1 0 1,709,711 1 0 1,709,711 1 0 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 0	Due from Other Governments	6,368,832		6,368,832			
Deposits Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted 7,000 947,808 947,808 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted 0 947,808 947,808 Capital Assets: 82,171,609 184,269 82,355,878 Depreciable, Net 339,236,698 13,742,522 352,979,220 Total Assets 513,334,460 23,497,069 536,831,529 Deferred Outflow of Resources 0 448,895 448,895 Pension Related 29,406,307 195,998 29,601,405 OPEB Related 1,095,623 10,449 1,106,072 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 30,501,930 654,442 31,156,372 Liabilities 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Oher Current Liabilities 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 Retainage Payable 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,180,129 Unearmed Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 Deposits 204,869 137,357 342,226 Accru	Inventories		58,847	325,003			
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted 0 947,808 947,808 Capital Assets: Nondepreciable 82,171,609 184,269 82,355,878 Depreciable, Net 339,236,698 13,742,522 352,979,220 Total Asset 513,334,460 23,497,669 536,831,529 Defered Outflow of Resources 0 448,895 448,895 Pension Related 29,406,307 195,098 29,611,005 OPEB Related 1,095,623 10,449 1,106,072 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 30,501,930 654,442 31,156,372 Liabilities 30,501,930 654,442 31,156,372 Liabilities 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 Recounts Payable 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Other Current Liabilities 1,179,711 0 1,709,711 Retainage Payable 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Other Governments 1,818,051 78 1,180,129 Uneand Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 <t< td=""><td></td><td>1,418,618</td><td>41,365</td><td>1,459,983</td></t<>		1,418,618	41,365	1,459,983			
Nondepreciable		7,000		7,000			
Nondepreciable Depreciable, Net 82,171,609 184,269 82,355,878 Depreciable, Net 339,236,698 13,742,522 352,979,220 Total Assets 513,334,460 22,407,069 536,831,529 Deferred Outflow of Resources 0 448,895 448,895 Pension Related 29,406,307 195,098 29,601,405 OPEB Related 1,095,023 10,449 1,106,072 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 30,501,930 654,442 31,156,372 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 30,501,930 654,442 31,156,372 Just Counts Payable 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Other Current Liabilities 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 Retainage Payable 111,332 0 117,332 Due to Other Governments 1,118,0051 78 1,180,129 Unearned Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 Deposits 444,688 0 745,656 Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 0 454,688 Noue i	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	0	947,808	947,808			
Operciable, Net 339,236,698 13,74,222 352,979,20 Total Assets 513,334,460 23,497,069 536,831,529 Deferred Outflow of Resources 1 448,895 448,895 Pension Related 29,406,307 195,098 29,601,405 OPEB Related 1,095,623 10,449 1,106,072 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 30,501,930 654,442 31,56,372 Liabilities 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Other Courner Liabilities 1,709,711 6 1,709,711 Retainage Payable 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,180,122 Due of Other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,180,122 Unearmed Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 0 78,156 0 78,156 0 78,156 0 78,156 0 454,688 0 454,688 0 454,688 0 454,688 0 454,688 0 454,688 7,517,505<	Capital Assets:						
Total Assets 513,334,460 23,497,069 536,831,529 Deferred Outflow of Resources 0 448,895 448,895 Pension Related 29,406,307 195,098 29,610,405 OPEB Related 1,095,623 10,449 1,106,072 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 30,501,930 654,442 31,156,372 Liabilities 30,501,060 273,234 8,078,340 Accounts Payable 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Other Current Liabilities 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 Retainage Payable 1,180,051 78 1,180,129 Une other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,180,129 Unearned Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 Deposits 204,689 137,357 342,226 Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 0 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities 1 1,509,688 7,517,050 Due within One Year 6,447,362 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due in More Than One Year 6,4	Nondepreciable	82,171,609	184,269	82,355,878			
Total Assets 513,334,460 23,497,069 536,831,529 Deferred Outflow of Resources Unamortized Refunding Loss 92,406,307 195,098 29,601,405 OPEB Related 1,095,623 10,449 1,106,072 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 30,501,930 654,442 31,156,372 Liabilities 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Accounts Payable 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Other Current Liabilities 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 Retainage Payable 1,180,051 78 1,180,125 Oue to Other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,180,125 Unearned Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 Deposits 204,689 137,357 342,226 Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 0 75,17,050 Due in More Than One Year 6,447,362 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due in More Than One Year 133,224,796 10,506,569 143,731,365 Total Liabilities 31,222,071 1,086,926 68,944<	Depreciable, Net	339,236,698	13,742,522				
Deferred Outflow of Resources 0 448,895 448,895 Pension Related 29,406,307 195,098 29,601,405 PEB Related 1,095,623 10,449 1,106,072 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 30,501,930 654,442 31,156,372 Liabilities 8 8 80,78,340 80,78,340 Other Current Liabilities 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 Retainage Payable 1,180,051 78 1,180,129 Due to Other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,180,129 Unearned Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 Deposits 204,869 137,357 342,226 Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 0 484,688 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,180,051 78 1,51,606 Due within One Year 6,447,362 1,506,688 7,517,050 Due in More Than One Year 13,322,4796 1,506,688 7,517,050 Total Liabilities 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related	Total Assets						
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Pension Related OPER Related 29,406,307 1,050,88 1,0494 1,106,072		0	448.895	448,895			
OPEB Related 1,095,623 10,449 1,106,072 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 30,501,930 654,442 31,156,372 Liabilities 30,501,930 654,442 31,56,372 Accounts Payable 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Other Current Liabilities 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 Retainage Payable 11,80,051 78 1,180,129 Une to Other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,180,129 Une of Other Governments 204,869 137,357 342,226 Decorded Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 Deposits 204,868 137,357 342,226 Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 10 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities 6,447,362 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due in More Than One Year 133,224,796 10,506,569 143,731,365 Total Liabilities 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 Ope Ferred Inflows of Resources 8,744,911 75,964 8,550,875 Vet Position	2	29.406.307	,	,			
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 30,501,930 654,442 31,156,372 Liabilities 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Accounts Payable 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Other Current Liabilities 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 Retainage Payable 117,332 0 117,332 Due to Other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,180,129 Unearned Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 Deposits 204,869 137,357 342,226 Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 0 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities 454,688 0 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities 133,224,796 10,506,569 143,731,365 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 151,222,071 11,986,926 163,208,997 Deferred Inflow of Resources 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 7,62,292 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 392,288,092 3,625,686 395,893,788		- , ,	,				
Liabilities 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Octher Current Liabilities 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 Retainage Payable 117,332 0 117,332 Due to Other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,180,129 Unearned Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 Deposits 204,869 137,357 342,226 Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 0 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities: 8 0 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities: 133,224,796 10,506,569 143,731,365 Total Liabilities 31,222,071 11,986,926 163,208,997 Due within One Year 6,447,362 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due in More Than One Year 131,222,071 11,986,926 163,208,997 Deferred Inflows of Resources 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 7,256 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources							
Accounts Payable 7,805,106 273,234 8,078,340 Other Current Liabilities 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 Retainage Payable 117,332 0 117,332 Due to Other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,180,129 Une arned Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 Deposits 204,869 137,357 342,226 Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 0 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities: 0 454,688 0 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 143,731,365 10,506,569 163,208,997 10,506,569 <td< td=""><td></td><td>20,001,920</td><td>08.,2</td><td>01,100,072</td></td<>		20,001,920	08.,2	01,100,072			
Other Current Liabilities 1,709,711 0 1,709,711 Retainage Payable 117,332 0 117,332 Due to Other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,180,129 Unearned Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 Deposits 204,869 137,357 342,226 Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 0 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities: 8 0 454,688 Due Within One Year 6,447,362 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due in More Than One Year 133,224,796 10,506,569 143,731,365 Total Liabilities 151,222,071 11,986,926 163,208,997 Deferred Inflow of Resources 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 762,292 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Investment in Capital Assets 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Utility Syste		7 805 106	273 234	8 078 340			
Retainage Payable 117,332 0 117,332 Due to Other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,180,129 Unearned Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 Deposits 204,869 137,357 342,226 Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 0 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities: 0 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due Within One Year 6,447,362 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due in More Than One Year 133,224,796 10,506,569 143,731,365 Total Liabilities 151,222,071 11,986,926 163,208,997 Deferred Inflows of Resources 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 7,62,292 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Position 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505							
Due to Other Governments 1,180,051 78 1,180,129 Unearned Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 Deposits 204,869 137,357 342,226 Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 0 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities: 5 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due Within One Year 6,447,362 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due in More Than One Year 133,224,796 10,506,569 143,731,365 Total Liabilities 51,1222,071 11,986,926 163,208,997 Deferred Inflows of Resources 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 7,72,292 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Position 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Investment in Capital Assets 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fe							
Unearned Revenue 78,156 0 78,156 Deposits 204,869 137,357 342,226 Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 0 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities: Tour Within One Year 6,447,362 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due in More Than One Year 133,224,796 10,506,569 143,731,365 Total Liabilities 151,222,071 11,986,926 163,208,997 Deferred Inflows of Resources 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 762,292 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Investment in Capital Assets 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,1				,			
Deposits 204,869 137,357 342,226 Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 0 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Accrued Interest Payable 454,688 0 454,688 Noncurrent Liabilities: 3 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due Within One Year 6,447,362 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due in More Than One Year 133,224,796 10,506,569 143,731,365 Total Liabilities 151,222,071 11,986,926 163,208,997 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension Related 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 762,292 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Position 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Noncurrent Liabilities: 6,447,362 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due in More Than One Year 133,224,796 10,506,569 143,731,365 Total Liabilities 151,222,071 11,986,926 163,208,997 Deferred Inflows of Resources 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 762,292 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Position 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grant				,			
Due Within One Year 6,447,362 1,069,688 7,517,050 Due in More Than One Year 133,224,796 10,506,569 143,731,365 Total Liabilities 151,222,071 11,986,926 163,208,997 Deferred Inflow of Resources Pension Related 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 762,292 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Position 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3,550,875 Net Investment in Capital Assets 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 3,878 8 3,224 2 2 3,278 3,2		434,088	U	434,000			
Due in More Than One Year 133,224,796 10,506,569 143,731,365 Total Liabilities 151,222,071 11,986,926 163,208,997 Deferred Inflows of Resources 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 762,292 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,789,363 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0		6 117 362	1 060 699	7 517 050			
Total Liabilities 151,222,071 11,986,926 163,208,997 Deferred Inflows of Resources Fension Related 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 762,292 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Position 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345) <td></td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td> <td></td>			, ,				
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension Related 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 762,292 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Position 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)							
Pension Related 7,712,619 68,694 7,781,313 OPEB Related 762,292 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)		151,222,071	11,980,920	163,208,997			
OPEB Related 762,292 7,270 769,562 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)		7.712.610	50.504	5 501 212			
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 8,474,911 75,964 8,550,875 Net Position 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)							
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)							
Net Investment in Capital Assets 392,268,092 3,625,686 395,893,778 Restricted for: Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)		8,474,911	75,964	8,550,875			
Restricted for: Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)							
Utility System Improvements 0 208,124 208,124 Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)		392,268,092	3,625,686	395,893,778			
Debt Service 1,496,681 597,824 2,094,505 Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)							
Impact Fees 8,044,287 0 8,044,287 Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)							
Mobility Fees 4,035,164 0 4,035,164 Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)		1,496,681	597,824	2,094,505			
Capital Projects 3,185 0 3,185 Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)			0				
Court Facilities 1,962,707 0 1,962,707 Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)		4,035,164	0	4,035,164			
Tourist Development 5,720,518 0 5,720,518 Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)			0	3,185			
Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)		1,962,707	0	1,962,707			
Building Department 5,789,363 0 5,789,363 Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)			0	5,720,518			
Grants and Other Purposes 12,178,743 0 12,178,743 Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)		5,789,363	0	5,789,363			
Unrestricted (47,359,332) 7,656,987 (39,702,345)			0				
			<u>7,656,987</u>				
	Total Net Position						

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

								Net (Expense) Re	eveni	ue and Changes in	Net l	Position
		Program Revenues				P	rima	ry Government				
					Operating		Capital			-		
		(Charges for	(Grants and	(Grants and	Governmental		Business-type		
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	C	ontributions	Activities		Activities		Total
Primary Government	 											
Governmental Activities:												
General Government	\$ 21,332,859	\$	5,278,023	\$	120,636	\$	77,341	\$ (15,856,859)	\$	0	\$	(15,856,859)
Court-related	5,103,448		2,084,473		214,373		0	(2,804,602)		0		(2,804,602)
Public Safety	52,574,891		2,425,429		3,168,011		1,177,717	(45,803,734)		0		(45,803,734)
Physical Environment	2,821,298		766,294		268,689		202,380	(1,583,935)		0		(1,583,935)
Transportation	24,697,022		1,549,768		1,943,140		1,915,441	(19,288,673)		0		(19,288,673)
Economic Environment	5,697,549		0		365,383		0	(5,332,166)		0		(5,332,166)
Human Services	3,862,051		47,944		3,500		0	(3,810,607)		0		(3,810,607)
Culture and Recreation	2,443,680		671,571		74,718		72,021	(1,625,370)		0		(1,625,370)
Interest on Long-term Debt	1,673,043		0		0		0	(1,673,043)		0		(1,673,043)
Total Governmental Activities	120,205,841		12,823,502		6,158,450		3,444,900	 (97,778,989)		0		(97,778,989)
Business-type Activities:												
Water and Sewer	 2,791,653		4,409,844		0		0	0		1,618,191		1,618,191
Total Business-type Activities	 2,791,653		4,409,844		0		0	0		1,618,191		1,618,191
Total Primary Government	\$ 122,997,494	\$	17,233,346	\$	6,158,450	\$	3,444,900	(97,778,989)		1,618,191		(96,160,798)
		Gen	eral Revenues									
		Pı	operty Taxes					58,902,841		0		58,902,841
		Sa	ales Taxes					21,544,624		0		21,544,624
		St	ate Revenue Sh	aring				2,094,407		0		2,094,407
			iel Taxes					2,874,657		0		2,874,657
			ari-Mutuel Tax					198,250		0		198,250
			tility Services T	aves				692,825		0		692,825
			vestment Earni					1,361,918		30,869		1,392,787
			iscellaneous	ngs				1,582,409		0		1,582,409
			nsfers					65,397		(65,397)		1,382,409
			nsiers al General Rev		J T	_						89,282,800
					s and 1 ransier	S		 89,317,328		(34,528)		
			nge in Net Pos					 (8,461,661)		1,583,663		(6,877,998)
			Position Begin	_				405,678,544		10,629,675		416,308,219
			or Period Adju					 (13,077,475)		(124,717)		(13,202,192)
		Net	Position Begin	ning	of Year (As Re	estate	ed)	 392,601,069		10,504,958		403,106,027
		Net Position End of Year					\$ 384,139,408	\$	12,088,621	\$	396,228,029	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General Fund			County Insportation Fund	Municipal Services Fund			
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,523,564	\$	96,320	\$	772,919		
Equity in Pooled Investments		15,862,432		6,260,741		3,788,945		
Accounts Receivable		050 554		20.07.5		7.0		
(Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)		959,774		39,055		762		
Loans Receivable		0		0		0		
(Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)		0		0		0		
Due from Other Funds		1,019,441		59,189		61,799		
Due from Other Governments		3,255,026		353,033		58,075		
Inventories		200,007		66,149		0		
Prepaid Expenditures		565,285		2,350		839,620		
Deposits		6,105		895		0		
Total Assets		25,391,634		6,877,732		5,522,120		
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		3,507,930		1,107,488		285,344		
Accrued Liabilities		1,577,322		0		0		
Retainage Payable		20,918		33,967		0		
Due to Other Funds		129,038		154,332		348,817		
Due to Other Governments		246,065		119		3,338		
Unearned Revenues		78,156		0		0		
Deposits		26,828		10,440		0		
Total Liabilities		5,586,257		1,306,346		637,499		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,507,002		1,687		2,921		
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		773,402		89,871		839,819		
Restricted		1,150,863		0		5,083		
Committed		0		0		0		
Assigned		3,267,249		5,479,828		4,036,798		
Unassigned		12,106,861		0		0		
Total Fund Balances		17,298,375		5,569,699		4,881,700		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	25,391,634	\$	6,877,732	\$	5,522,120		

Capital Projects - Transportation Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 5,161,639 8,448,727	\$ 18,568,467 20,276,526	\$ 28,122,909 54,637,371
0	15,945	1,015,536
0 0 2,221,263 0 0 0 15,831,629	61,577 28,034 481,435 0 11,363 0 39,443,347	61,577 1,168,463 6,368,832 266,156 1,418,618 7,000 93,066,462
1,982,735 0 62,447 0	921,609 132,389 0 508,122 930,529	7,805,106 1,709,711 117,332 1,140,309 1,180,051
0	0 167,601	78,156 204,869
2,045,182	2,660,250 113,864	12,235,534 4,846,737
0 0 11,565,184 0 0 11,565,184	11,363 33,227,965 2,626,795 803,110 0 36,669,233	1,714,455 34,383,911 14,191,979 13,586,985 12,106,861 75,984,191
\$ 15,831,629	\$ 39,443,347	\$ 93,066,462

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Total Capital Assets	\$ 834,899,082
(Less: Accumulated Depreciation)	 (413,490,775)

Certain receivables do not provide current financial resources and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.

4,846,737

421,408,307

75,984,191

Certain pension related amounts are being deferred and amortized over a period of years or are being deferred as contributions to the pension plan made after the measurement date:

Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	29,406,307
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	1,095,623
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	(7,712,619)
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	(762,292)

22,027,019

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is generally not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

Revenue Bonds Payable	(27,305,060)
Premium on Bonds Payable	(965,228)
Capital Leases Payable	(752,595)
Compensated Absences	(6,943,098)
Accrued Interest Payable	(454,688)
Postclosure Landfill Liability	(13,754,714)
Net OPEB Obligation	(23,714,083)
Net Pension Liability	(66,237,380)

(140, 126, 846)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 384,139,408

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		General Fund		County Transportation Fund		Municipal Services Fund	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	45,813,311	\$	5,947,364	\$	9,739,887	
Licenses and Permits		43,347		8,777		179,584	
Intergovernmental Revenues		7,424,595		1,602,416		780,936	
Charges for Services		4,208,475		2,645		198,958	
Fines and Forfeitures		47,381		2,046		35,086	
Interest Earnings		454,899		124,272		94,939	
Miscellaneous		474,099		118,908		8,278	
Total Revenues		58,466,107		7,806,428		11,037,668	
Expenditures							
Current:		16014210		0		1 204 600	
General Government Services		16,814,310		0		1,294,689	
Public Safety		35,203,055		0		7,431,660	
Physical Environment		1,781,942		0		0	
Transportation		0		6,735,894		2,814	
Economic Environment		225,257		0		0	
Human Services		2,620,557		0		1,002,761	
Culture and Recreation		1,894,597		0		0	
Court-related Expenditures		1,891,693		0		0	
Capital Outlay		4,567,126		853,005		903,502	
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement		670,248		0		0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		13,355		0		0	
(Total Expenditures)		65,682,140		7,588,899		10,635,426	
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues							
(Under) Over Expenditures		(7,216,033)		217,529		402,242	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		8,631,228		2,623,466		4,125,081	
Transfers (out)		(2,675,740)		(2,468,678)		(3,064,869)	
Sale of General Capital Assets		14,677		17,863		3,500	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		5,970,165		172,651		1,063,712	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,245,868)		390,180		1,465,954	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		18,544,243		5,179,519		3,415,746	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	17,298,375	\$	5,569,699	\$	4,881,700	

Capital Projects - Transportation Fund	G - —	Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$	\$	17,329,540	\$	78,830,102
φ C		6,247,660	Ψ	6,479,368
349,041		3,511,711		13,668,699
315,611		2,067,020		6,477,098
C		538,864		623,377
173,525		514,283		1,361,918
0		460,558		1,061,843
522,566	_	30,669,636		108,502,405
C)	1,062,287		19,171,286
C)	1,470,304		44,105,019
C)	784,636		2,566,578
1,995,600)	37,760		8,772,068
C)	5,471,675		5,696,932
C)	124,809		3,748,127
C)	26,616		1,921,213
C		1,972,410		3,864,103
2,516,967	1	1,211,201		10,051,801
C)	2,610,891		3,281,139
		1,758,311		1,771,666
4,512,567	<u> </u>	16,530,900		104,949,932
(3,990,001	<u> </u>	14,138,736		3,552,473
4,536,925	i	3,127,840		23,044,540
C)	(14,769,856)		(22,979,143)
	_	3,348		39,388
4,536,925	<u> </u>	(11,638,668)		104,785
546,924	ļ	2,500,068		3,657,258
11,018,260	<u> </u>	34,169,165		72,326,933
\$ 11,565,184	\$	36,669,233	\$	75,984,191

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 3,657,258
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		
Governmental funds report capital purchases as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for Capital Assets (Current Year Depreciation) Contributions of Capital Assets (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	\$ 8,739,560 (22,544,478) 1,008,946 (88,395)	(12,884,367)
Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities are not considered current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		2,128,044
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		3,510,773
The changes in net pension liability and pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources result in an adjustment to pension expense in the statement of activities, but not in the governmental fund statements.		(4,599,161)
The changes in the OPEB liability and OPEB related deferred outflows and inflows of resources result in an adjustment to OPEB expense in the statement of activities, but not in the governmental fund statements.		(616,234)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Premiums Change in Postclosure Liability Change in Accrued Compensated Absences	24,375 74,248 280,429 (37,026)	242.225

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities

342,026

(8,461,661)

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Water and Sewer
Assets	
Current Assets:	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,097,385
Equity in Pooled Investments	4,034,809
Accounts Receivable, Net	418,218
Due from Other Funds	4,542
Inventories	58,847
Prepaid Expenditures	41,365
Total Current Assets	8,655,166
Noncurrent Assets:	0.47, 909
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	947,808
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation Where Applicable) Total Noncurrent Assets	13,926,791
	14,874,599
Total Assets	23,529,765
Deferred Outflow of Resources	440.005
Unamortized Refunding Loss	448,895
Pension Related	195,098
OPEB Related	10,449
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	654,442
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	24,184,207
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	273,234
Due to Other Funds	32,696
Due to Other Governments	78
Deposits	137,357
Bonds Payable	975,000
Compensated Absences	94,688
Total Current Liabilities	1,513,053
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Compensated Absences	51,472
Other Postemployment Benefits	226,156
Bonds Payable Long-term	9,775,000
Net Pension Liability	453,941
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	10,506,569
Total Liabilities	12,019,622
Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Pension Related	68,694
OPEB Related	7,270
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	75,964
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	12,095,586
Net Position	
Investment in Capital Assets	3,625,686
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	597,824
Renewal and Replacement	208,124
Unrestricted	7,656,987
Total Net Position	\$ 12,088,621

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Water and Sewer
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 4,180,612
Connection and Impact Fees	123,173
Other Income	106,059
Total Operating Revenues	4,409,844
Operating Expenses	
Contractual Services	12,334
Professional Services	65,224
Salaries and Benefits	870,974
Rentals and Leases	23,616
Repairs and Maintenance	199,666
Gas and Oil	8,567
Materials	1,735
Depreciation	813,989
Other Expenses	489,070
Total Operating Expenses	2,485,175
Operating Income (Loss)	1,924,669
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest Earnings	30,869
Interest and Other Debt Service Costs	(286,281)
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(20,197)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(275,609)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	1,649,060
Transfers (out)	(65,397)
Change in Net Position	1,583,663
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	10,629,675
Prior Period Adjustments	(124,717)
Net Position, Beginning of Year (as Restated)	10,504,958
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$ 12,088,621

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Water and Sewer
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	<u> </u>
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 4,511,875
Cash Payments to Vendors for Goods and Services	(790,830)
Cash Payments to Employees	(835,534)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	2,885,511
Noncapital Financing Activities	
Transfers to Other Funds	(65,397)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital	
Financing Activities	(65,397)
Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Acquisition of Property, Plant, and Equipment	(869,050)
Principal Payments on Bonds	(955,000)
Payment of Interest and Other Debt Costs	(241,391)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related	
Financing Activities	(2,065,441)
Investing Activities	
Interest Received	30,869
Purchase of Investments	(23,241)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	7,628
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	762,301
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	4,282,892
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 5,045,193
Reported in Statement of Net Position as:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,097,385
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	947,808
•	
Total	\$ 5,045,193

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

(Concluded)

	 Water and Sewer
conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net	
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 1,924,669
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net	
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	
Depreciation and Amortization	813,98
Changes in Assets - Decrease (Increase):	
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable	91,43
Decrease (Increase) in Assessments Receivable	
Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Funds	(1,52
Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Governments	
Decrease (Increase) in Inventory	1,38
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expense	10
Decrease (Increase) in Deferred Outflows	17,58
Changes in Liabilities - Increase (Decrease):	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(2,49
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds	4,97
Increase (Decrease) in Deposits	7,14
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	3,14
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	(31,46
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows	47,51
Increase (Decrease) in Other Postemployment Benefits	 9,05
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 2,885,51

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Total Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,704,607
Equity in Pooled Investments	1,005,885
Accounts Receivable	42,115
Due from Other Governments	3,394
Due from Individuals	111,900
Total Assets	6,867,901
Liabilities	
	55,945
Accounts Payable	
Due to Other Governments	1,276,656
Due to Bond Holders	1,009,771
Deposits	2,078,808
Undistributed Collections	2,446,721
Total Liabilities	\$ 6,867,901

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INDEX

September 30, 2018

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Nassau County (the County) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The significant accounting policies followed by the County are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

A. Reporting Entity

Nassau County is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is composed of an elected Board of County Commissioners and elected Constitutional Officers, who are governed by federal and state statutes, regulations, and County ordinances.

The Board of County Commissioners (Board) and the offices of the Clerk of the Circuit Court (Clerk), Tax Collector, Sheriff, Property Appraiser, and Supervisor of Elections are operated as separate County agencies in accordance with applicable provisions of Florida Statutes. The office of the Tax Collector operates on a fee system, whereby the officer retains fees, commissions, and other revenues to pay all operating expenditures, including statutory compensation, any excess income is remitted to the Board or other taxing districts at the end of the fiscal year. The office of the Property Appraiser operates on a budget system, whereby appropriated funds are received from the Board and taxing authorities and all unexpended appropriations are required to be returned to the Board and taxing authorities at year-end. The offices of the Sheriff and Supervisor of Elections operate on a budget system, whereby County-appropriated funds are received from the Board, and any unexpended appropriations are required to be returned to the Board at the end of the fiscal year. The office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court operates on a combined fee and budget system. The budget system relates to the Clerk's function as the accountant and the Clerk of the Board, in accordance with the provisions of Section 125.17, Florida Statutes. Beginning July 1, 2013, the court-related operations of the Clerk are funded from fees and charges authorized under Chapter 2013-44, Laws of Florida. Any excess of revenues and other financing sources received over expenditures of the general fund are remitted to the Board at year-end. Any excess of revenues over court-related expenditures of the court fund are remitted to the State of Florida at year-end.

The accompanying financial statements present the County (primary government), and the component units for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Also included are other entities for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion could cause the County's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Nassau County Housing Finance Authority (NCHFA) is a dependent special district, which functions for the benefit of the citizens of Nassau County and is considered a blended component unit of the County. The NCHFA had no revenues or expenditures during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. In addition, the NCHFA did not issue any bonds during the audit period, nor were there any bonds outstanding at year-end. Therefore, financial statements were not prepared for NCHFA and, accordingly, no financial data for NCHFA is presented in these financial statements.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Concluded)

The Recreation and Water Conservation and Control District No. 1 (RWCCD) is a dependent special district, which functions for the benefit of the citizens of the County and is considered a blended component unit of the County. The Board of County Commissioners sits as the governing body. The RWCCD had no revenues or expenditures during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. In addition, the RWCCD did not issue any bonds during the audit period, nor were there any bonds outstanding at year-end. Therefore, financial statements were not prepared for RWCCD and, accordingly, no financial data for RWCCD is presented in these financial statements.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the County.

These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government and its component units. Generally, the effect of the interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements, unless interfund services were provided. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities shows the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly related to a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting specific requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, or net position, as appropriate, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds, based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are organized by governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds in the financial statements. The following funds are used by the County:

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

C. Fund Accounting (Continued)

- **■** Governmental Funds
 - Major Governmental Funds
 - ► The General Fund—is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the County, which are not properly accounted for in other funds. The General Fund for the County includes the General Fund for the Board and each of the Constitutional Officers. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements.
 - ► The County Transportation Fund—is used to account for the operation of the Road and Bridge Department. Financing is provided principally by ad valorem taxes and the County's share of State gasoline taxes.
 - ► The Municipal Services Fund—is used to account for activities benefiting only the unincorporated areas of the County. Financing is provided principally by ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing.
 - ► The Capital Projects Transportation Fund—is used to account for all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major transportation related capital facilities and/or projects. Funding is provided from a variety of funding sources.

• Nonmajor Governmental Funds

- ▶ Special Revenue Funds—are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources other than major capital projects or to finance specified activities as required by law.
- ▶ **Debt Service Funds**—are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, interest, principal, and related costs on general long-term debt.
- ▶ Capital Projects Funds—are used to account for all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

■ Major Proprietary Funds

- Proprietary Funds—are used to account for operations either: (1) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (2) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.
 - ▶ The Water and Sewer Fund—accounts for water and wastewater services provided to approximately 3,300 customers on 4,800 acres located entirely in the County, situated north of the Duval County line and south of the City of Fernandina Beach.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

C. Fund Accounting (Concluded)

■ Fiduciary Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds; examples include cash bonds, traffic fines, support payments, and ad valorem taxes.

D. Measurement Focus

- Government-wide Financial Statements—The government-wide financial statements are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on their Statement of Net Position, and the reported net position (total reported assets plus deferred outflows of resources less total reported liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) provides an indication of the economic net worth of the funds. The statement of activities reports increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.
- Governmental Funds—General, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds are accounted for on a "current financial resources" measurement focus. This means that only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. Accordingly, the reported fund balances are considered a measure of available, spendable, or appropriable resources. Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balances.
- **Proprietary Funds**—The enterprise funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on their Statement of Net Position, and the reported net position provides an indication of the economic net worth of the funds. The operating statements for the proprietary funds report increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges for services. Operating expenses include cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

■ **Fiduciary Funds**—Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. In addition, basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

The government-wide financial statements are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become "measurable and available").

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers revenues to be "available" if they are collected within sixty days after year-end.

Primary revenues, including special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, rents, and interest, are treated as susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis. Other revenue sources are not considered measurable and available, and are not treated as susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are generally recognized under the accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pensions, and other postemployment benefits, are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary funds and agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents are considered cash in bank, demand deposits, and short-term investments with maturities of less than three months

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the enterprise funds consider all highly liquid investments, including restricted assets, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

G. Deposits and Investments

The County's investment practices are governed by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and County Ordinance 95-144. The County is allowed to invest in: (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) other obligations, the principal of and interest on, which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the United States; (3) certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks domiciled in Florida that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or its successor; (4) interest-bearing demand deposits; (5) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements, secured by obligations described in subdivisions (1) and (2) above, and pledged with third parties selected or approved by the Board; (6) commercial paper; (7) corporate bonds; (8) derivative securities limited to those types authorized in (1) through (7) above; and (9) the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (the Florida State Board of Administration).

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are reported net of the allowance for uncollectibles on the balance sheet - governmental funds and statement of net position - proprietary funds. The allowances for uncollectible accounts are based upon aging schedules of related collection experiences of such receivables.

I. Interfund Balances

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported as "internal balances" in the government-wide financial statements.

J. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories, consisting principally of expendable items held for consumption, are determined by physical count and are stated at cost based on the average-cost method. On the balance sheet governmental funds, the prepaid and inventory balances reported are offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification which indicates these balances do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though it is a component of net current assets. The cost of governmental fund-type inventories is recorded as expenditure when consumed; therefore the inventory asset amount is not available for appropriation.

Prepaid items are certain payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded, under the consumption method, as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

K. Unamortized Refunding Loss

Losses resulting from the refunding of debt are reported as deferred outflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the refunded debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned:

- Nonspendable—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that cannot be spent because: (a) they are not expected to be converted to cash, or (b) they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund.
- **Restricted**—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained either: (a) externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Fund Balance (Concluded)

- Committed—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (e.g., ordinance) of the organization's governing authority (the Board of County Commissioners). These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of County Commissioners removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (e.g., ordinance) employed to constrain those amounts.
- Assigned—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by less-than-formal action of the County's governing body (e.g., resolution). The County's fund balance policy was adopted under the County's resolution No. 2013-105. Changes in assigned fund balance require prior approvals from the governing body through less-than-formal action (e.g., resolution), the County Manager and Budget Officer. In addition, residual balances in capital projects and debt service funds are considered assigned for the general purpose of the respective funds.
- Unassigned—This classification is used for: (a) negative unrestricted fund balances in any governmental fund, or (b) fund balances within the general fund that are not restricted, committed, or assigned.

■ Flow Assumption

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use in any governmental fund, it is the County's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as needed.

M. Net Position

Net position of proprietary funds, governmental activities, and business-type activities are made up of three components. *Net investment in capital assets* represents net capital assets less related long-term liabilities, where unspent debt proceeds increase this amount. *Restricted net position* represents assets that are legally restricted for specific purposes. They include bond sinking and reserve funds; special revenues restricted by statute, ordinance, and bond proceeds; and other sources restricted for capital projects or improvements. The balance of net position is considered *unrestricted net position*.

N. Restricted Assets

Certain resources in the water and sewer enterprise fund are set-aside for payment of capital reserves, renewal and replacement, and the utility system. These resources are classified as restricted cash and investments on the statement of net position because their use is limited. All cash and investments classified as restricted are the result of various bond indenture or other legal requirements. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the County's practice is to use the restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Capital Assets and Long-term Liabilities

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, traffic signals, stormwater drainage, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental Funds

Purchases of capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when the assets are acquired. At year-end, the assets are capitalized at cost by the County in the statement of net position as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

The capital assets used in the operations of the Board of County Commissioners, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, and Supervisor of Elections are accounted for by the Board of County Commissioners because the Board holds legal title and is accountable for them under Florida law. In accordance with Florida Statutes, the Board also holds title and maintains all land and buildings used by the Sheriff.

The Sheriff, pursuant to Chapter 274, Florida Statutes, is accountable for and thus maintains capital asset records pertaining to equipment used in operations.

The County capitalizes all capital assets which have a cost of \$750 or more and a useful life in excess of one year with the following exceptions:

Capital Asset Category	Capitalization Threshold
Buildings	\$25,000
Building Improvements	Greater of \$25,000 or 10% of Original Value
Improvements to Land Other than	
Buildings	\$10,000
Land	All
Easements or Right-of-Way	\$10,000
Infrastructure:	
Roads	\$250,000
Subdivisions	\$250,000
Bridges	\$50,000
Sidewalks	\$10,000
Street Lighting System	\$25,000
Drainage Systems	\$50,000
Additions or Improvements to	
Infrastructure	Greater of \$100,000 or 10% of Original Cost

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

O. Capital Assets and Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

■ Governmental Funds (*Concluded*)

Such assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Infrastructure 15-40 Years
Machinery and Equipment 5-20 Years
Computer Equipment 2-5 Years

Long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Governmental long-term liabilities are financed from governmental funds for principal and interest.

■ Proprietary Enterprise Funds

Property and equipment purchased by the enterprise funds are capitalized by those funds. Depreciation on such assets is charged as an expense against each fund's operations. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 15-40 Years Equipment 3-20 Years

P. Capitalization of Interest Costs

When applicable, the County capitalizes interest costs related to construction of capital assets. For fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, no interest was capitalized.

Q. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources reported on applicable governmental fund types represent revenues which are measureable but not available in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. The deferred inflows will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned or become available. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows have a positive effect on net position, similar to assets.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

R. Compensated Absences

Annual, sick, bonus, and compensatory leave amounts accumulate and vest in accordance with the policies of the Board of County Commissioners, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Tax Collector, Sheriff, Property Appraiser, Supervisor of Elections, and negotiated union contracts. Provisions of these policies and the union contracts specify how benefits are earned, accumulated, and when and to what extent they vest.

For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund, the County Transportation Fund, the Municipal Services Fund, and the Building Department.

S. Other Postemployment Benefits

The County has recorded the liability in the government-wide statements and the enterprise funds for postemployment benefits other than pensions. For governmental activities, other postemployment benefits are generally liquidated by the General Fund, the County Transportation Fund, the Municipal Services Fund, and the Building Department.

T. Net Pension Liability

In the government-wide and proprietary fund statements, the net pension liability represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the cost-sharing pension plans in which it participates. This liability represents a share of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through cost-sharing plans, less the amount of the cost-sharing plans' fiduciary net position. The County participates in both the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit pension plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS) defined benefit plan administered by the Florida Division of Retirement. The County allocated the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense to the funds and functions/activities based on their respective contribution made to the pension plans for that fiscal year.

U. Property Taxes

Real property and tangible personal property are assessed by the Property Appraiser according to the property's just value on January 1st of each year. Section 200.071, Florida Statutes, authorizes the Board to levy ad valorem tax millage against real property and tangible personal property for the County, including dependent districts, not to exceed 10 mills, except for voted levies. The Board shall determine the amount of millage to be levied and shall certify such millage to the Property Appraiser. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the Board levied 6.5670 mills. An additional 1.6694 mills was levied for the benefit of the Nassau County Municipal Services Taxing Unit.

Property taxes are due and payable on March 31st of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment rolls are charged to the Tax Collector by the Property Appraiser. Taxes on real property may be prepaid in four quarterly installments beginning not later than June 30th of the year in which assessed. Discounts are allowed for payment of property taxes before March 1st. Taxes become delinquent on April 1st following the year in which the taxes were assessed.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

U. Property Taxes (Concluded)

The Tax Collector collects taxes for the various taxing entities, including the Board of County Commissioners. Delinquent taxes on real property are collected by selling tax certificates to individuals. If a tax certificate is not sold, the tax certificate is struck to the County. Attempts to collect delinquent taxes on tangible personal property are done by the issuance of warrants for the seizure and sale of such tangible personal property. Key dates in the property tax cycle (latest date where appropriate) are as follows:

January 1 Property Just Value Established for Assessment of Taxes.

July 1 Assessment Roll Certified, Unless Extension Granted by the

Florida Department of Revenue.

93 Days Later Millage Resolution Approved and Taxes Levied Thereafter

as Tax Collector Received Tax Roll.

30 Days Thereafter Property Taxes Become Due and Payable (Maximum Discount).

April 1 Taxes Become Delinquent.

Prior to June 1 Tax Certificates Sold.

V. Recent GASB Standards

The County is currently evaluating the effects that the following GASB Statements, which will be implemented in future financial statements, will have on its financial statements for subsequent fiscal years:

- Statement No 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations (AROs)." This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain AROs. An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability. This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This statement is currently under review and the County will consider the impact, if any, upon financial reporting. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018.
- Statement No. 87, "Leases." This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement is currently under review and the County will consider the impact, if any, upon financial reporting. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (*Concluded***)**

V. Recent GASB Standards (Concluded)

■ Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period." This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This statement is currently under review and the County will consider the impact, if any, upon financial reporting. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The carrying amount of the County's deposits with financial institutions was \$38,872,709 and the bank balances were \$39,975,969 at September 30, 2018. Deposits are placed in banks that qualify as public depositories pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, the *Florida Security for Public Deposits Act*. Qualified public depositories are required by this law to pledge collateral with a market value equal to a percentage of the average daily balance of all public deposits in excess of any federal deposit insurance. In event of default by a qualified public depository, all claims for public deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default, and if necessary a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool. Therefore, all cash and time deposits held by banks are fully insured and collateralized.

Investments

Interest and investment earnings are generally allocated to the various funds based upon each fund's equity balance in the pooled cash or the investment accounts.

The County's investments conform to the provisions of Florida Statutes, Section 218.415. The following items discuss the County's exposure to various risks of their investment portfolio.

Interest Rate Risk—The risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County has a formal investment policy for operating surplus funds that limits investment maturities to twelve months as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates. Investments of bond reserves, construction funds, and other nonoperating funds shall have a term appropriate to the need for funds and in accordance with debt covenants. The maturities of the underlying securities of a repurchase agreement will follow the requirements of a Master Repurchase Agreement in form approved by the Public Securities Association.

Custodial Credit Risk—For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The certificates of deposit are held in qualified public depositories or at levels below FDIC insurance thresholds.

(Continued)

Note 2 - <u>Cash and Investments</u> (Concluded)

Investments (Concluded)

Custodial Credit Risk—(Concluded)

In accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-701, Florida Administrative Code, the County has established escrow accounts to provide proof of financial responsibility for the postclosure costs associated with the Old West Nassau, the Bryceville, the Lofton Creek, and New West Nassau Landfills. The amounts in these escrow accounts are determined by engineering studies as required by the above rule.

The following are details of the cash and investments held by the County at year-end:

Description	Fair Value
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 38,872,709
Certificates of Deposit	34,970,532
Money Market Accounts	24,707,533
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 98,550,774</u>

Reported in accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Go	vernmental Funds	_	Proprietary Fund	 Agency Fund	 Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents Equity in Pooled Investments Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	28,122,909 54,637,371 0	\$	4,097,385 4,034,809 947,808	\$ 5,704,607 1,005,885 <u>0</u>	\$ 37,924,901 59,678,065 947,808
Total Cash and Investments	\$	82,760,280	\$	9,080,002	\$ 6,710,492	\$ 98,550,774

Note 3 - Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable (net of allowances for uncollectibles) at September 30, 2018, included the following:

	 Receivable	 Allowance	Net	
Governmental Funds	 _		 	
General Fund	\$ 2,659,036	\$ (1,699,262)	\$ 959,774	
County Transportation	39,055	0	39,055	
Municipal Services	762	0	762	
Nonmajor Funds	 15,945	 0	15,945	
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,714,798	\$ (1,699,262)	\$ 1,015,536	
Business-type Funds				
Water	 420,755	 (2,537)	418,218	
Total Business-type Funds	\$ 420,755	\$ (2,537)	\$ 418,218	

(Continued)

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the proprietary funds at September 30, 2018, represent monies required to be restricted for debt service and construction under terms of outstanding bond agreements and impact fees restricted to water and sewer system uses. Assets are also restricted in accordance with ordinances and Florida Statutes. Restricted assets for the proprietary funds at September 30, 2018, were restricted for the following purposes:

Proprietary Funds	
Customer Deposits	\$ 141,860
Renewal and Replacement (Water/Sewer)	208,124
Debt Service	597,824

947,808

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Total

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	10/1/17	Increases	(Decreases)	9/30/18
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 76,764,927	\$ 973,776	\$ (300)	\$ 77,738,403
Construction Work in Progress	2,599,819	4,389,143	(2,555,756)	4,433,206
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	79,364,746	5,362,919	(2,556,056)	82,171,609
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Building and Improvements	71,274,894	2,029,187	0	73,304,081
Machinery and Equipment	44,935,437	4,269,849	(2,125,869)	47,079,417
Improvements other Than Buildings	412,126	543,297	0	955,423
Leasehold Improvements	1,040,516	0	0	1,040,516
Infrastructure	630,248,727	99,310	0	630,348,037
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	747,911,700	6,941,643	(2,125,869)	752,727,474
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(25,455,903)	(1,814,502)	0	(27,270,405)
Machinery and Equipment	(29,565,117)	(4,489,107)	2,038,367	(32,015,857)
Leasehold Improvements	(236,572)	(43,965)	0	(280,537)
Infrastructure	(337,727,072)	(16,196,905)	0	(353,923,977)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(392,984,664)	(22,544,479)	2,038,367	(413,490,776)
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	354,927,036	(15,602,836)	(87,502)	339,236,698
Total Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 434,291,782</u>	<u>\$ (10,239,917)</u>	\$ (2,643,558)	\$ 421,408,307

(Continued)

Note 5 - <u>Capital Assets</u> (Concluded)

		Balance						Balance
	10/1/17			Increases	_	(Decreases)	_	9/30/18
Business-type Activities								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	167,966	\$	0	\$	0	\$	167,966
Construction Work in Progress		16,303		0	_	0		16,303
Total Capital Assets Not Being								
Depreciated		184,269		0	_	0		184,269
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Building and Improvements		774,577		0		(19,712)		754,865
Equipment		22,353,262		869,050	_	(2,079)		23,220,233
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated		23,127,839		869,050	_	(21,791)		23,975,098
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Building and Improvements		(248,973)		(19,839)		0		(268,812)
Equipment		(9,171,207)		(794,151)	_	1,594		(9,963,764)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(9,420,180)		(813,990)	_	1,594		(10,232,576)
Total Capital Assets, Being								
Depreciated, Net		13,707,659		55,060	_	(20,197)		13,742,522
Total Business-type Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	13,891,928	\$	55,060	\$	(20,197)	\$	13,926,791

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental and business-type activities as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General Government	\$	848,981
Public Safety		4,510,323
Physical Environment		111,799
Transportation		15,524,674
Human Services		104,538
Culture and Recreation		488,734
Court Related		955,430
Total Depreciation Expense -		
Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	22,544,479
Business-type Activities		
Water and Sewer	\$	813,990
Total Depreciation Expense -		
Business-type Activities	<u>\$</u>	813,990

(Continued)

Note 6 - Interfund Activity

Interfund balances at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

	Due to										
				County							
				Trans-	Municipa	l	Water and				
Due from	General			portation	Services		Sewer Fund	Nonmajor			Totals
General	\$	0	\$	58,673	\$ 60,8	33	\$ 4,542	\$	4,940	\$	129,038
County Transportation		154,332		0		0	0		0		154,332
Municipal Services		348,454		0		0	0		363		348,817
Nonmajor		483,959		516	9	16	0		22,731		508,122
Water and Sewer		32,696	_	0		0	0		0		32,696
Total	\$	1,019,441	\$	59,189	\$ 61,7	99	\$ 4,542	\$	28,034	\$	1,173,005

The purpose for each of these interfund receivables and payables is to provide temporary loans for cash flow needs, primarily associated with reimbursable grant programs.

			Transfers In										
			Capital										
			Co	ounty				Projects					
			Tı	rans-	Μι	ınicipal		Trans-					
Transfers (Out)	Gen	eral	por	tation	Se	ervices		portation	_	Nonmajor	_	Totals	
General	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	2,675,740	\$	2,675,740	
County Transportation		0		0		0		2,377,675		91,003		2,468,678	
Municipal Services	3,	,064,869		0		0		0		0		3,064,869	
Nonmajor	5,	,500,962	:	2,623,466	4	1,125,081		2,159,250		361,097		14,769,856	
Water and Sewer		65,397		0		0		0		0		65,397	
Total	\$ 8,	631,228	\$:	2,623,466	\$ 4	1,125,081	\$	4,536,925	\$	3,127,840	\$	23,044,540	

The purposes for these interfund transfers include transfers to: (a) match for special revenue grant requirements, (b) other funds based on budgetary requirements, and (c) funds that are required by statute or budgetary authority to expend revenues from another fund that by statute or budgetary authority must collect revenues.

Note 7 - Leases

■ Governmental Funds

The County is party to operating leases during the period ended September 30, 2018, as follows:

- Tower Site (14th Street)—the Board entered into a five-year lease with Pinnacle Towers, LLC, commencing April 24, 2011. The Board exercised the five-year renewal, which has an effective date of April 2016. Operating lease payments for the year ended September 30, 2018, were \$31,614.
- Two **Tower Sites** (Hilliard and Dahoma)—the Board entered into five year lease with American Tower Asset Sub, LLC, commencing May 2016. Operating lease payments for the year ended September 30, 2018, were \$60,454.

(Continued)

Note 7 - Leases (Continued)

■ Governmental Funds (Concluded)

- West Nassau Land Development—the Board entered into a five-year lease with West Nassau Land Development, LLC, commencing July 1, 2015. Operating lease payments for the year ended September 30, 2018, were \$75,443.
- **Ring Investments**—the Board entered into a two-year lease with Ring Investment, LLC in 2015. An amendment was done in December 2017, with an ending date of September 2019. Operating lease payments for the year ended September 30, 2018, totaled \$37,494.

Future minimum lease payments under these leases follow:

	Tower	West Nassau		
Year Ending	Lease	Land	Ring	
September 30	Sites	Development	Investments	Totals
2019	\$ 96,356	\$ 77,178	\$ 37,494	\$ 211,028
2020	100,844	60,892	0	161,736
2021	93,215	0	0	93,215
2022	36,984	0	0	36,984
2023	38,463	0	0	38,463
Total	\$ 365,862	<u>\$ 138,070</u>	<u>\$ 37,494</u>	<u>\$ 541,426</u>

Three constitutional officers entered into several leases for office equipment and a building lease under operating leases. Total cost for such leases were \$100,504 for the year ended September 30, 2018. The future minimum lease payments for the leases are as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30	 Total
2019	\$ 91,587
2020	82,129
2021	53,215
2022	13,069
2023	300
Thereafter	 7,050
Total	\$ 247,350

Capital Lease

The County entered into a lease agreement during a prior year for financing the acquisition of radios for the Sheriff and multiple County departments. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The asset acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Asset	
Radios	\$ 3,002,089
(Accumulated Depreciation)	 (2,242,767)
Total	\$ 759,322

(Continued)

Note 7 - Leases (Concluded)

Capital Lease (Concluded)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2018, were as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental					
September 30,	Activities					
2019	\$ 550,731					
Total	\$ 550.731					

In September 2014, the Sheriff entered into a capital lease agreement with Presidio Technology Capital, LLC to lease server equipment. The lease is to be paid monthly at an imputed interest rate of 5.0% and matures May 1, 2020. Future minimum lease payments under this capital lease are as follows:

	Future					
Year Ending	Lease					
September 30	Payment					
2019	\$	132,872				
2020		77,508				
Total Future Minimum Lease Payments		210,380				
(Less Amount Representing Interest)		(8,516)				
Present Value of Future Minimum						
Lease Payments	<u>\$</u>	201,864				

Note 8 - Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	 Balance 10/1/17	Additions		Reductions		Balance 9/30/18		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities									
Bonds Payable	\$ 30,145,585	\$	0	\$	(2,840,525)	\$	27,305,060	\$	1,564,662
Premium on Bonds Payable	 1,039,476		0		(74,248)		965,228		74,428
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	31,185,061		0		(2,914,773)		28,270,288		1,639,090
Capital Lease Payable	1,422,843		0		(670,248)		752,595		683,603
Compensated Absences	6,906,072		3,919,895		(3,882,869)		6,943,098		3,505,363
Other Postemployment Benefits	23,871,683*		0		(157,600)		23,714,083		0
Landfill Postclosure	14,035,143		0		(280,429)		13,754,714		619,306
Net Pension Liability	 66,521,283		0		(283,903)		66,237,380		0
Total Governmental Activities									
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 143,942,085	\$	3,919,895	\$	(8,189,822)	\$	139,672,158	\$	6,447,362
Business-type Activities									
Bonds Payable	\$ 11,705,000	\$	0	\$	(955,000)	\$	10,750,000	\$	975,000
Compensated Absences	143,019		62,621		(59,480)		146,160		94,688
Other Postemployment Benefits	227,659*		0		(1,503)		226,156		0
Net Pension Liability	 485,407		0		(31,466)		453,941		0
Total Business-type Activities									
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 12,561,085	\$	62,621	\$	(1,047,449)	\$	11,576,257	\$	1,069,688

^{*} Implementation of GASB 75 resulted in a restatement of the ending balance

(Continued)

Note 8 - Long-term Obligations (Continued)

Governmental Activities

A brief synopsis of long-term debt existing at September 30, 2018, follows:

2000 Optional Gas Tax Revenue Bonds

The Board, in September 2000, issued the Optional Gas Tax Revenue Bond in the amount of \$6,167,580. The proceeds of the bond issue are to pay the cost of acquisition and construction of certain transportation capital improvements in the County and to pay certain costs related to the issuance and sale of the Series 2000 Bonds. The 2000 bonds are capital appreciation bonds; additional capital appreciation through September 30, 2018, totaled \$3,513,694.

The Series 2000 Bonds are special, limited obligations of the County payable solely from and secured by a prior lien upon and pledge of the proceeds of the six-cent local option gas tax and until expended, the monies on deposit in certain funds and accounts created by Resolution. Annual principal and interest on the bonds are expected to require approximately 40% of such tax revenue and are payable through 2025. Principal and Interest payments for the current year totaled \$945,000 and gas tax revenues totaled \$2,374,856. At year-end, pledged future revenues totaled \$6,615,000, which was the amount of remaining principal and interest on the bonds. Other Board revenues are not available to finance this bond issue. In addition, the bondholders do not have any authority to compel the Board to increase ad valorem taxes for financing this bond issue. Such bonds, bearing interest at a rate between 5.55% and 5.81% per annum, are dated August 30, 2000, and are in denominations of \$5,000 each. A portion of such bonds mature annually starting March 1, 2010, with final maturity being March 1, 2025. The bonds have a required reserve of \$945,000, which is on hand at year-end.

Future principal and interest payments for this bond issue are as follows:

Year Ending					
September 30	Principal			Interest	 Total
2019	\$	334,662	\$	610,338	\$ 945,000
2020		315,176		629,824	945,000
2021		296,125		648,875	945,000
2022		278,643		666,357	945,000
2023		262,086		682,914	945,000
2024-2025		479,673		1,410,327	 1,890,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,966,365	\$	4,648,635	\$ 6,615,000

2007 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds

The Board, in June 2007, issued the Public Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2007, in the amount of \$29,630,000. The purposes of the Series 2007 Bonds are to: (1) acquire and construct certain public improvements; (2) partially advance refund the Board's outstanding Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2001; and (3) pay certain issuance costs of the Series 2007 Bonds, including the municipal bond insurance premium.

(Continued)

Note 8 - Long-term Obligations (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Concluded)

2007 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds (Concluded)

The Series 2007 Bonds are special obligations of the Board payable solely from amounts budgeted and appropriated by the Board from non ad valorem tax revenues in accordance with the terms of the Resolution. Annual principal and interest on the bonds are expected to require approximately 34% of such non ad valorem tax revenue and are payable through 2031. Principal and interest payments for the current year totaled \$2,319,750 and non ad valorem tax revenues totaled \$7,972,076. At year-end, pledged future revenues totaled \$30,203,500, which was the amount of remaining principal and interest on the bonds. Other Board revenues are not available to finance this bond issue.

In addition, the bondholders do not have any authority to compel the Board to increase ad valorem taxes for financing this bond issue. Such bonds, bearing interest rates between 4.0% and 5.0% per annum, are dated June 12, 2007, and are in denominations of \$5,000 each. A portion of such bonds mature annually beginning May 2008, with term maturities in May of 2023, 2025, 2027, and 2031.

Future principal and interest payments for this bond issue are as follows:

Year Ending			
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 1,230,000	\$ 1,091,250	\$ 2,321,250
2020	1,295,000	1,029,750	2,324,750
2021	1,360,000	965,000	2,325,000
2022	1,425,000	897,000	2,322,000
2023	1,500,000	825,750	2,325,750
2024-2028	8,690,000	2,926,750	11,616,750
2028-2031	6,325,000	643,000	6,968,000
Total	\$ 21,825,000	\$ 8,378,500	\$ 30,203,500

Compensated Absences

Compensated Absences—are recorded on the government-wide financial statements. Following is a summary of compensated absences by constitutional officer as of September 30, 2018:

	J	Beginning					Ending	
		Balance	_	Additions	Deletions		Balance	
Board	\$	5,624,157	\$	2,417,599	\$	(2,560,471) \$	5,481,285	
Clerk		65,363		165,911		(153,012)	78,262	
Sheriff		998,705		1,128,935		(953,671)	1,173,969	
Tax Collector		86,175		69,582		(82,095)	73,662	
Property Appraiser		104,894		116,015		(108,160)	112,749	
Supervisor of Elections		26,778		21,853		(25,460)	23,171	
Total	\$	6,906,072	\$	3,919,895	\$	(3,882,869) \$	6,943,098	

(Continued)

Note 8 - <u>Long-term Obligations</u> (Concluded)

Business-type Activities

Advance Refunding—On April 9, 2013, the Board issued a \$15,650,000 Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2013, with a fixed interest rate of 2.150%. The net proceeds from the closing were used to refund \$15,550,000 in principal in the amount of the County's outstanding Revenue Note, Series 2003, and to pay the issuance costs of the Series 2013 Bond.

The revenue bond is secured by a pledge of and is payable solely from pledged revenues, which primarily consist of net revenues and impact fees which derive from the System. Annual principal and interest on the bond are expected to require approximately 45% of such revenue and are payable through 2028. Principal and interest payments for the current year totaled \$1,196,391 and revenues totaled \$2,630,362. At year-end, pledged future revenues totaled \$11,946,260, which was the amount of remaining principal and interest on the bond. The Series 2013 Bond shall not be or constitute a general obligation or indebtedness of the County.

Rate Covenant

The County has covenanted to establish and collect fees from users of the Water and Sewer System (gross revenues of the System, as defined in the bond ordinance) sufficient to pay the costs of operation and maintenance of the System (as defined in the bond ordinance) plus 120% of the bond service requirements for that year. The County met the 120% requirement and, therefore, is in compliance with the rate covenant at year-end.

Future principal and interest payments for this bond issue are as follows:

Year Ending					
September 30	<u>Principal</u>			Interest	Total
2019	\$	975,000	\$	220,644	\$ 1,195,644
2020		995,000		199,466	1,194,466
2021		1,015,000		177,859	1,192,859
2022		1,040,000		155,767	1,195,767
2023		1,065,000		133,139	1,198,139
2024-2028		5,660,000		309,385	5,969,385
Total	\$	10,750,000	\$	1,196,260	\$ 11,946,260

Compensated Absences—Following is a summary of annual, sick, and bonus leave benefits liabilities at September 30, 2018, for the proprietary funds:

	I	Beginning			Ending
		Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Vacation Leave	\$	37,222	\$ 27,002	\$ (28,360)	\$ 35,864
Paid Time Off		4,711	16,364	(12,200)	8,875
Sick Leave		99,692	15,376	(15,112)	99,956
Bonus Leave		1,394	3,881	(3,810)	1,465
Total	\$	143,019	\$ 62,623	\$ (59,482)	\$ 146,160

(Continued)

Note 9 - No Commitment Special Assessment Debt

To finance the cost of certain capital improvements benefitting property within the South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization Municipal Services Benefit Unit, the County has issued the South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization Special Assessment Bonds, Series 2011. The bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the County, and accordingly, has not been reported in the accompanying financial statements.

At September 30, 2018, the Special Assessment Bond outstanding totaled \$909,990.

Note 10 - Bond Arbitrage Rebate

The County engaged an independent certified public accounting firm to compute the aggregate arbitrage rebate amount in accordance with the requirements of Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for the following bond issues:

- \$29,630,000 Nassau County, Florida, Public Improvement Revenue and Refunding, Series 2007.
- \$19,160,000 Nassau County, Florida, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013.
- \$6,213,421 Nassau County, Florida, Gas Tax Revenue Bond, Series 2009-1.
- \$11,169,000 Nassau County, Florida, SAISSA Renourishment Bond, Series 2011.

The payment of arbitrage rebate is made sixty days after five years from the date of issuance of the bonds. Based on their calculations, the independent certified public accounting firm had determined that there is no rebate liability for the bond issues noted above.

Note 11 - Landfill Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws require the County to fund landfill postclosure care costs once a landfill site stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for twenty years if the landfill stopped receiving waste before October 9, 1993, and thirty years if the landfill stopped receiving waste after October 9, 1993. The County has three landfills that stopped receiving waste before October 9, 1993, and one that stopped receiving waste after October 9, 1993. The County does not currently operate an open landfill.

For the closed landfills, actual postclosure care cost incurred for each year is reported as a reduction of the postclosure liability, along with the change in required escrow balance until the required twenty-or-thirty-year postclosure care period is satisfied. The County has accrued a total of \$13,754,714 for postclosure care cost at September 30, 2018, for the four closed landfills. The liability is based on engineering estimates of annual postclosure care cost.

These postclosure care costs are based on estimates of what it would cost to perform all postclosure care using 2018 dollars. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

(Continued)

Note 11 - <u>Landfill Postclosure Care Costs</u> (Concluded)

The County is required by state law to deposit into the escrow accounts, at the time of closing and each year thereafter, sufficient funds to cover the following year's long-term care costs. In addition, the County must document specifically how it intends to finance the long-term care of the landfill as part of its closure plan. The County is in compliance with these requirements with escrow balances that exceed the amounts required by state law (amounts required by State law are \$619,306 as of September 30, 2018). At September 30, 2018, the escrow balances are as follows:

	 Total		
Landfills			
Old West Nassau Postclosure	\$ 21,415		
New West Nassau Postclosure	 597,953		
Total Escrow Balances	\$ 619,368		

Note 12- Retirement Plans

The County participates in two defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The plans provide retirement, disability, or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. That report is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under Sections 121.053 or 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a state administered retirement system must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings.

(Continued)

Note 12 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Concluded)

The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the employer are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. Employees are required to contribute 3.00% of their salary to the FRS Pension Plan. The employer's contribution rates as of September 30, 2018, were as follows:

	FRS	<u>HIS</u>
Regular Class	6.60%	1.66%
Special Risk Class	22.40%	1.66%
Senior Management Service Class	21.05%	1.66%
Elected Officials	47.04%	1.66%
DROP from FRS	12.37%	1.66%

The County's contributions for the year ended September 30, 2018, were \$5,395,176 to the FRS Pension Plan and \$621,018 to the HIS Program.

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

In its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2018, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the FRS Pension Plan and its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the HIS Program. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018. The County's proportions of the net pension liabilities were based on its share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

	 FRS	HIS	Investment Plan
Net Pension Liability	\$ 54,853,388 \$	11,837,933	\$ N/A
Proportion at:			
Current Measurement Date	0.1821%	0.1118%	N/A
Prior Measurement Date	0.1866%	0.1104%	N/A
Pension Expense	\$ 10,652,169 \$	989,614	\$ 712,998

(Continued)

Note 12 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS				HIS		
	(Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	Deferred Outlfows of		Deferred Inflows of
Description		Resources		Resources	Resources	_	Resources
Employer Contributions After							
Measurement Date	\$	1,406,017	\$	0 \$	\$154,632	\$	0
Difference Between Expected and							
Actual Experience		4,646,907		168,661	181,234		20,112
Change of Assumptions		17,923,420		0	1,316,524		1,251,605
Changes of Proportion and Difference							
Between County Contributions and							
Proportionate Share of Contributions		3,131,009		1,853,059	834,517		249,783
Net Difference Between Projected and							
Actual Earnings on Pension							
Investments		0		4,238,093	7,146		0
Total	\$	27,107,353	\$	6,259,813 \$	2,494,053	\$	1,521,500

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year-end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting period ending September 30, 2019. Other pension-related amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	FRS	HIS
Ending	 Amount	 Amount
2019	\$ 7,273,576	\$ 271,647
2020	5,242,111	271,044
2021	1,082,624	227,293
2022	3,444,984	131,232
2023	2,130,716	(51,866)
Thereafter	 267,512	 (31,429)
Total	\$ 19,441,523	\$ 817,921

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2018. For the HIS Program, the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2018.

The individual entry age normal actuarial cost method was used for each plan, along with the following significant actuarial assumptions:

(Continued)

Note 12 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

	FRS	HIS
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Salary Increases	3.25%	3.25%
Investment Rate of Return	7.40%	N/A
Discount Rate	7.00%	3.87%

Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

For both plans, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Annual	Annual	
Asset	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Class	Allocation (1)	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.9%	2.9%	1.8%
Fixed Income	18.0%	4.4%	4.3%	4.0%
Global Equity	54.0%	7.6%	6.3%	17.0%
Real Estate (Property)	11.0%	6.6%	6.0%	11.3%
Private Equity	10.0%	10.7%	7.8%	26.5%
Strategic Investments	6.0%	6.0%	5.7%	8.6%
Assumed Inflation – Mean		2.6%		1.9%

Note: (1) As Outlined in the Plan's Investment Policy.

<u>Discount Rate.</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was 7.00%. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the HIS Pension Plan was 3.87%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

(Continued)

Note 12 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)

<u>Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>. The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate.

FRS – County:

rks – County:			
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
County's Proportionate Share	·		
of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 100,109,734	\$ 54,853,388	<u>\$ 17,265,317</u>
HIS – County:			
		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.87%)	(3.87%)	(4.87%)
County's Proportionate Share			
of the Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 13,482,712</u>	<u>\$ 11,837,933</u>	<u>\$ 10,466,914</u>

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The County contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA, and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. County employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2017-18 fiscal year were as follows:

(Continued)

Note 12 - <u>Retirement Plans</u> (Concluded)

FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Concluded)

	Percent
	of Gross
Class	Compensation
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67
FRS, Special Risk Regular	14.00

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the County.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The County's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$712,998 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Note 13 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The County, in accordance with Section 112.215, Florida Statutes, maintains a deferred compensation plan pursuant to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees of the County, permits such employees to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation plan amount is not available for withdrawal by employee participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency of such participants.

The County has contracted with a third party for the establishment of custodial accounts to administer these funds for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The County has no administrative involvement, and does not perform the investing function for this plan.

(Continued)

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

The OPEB Plan is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the County. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected. However, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees.

Retirees and their dependents (except for life insurance) are permitted to remain covered under the County's respective medical and insurance plans as long as they pay a full premium applicable to coverage elected, subject to the direct subsidy in the following table. This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Chapter 112.08, Florida Statutes. The OPEB Plan does not issue a stand-alone report and is not included in the report of the System or other entity.

Perc	Percent of Direct Subsidy up to Subsidy Base Maximum					
Years of Service With Nassau	With Nassau 10/1/05 10/1/05					
County	(Other than Sheriff)	(Other than Sheriff)	Hire Date)			
At Least 6 Years	100%	0%	0%			
15 Years	100%	50%	0%			
20 Years	100%	65%	0%			
25 Years	100%	80%	0/100%			
30 or More Years	100%	100%	100%			

Note: Sheriff's special risk employees subsidy starts at twenty-five years and other employees at thirty years.

Membership Information

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of October 1, 2016 (the latest valuation date).

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	108
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	0
Active Plan Members	631
Total Plan Members	739

Funding Policy—For the OPEB Plan, contribution requirements of the County are established and may be amended through action from either the Board or Constitutional Officers. Currently, the County's OPEB Benefits are unfunded. The required contributions are based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. There is no separate trust fund or equivalent arrangement into which the County would make contributions to advance-fund the obligation, as it does for its pension plan, the System. Therefore, ultimate subsidies which are provided over time are financed directly by general assets of the County, which are invested in very short-term income instruments.

Total OPEB Liability – The County's total OPEB liability of \$23,940,239 was measured as of September 30, 2017, which is one year prior to the reporting date. The actuarial valuation date was October 1, 2016.

(Continued)

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Total OPEB Liability,	
Beginning of Year, As Restated	\$ 24,099,342
Service Cost	1,048,668
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	762,264
Changes of Assumptions and Other Inputs	(852,311)
Benefit Payments	 (1,117,724)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	 (159,103)
Total OPEB Obligation, End of Year	\$ 23,940,239

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the County as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
		2.50%		3.50%		4.50%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	26,131,722	\$	23,940,239	\$	21,945,767

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates

				Current		
	Healthcare cost					
	1% Decrease		Trend Rate		1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	20,938,686	\$	23,940,239	\$	27,587,706

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$1,728,183. At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred		
	Ou	Outflows of Inf		ıflows of	
Description	R	esources	Re	esources	
Changes in Assumptions and Other Inputs	\$	0	\$	769,562	
Benefits Paid After Measurement Date		1,106,072		0	
Total	\$	1,106,072	\$	769,562	

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$1,106,072 resulting from benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

(Continued)

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Concluded)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Concluded)

Fiscal Year Ending

September 30	Amount		
2019	\$ (82,749)		
2020	(82,749)		
2021	(82,749)		
2022	(82,749)		
2023	(82,749)		
Thereafter	(355,817)		
Total	<u>\$ (769,562)</u>		

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial Valuation Date:

Aging Factors:

Expenses:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

October 1, 2016

Actuarial methods and assumptions include the following:

rictaurur varaation Bate.	00000011,2010
Measurement Date:	September 30, 2017
Reporting Date:	September 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal Cost
Inflation Rate:	2.50%
Discount Rate:	3.50%
Projected Salary Increases:	Salary increase rates used for Regular Class and Special Risk Class members in the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System; 3.7%-7.8%, including inflation
Retirement Age:	Retirement rates used for Regular Class and Special Risk Class members in the July 1, 2016, actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System. They are based on the results of the statewide experience study covering the period 2008 through 2013.
Mortality:	Mortality tables used for Regular Class and Special Risk Class members in the July 1, 2016, actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System. They are based on the results of a statewide experience study covering period 2008 through 2013.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:	Based on the Getzen Model, with trend starting at 7.25% and

0.45% increase for excise tax.

gradually trending to an ultimate trend rate of 4.24% plus

Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs – From Birth

Administrative expenses are included in the per capita health

costs.

to Death"

(Continued)

Note 15 - Fund Balance Classification

The following is a summary of the County's fund balance classifications and the purpose of each as of September 30, 2018, is as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance	
Prepaid Expenditures	\$ 1,418,618
Petty Cash	2,305
Inventory	266,156
Deposits	7,000
Long-term Receivable	20,376
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	1,714,455
Restricted Fund Balance	
General Government	268,155
General Government – Court Related	1,259,776
Crime Prevention	132,192
Economic Development	68,633
Other Human Resources	1,000
Developer Agreements	5,000
Physical Environment	2,043,491
Law Enforcement	336,014
Impact Fees	8,044,287
Law Library	112,660
Public Safety	467,253
Other Culture/Recreation	109,753
State Housing Initiative Program	479,874
Court Facilities	458,996
Criminal Justice	137,512
Tourist Development	5,720,518
Building Department	5,789,364
Debt Services - Bonds	1,496,681
Capital Projects - Transportation	4,933,584
Clerk Public Records	602,135
Clerk Child Support	404,780
Sheriff Inmate Commissary	549,370
Sheriff Other Funds	962,883
Total Restricted Fund Balance	34,383,911
Committed Fund Balance	
Public Safety	2,526,973
Transportation	11,565,184
Clerk Teen Court	7,553
Sheriff Investigative Fund	92,269
Total Committed Fund Balance	14,191,979

(Continued)

Note 15 - Fund Balance Classification (*Concluded***)**

Assigned Fund Balance		
General Government	\$	561,016
Public Safety		2,220,160
Economic Development		7,500
Transportation		2,256,043
Human Services		83,253
Culture and Recreation		334,797
Non-court Related		107,202
Physical Environment		754,086
Reserves – Capital Projects		4,245,570
Minimum Fund Balance		2,744,636
Property Appraiser		272,722
Total Assigned Fund Balance		13,586,985
Unassigned Fund Balance	-	12,106,861
Total	<u>\$</u>	75,984,191

Minimum Fund Balance Reserve Policy

The County has adopted a policy that requires a reserve for minimum fund balance be budgeted at a target level equal to two months of County-wide operating expenditures as reported in the previous year's audited financial statements for the General Fund, County Transportation Fund, and Municipal Services Fund. The purpose of the minimum fund balance is to protect the County against potential financial risk, ensure cash flow prior to receipt of budgeted revenue for use in the event of a disaster or emergency, and to protect the County's credit rating.

Note 16 - Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to legal liability, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; accidental death and dismemberment, and on the job injury to employees. Many of these risks are transferred through the purchase of various insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

The financial liability of the County is limited to premiums paid and losses exceeding or not covered by insurance. The premiums are paid from various funds based on coverage required.

There has been no reduction in insurance coverages from the previous year.

Note 17 - Commitments and Contingencies

The County is a party to a number of lawsuits and claims arising out of the normal conduct of its activities. While the results of these lawsuits and claims against the County cannot be predicted with certainty, management does not expect that these matters will have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

The following is a summary of major commitments of the County and contracts in progress as of September 30, 2018:

(Continued)

Note 17 - Commitments and Contingencies (Concluded)

	Source of		Paid to	Cor	nmitment	
Project	Payment	Date		Re	Remaining	
NAU Clarifier No. 1 & 2 Rehabilitation	Current Available Resources	\$	90,918	\$	15,792	
Crawford Road Design Services	Current Available Resources		757,790		10,858	
Page Dairy/Chester Road Project	Current Available Resources		651,391		404,695	
CR 115 Widening & Resurfacing	Current Available Resources		429,156		286,181	
Fire Station #71 Design Build	Current Available Resources		176,787		506	
Overlay of 28 Roads	Current Available Resources		44,275		79,474	
Monitoring of Landfill Gas	Current Available Resources		222,143		14,725	
Mobility Plan and Fee Study	Current Available Resources		47,154		128,929	
Total		\$	2,419,614	\$	941,160	

The following is a summary of encumbrances outstanding for the County as of September 30, 2018:

General Fund	\$	1,138,829
County Transportation Fund		856,914
Municipal Services Fund		944,606
Court Facility Fund		33,819
Impact Fee Fund		48,000
Building Department		10,644
Water and Sewer Fund		230,912
Total	<u>\$</u>	3,263,724

Note 18 - Conduit Debt Obligations

The County has issued several series of industrial revenue bonds to furnish financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities considered to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities will transfer to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the Board, the County, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of September 30, 2018, there was one bond outstanding with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$9,745,000. The issue amount and the September 30, 2018, outstanding balance is as follows:

Original		9/30/18	
 Issuance	Year	Balance	Description
\$ 11,150,000	2008	\$ 9,745,000	AICC, Inc. and Nassau Care Centers - 70 Bed
			Care Intermediate Care and Day Program
			Service Facilities

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

(Concluded)

Note 19 - Restatement

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the County implemented GASB 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. GASB 75 establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures. In compliance with this statement, the County's liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources have been recorded resulting in a restatement of beginning net position as follows:

			Cumulative	Net Position
	Net Position		Effect of	Beginning
	Beginning of		Implementing	of the Year
	 the Year		GASB 75	(Restated)
Governmental Activities	\$ 405,678,544	\$	(13,077,475) \$	392,601,069
Business-type Activities	10,629,675		(124,717)	10,504,958

Note 20 - Tax Abatement

Pursuant to Section 125.045, Florida Statutes and Nassau County Ordinance 2012-32, the Economic Development Grant (EDG) incentive is available for companies with the goal to facilitate the development of capital investment and high-wage jobs in Nassau County. The incentives in the tiered program include a specified grant on the Board-only portion of their ad valorem taxes for a specified period of time after meeting or exceeding a specified number/wage level of new jobs, and/or new capital investment in Nassau County.

As of September 30, 2018, the only existing EDG agreement potentially material in size (fiscal year abatement >\$300,000) was with LignoTech Florida, LLC. The July 6, 2016 agreement was amended on September 12, 2016, in order to extend by one year (to January of 2019) the deadline for LignoTech to meet the new job and capital investment requirements under its EDG agreement with the Board. The company met the terms of qualification under their agreement in fiscal year 2018, and will be eligible to receive a 75% grant in years 1-5 and a 50% grant in years 6-10 projected as follows:

	Estir	nated
Fiscal	T	ax
Year	Abat	ement
2019	\$	316,431
2020		302,654
2021		289,806
2022		277,393
2023		330,328
2024		210,925
2025		201,613
2026		192,885
2027		184,742
2028		176,624
Projected Total		
Tax Abatement	<u>\$</u>	2,483,401



NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues	Original	<u>rmai</u>	Amounts	(Negative)			
Taxes	\$ 45,152,578	\$ 45,152,534	\$ 45,813,311	\$ 660,777			
Licenses and Permits	23,000	23,000	43,347	20,347			
Intergovernmental Revenues	6,830,974	7,314,739	7,424,595	109,856			
Charges for Services	3,680,312	3,787,320	4,208,475	421,155			
Fines and Forfeitures	55,500	56,058	47,381	(8,677)			
Interest Earnings	182,600	182,600	454,899	272,299			
Miscellaneous	141,697	335,762	474,099	138,337			
Total Revenues	56,066,661	56,852,013	58,466,107	1,614,094			
Expenditures							
Current:	10 112 255	17.020.002	16014010	1 000 600			
General Government Services	18,113,275	17,838,002	16,814,310	1,023,692			
Public Safety	32,807,187	35,605,033	35,203,055	401,978			
Physical Environment	1,960,431	2,010,495	1,781,942	228,553			
Economic Environment Human Services	310,621	322,926	225,257	97,669			
	2,870,261	2,738,721	2,620,557	118,164			
Culture and Recreation	2,118,695	2,156,181	1,894,597	261,584			
Court-related Expenditures	2,221,457	2,157,659	1,891,693	265,966			
Reserve for Contingency	50,000	25,000	0	25,000			
Capital Outlay	6,009,999	6,250,686	4,567,126	1,683,560			
Debt Service:	669,752	670 249	670 249	0			
Principal Retirement		670,248	670,248	0			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	13,851	13,355	13,355 65,682,140	4 106 166			
(Total Expenditures)	67,145,529	69,788,306	03,082,140	4,106,166			
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under)							
Expenditures	(11,078,868)	(12,936,293)	(7,216,033)	5,720,260			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	8,852,145	10,173,067	8,631,228	(1,541,839)			
Transfers (out)	(3,777,513)	(4,692,403)	(2,675,740)	2,016,663			
Sale of Capital Assets	55,300	30,760	14,677	(16,083)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,129,932	5,511,424	5,970,165	458,741			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,948,936)	(7,424,869)	(1,245,868)	6,179,001			
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	16,887,314	17,849,689	18,544,243	694,554			
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 10,938,378	\$ 10,424,820	\$ 17,298,375	\$ 6,873,555			

Note: Original and amended budgeted transfers in the County-wide General Fund are presented as consolidated after the elimination of intra-general fund budgeted transfers between the Board and Constitutional Officers.

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COUNTY TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 5,813,896	\$ 5,813,896	\$ 5,947,364	\$ 133,468		
Licenses and Permits	2,030	2,030	8,777	6,747		
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,544,962	1,643,131	1,602,416	(40,715)		
Charges for Services	1,130	1,130	2,645	1,515		
Fines and Forfeitures	0	0	2,046	2,046		
Interest Earnings	35,000	35,000	124,272	89,272		
Miscellaneous	95,032	95,032	118,908	23,876		
Total Revenues	7,492,050	7,590,219	7,806,428	216,209		
Expenditures						
Current:						
Transportation	8,434,656	8,677,866	6,735,894	1,941,972		
Capital Outlay	2,152,964	2,271,242	853,005	1,418,237		
(Total Expenditures)	10,587,620	10,949,108	7,588,899	3,360,209		
Excess of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	(3,095,570)	(3,358,889)	217,529	3,576,418		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	2,617,347	2,617,347	2,623,466	6,119		
Transfers (out)	(2,092,094)	(2,469,769)	(2,468,678)	1,091		
Sale of General Capital Assets	16,800	16,800	17,863	1,063		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	542,053	164,378	172,651	8,273		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,553,517)	(3,194,511)	390,180	3,584,691		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	4,143,162	5,053,134	5,179,519	126,385		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,589,645	\$ 1,858,623	\$ 5,569,699	\$ 3,711,076		

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MUNICIPAL SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues				<u> </u>		
Taxes	\$ 9,801,737	\$ 9,801,737	\$ 9,739,887	\$ (61,850)		
Licenses and Permits	97,938	97,938	179,584	81,646		
Intergovernmental Revenues	686,952	690,408	780,936	90,528		
Charges for Services	166,160	166,310	198,958	32,648		
Fines and Forfeitures	3,600	3,600	35,086	31,486		
Interest Earnings	50,000	50,000	94,939	44,939		
Miscellaneous	900	900	8,278	7,378		
Total Revenues	10,807,287	10,810,893	11,037,668	226,775		
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government Services	1,853,478	1,883,960	1,294,689	589,271		
Public Safety	7,690,722	7,678,235	7,431,660	246,575		
Transportation	8,484	11,940	2,814	9,126		
Human Services	1,097,771	1,061,031	1,002,761	58,270		
Capital Outlay	1,815,021	1,952,752	903,502	1,049,250		
(Total Expenditures)	12,465,476	12,587,918	10,635,426	1,952,492		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,658,189)	(1,777,025)	402,242	2,179,267		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	4,121,055	4,120,905	4,125,081	4,176		
Transfers (out)	(3,067,739)	(3,067,754)	(3,064,869)	2,885		
Sale of General Capital Assets	23,100	3,100	3,500	400		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,076,416	1,056,251	1,063,712	7,461		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(581,773)	(720,774)	1,465,954	2,186,728		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	3,260,527	3,434,613	3,415,746	(18,867)		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 2,678,754	\$ 2,713,839	\$ 4,881,700	\$ 2,167,861		

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTE TO SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets were adopted by the Board for all Board funds. The Tax Collector and the Property Appraiser adopt budgets independently of the Board. The Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, and the Clerk of the Circuit Court (to the extent of his function as ex officio Clerk of the Board) prepare budgets for their general operations, which are submitted to and approved by the Board.

The County-wide General Fund is comprised of the following six subfunds: Board of County Commissioners, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, and Tax Collector. In order to comply with the generally accepted accounting principles, the actual intrafund activity has been consolidated in order to eliminate inflated amounts in the aggregate financial statements of the County-wide General Fund.

Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, provides that it is unlawful to make expenditures that exceed the total amount budgeted for each fund. The Board adopted a level of control at the object level (personal services, operating expenses, and capital outlay) by department by fund. Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, also governs the manner in which the budget may be legally amended once it has been approved. Department managers may make budget amendments within an object level without Board approval; budget amendments between object levels up to \$50,000 can be approved by the County Budget Officer and County Administrator. Budget amendments greater than \$50,000 require Board approval.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed by the County, as an extension of the statutorily required budgetary process under Florida Statutes. The County maintained a computerized encumbrance system, which is a part of the computerized accounting system. All appropriations lapse at year-end, except those that the County intends to honor.

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The only exception to the GAAP basis is in the enterprise funds where depreciation, amortization of bond costs, and change in post-closure costs are not budgeted, while capital outlay expenditures are budgeted and are reclassified into capital assets. These are then eliminated from the results of operations for financial reporting purposes in the enterprise funds.

The annual budgets serve as legal authorization for expenditures. Expenditures cannot legally exceed the total amount budgeted for each fund. All budget amendments, which change the legally adopted total appropriation for a fund, are approved by the Board or Constitutional Officer, as applicable.

If during the fiscal year, additional revenues become available for appropriations in excess of those estimated in the budget, the Board or Constitutional Officer, by resolution, may make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of such excess. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, various supplemental appropriations were approved by the Board or Constitutional Officer in accordance with Florida Statutes. The following funds received supplemental appropriations during the year ended September 30, 2018:

Governmental	Funds
--------------	-------

9 9 7 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
General Fund	\$ 1,754,106
Special Revenue Funds	3,871,823
Debt Service Funds	0
Capital Projects Funds	 1,155,806
Total	\$ 6,781,735

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Total OPEB Liability	2018
Service Cost	\$ 1,048,668
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	762,264
Changes of Benefit Terms	0
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	0
Changes of Assumptions and Other Inputs	(852,311)
Benefit Payments	(1,117,724)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(159,103)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	24,099,342
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 23,940,239
Covered-employee Payroll	\$ 34,941,733
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage	
of Covered-employee Payroll	68.51%

Notes to the Schedule

No assets are being accumulated in a trust to pay for the benefits.

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY DA RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSI

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLANS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

	S	· ·		September 30, 2017		ptember 30, 2016	September 30, 2015		
Nassau County's Proportion of the FRS Net Pension Plan	0.182113027%		0.186608807%		0.174464593%		0.1655807049		
Nassau County's Proportion Share of the									
FRS Net Pension Plan	\$	54,853,388	\$	55,197,633	\$	44,052,447	\$	21,386,969	
Nassau County's Covered Payroll	\$	36,538,795	\$	35,221,567	\$	32,521,989	\$	31,678,266	
Nassau County's Proportionate Share of the FRS									
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its									
Covered Payroll		150.12%		156.72%		135.45%		67.51%	
FRS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of									
the Total Pension Liability		84.26%		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%	

Note: (1) The amounts shown above as reported on the date indicated, have a measurement date three months prior. Covered-employee payroll is for the year shown.

HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN

	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015		
Nassau County's Proportion of the HIS Net Pension Plan	0.11846251%	0.110442831%	0.104032153%	0.104338602%		
Nassau County's Proportion Share of the HIS Net Pension Plan	\$ 11,837,933	\$ 11,809,057	\$ 12,124,517	\$ 10,640,896		
Nassau County's Covered Payroll	\$ 36,538,795	\$ 35,221,567	\$ 32,521,989	\$ 31,678,266		
Nassau County's Proportionate Share of the HIS Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	32.40%	33.53%	37.28%	33.59%		
HIS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	2.15%	1.64%	9.70%	0.50%		

Note: (1) The amounts shown above as reported on the date indicated, have a measurement date three months prior. Covered payroll is for the year shown.

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLANS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 5,395,176	\$ 4,839,874	\$ 4,390,275	\$ 4,083,702
FRS Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	5,395,176	4,839,874	4,390,275	4,083,702
FRS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Nassau County's Covered Payroll (FYE 9/30)	\$37,449,919	\$35,056,145	\$32,521,989	\$31,678,266
FRS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.41%	13.81%	13.50%	12.89%

Note: Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which it is available will be presented.

HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN

	2018		2017		2016			2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	621,018	\$	582,630	\$	539,064	\$	431,586
HIS Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		621,018		582,630		539,064		431,586
HIS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Nassau County's Covered Payroll (FYE 9/30)	\$3	7,449,919	\$3	5,056,145	\$3	2,521,989	\$3	1,678,266
HIS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%		1.36%

Note: Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which it is available will be presented.



NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	State CSFA	Contract/Grant	F 14
Grant Agency/Grant Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
United States Department of Justice Direct:			
	16.710	2017UMWX0133	\$ 92,020
Office of Community Oriented Policing Services Indirect:	10.710	20170MWX0133	\$ 92,020
Passed Through Office of the Attorney General of Florida			
Victims of Crimes Act (VOCA)	16.575	VOCA-2017-NCB of C02401	44,321
Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement:	10.373	V OCH-2017-NCB 01 C02401	77,321
Edward Bryne Memorial Justice Assistance	16.738	PGI	3,400
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	N/A	341,223
Total United States Department of Justice	10.722	1 1// 1	480,964
-			+00,70+
United States Department of Transportation			
Indirect:			
Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation	20.205	422007 1 20 02	1 421
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	433987-1-38-02	1,431
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	433987-1-38-02	2,814
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	433987-1-58-01/433987-1-68-02	104
Highway Planning and Construction Subtotal Expenditures - CFDA 20.205	20.203		6,375
Highway Traffic Safety Fund	20.616	M5HVE-18-06-13	10,724 10,000
Total United States Department of Transportation	20.010	M3H VE-18-00-13	20,724
-			20,724
United States Election Assistance Commission			
Indirect:			
Passed Through Florida Division of Elections			
Help America Vote Act	90.401		9,549
Help America Vote Act	90.401	MOA#2018-001-NAS	58,835
Help America Vote Act	90.401	MOA#2019-002-NAS	9,114
Total United States Election Assistance Commission			77,498
United States Department of Health and Human Services Indirect:			
Passed Through Florida Department of Revenue			
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	CSS45	5,953
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	COC45	148,373
Total United States Department of Health and Human Services			154,326
United States Department of Homeland Security Indirect:			
Passed Through Florida Division of Emergency Management			
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042		49,350
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042		15,962
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042		6,992
Subtotal Expenditures - CFDA 97.042			72,304
Florida Division of Emergency Management	97.067		14,998
Florida Division of Emergency Management	97.067		2,600
Subtotal Expenditures - CFDA 97.067			17,598
Disaster Grant - Public Assistance FEMA	97.036		1,673,104
Passed Through Florida Commission of Community Service			
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042		6,915
Total United States Department of Homeland Security			1,769,921
Total Federal Awards			\$ 2,503,433

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

(Concluded)

Poper		State	G , , , , , , ,	
Department of Community Affairs S		CSFA	Contract/Grant	T 124
Emergency Management Programs 31,063 27,037 20,00		Number	Number	Expenditures
Subtotal Expenditures - CSFA No 31.063 106.696 106		31.063		\$ 70,650
Subtotal Expenditures - CSFA No 3.106.96 Total Department of Community Affairs				
Total Department of Environmental Protection Search Management Funding Assistance Program 37,003 16NA1 7,599 8each Management Funding Assistance Program 37,003 17NA1 104,317 8each Management Funding Assistance Program 37,003 19NA1 50,736 50mal County Consolidated Waste Grants 37,012 \$C825 90,090 7otal Department of Environmental Protection 37,012 \$C825 90,090 Total Department of State 37,894 37,912 37,912 37,913 3		31.003		
Plorida Department of Environmental Protection Reach Management Funding Assistance Program 37,003 16NA1 7,599 Reach Management Funding Assistance Program 37,003 17NA1 104,317 Reach Management Funding Assistance Program 37,003 19NA1 50,736 Small County Consolidated Waste Grants 37,012 SC825 99,099 Total Department of Environmental Protection 2253,561				
Beach Management Funding Assistance Program 37,003 16NA1 7,599 Beach Management Funding Assistance Program 37,003 17NA1 104,317 Beach Management Funding Assistance Program 37,003 19NA1 50,736 Small County Consolidated Waste Grants 37,012 SC825 90,909 Total Department of State State Aid to Libraries Grant Program 45,030 18-ST-36 37,894 Total Department of State State Housing Finance Corporation State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program 40,901 15/16 420,929 State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program 40,901 16/17 404,919 State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program 40,901 17/18 140,755 State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program 40,901 17/18	Total Department of Community Affairs			100,090
Beach Management Funding Assistance Program 37.003 17NA1 104.317 Beach Management Funding Assistance Program 37.003 19NA1 50.736 Small County Consolidated Waste Grams 37.012 SC825 90.909 Total Department of Environmental Protection 37.894 253.561 Florida Department of State 37.894 State Acid to Libraries Grant Program 45.030 18-ST-36 37.894 Florida Housing Finance Corporation State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program 40.901 15/16 420.929 State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program 40.901 16/17 404.919 State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program 40.901 17/18 140.755 State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program 40.901 17/18 140.755 <td< td=""><td>Florida Department of Environmental Protection</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Florida Department of Environmental Protection			
Beach Management Funding Assistance Program 37,003 19NA1 50,736 50,909 50 50,909 50 50,909 50 50 50,909 50 50 50,909 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	Beach Management Funding Assistance Program	37.003	16NA1	7,599
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Part	Beach Management Funding Assistance Program	37.003	19NA1	50,736
Plorida Department of State	Small County Consolidated Waste Grants	37.012	SC825	90,909
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Total State Expenditures \$ 3,536,932	Bulk Derelic Vessel Removal Grant	77.005	FWC-16186	15,128
	Total Florida Fish & Wildlife Conservation Commission			15,128
	Total State Expenditures			\$ 3,536,932
Total Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance \$ 6,040,365				
	Total Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance			\$ 6,040,365

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance projects includes the state award activity of Nassau County, Florida, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Nassau County, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Award and State Project

We have audited Nassau County, Florida's (the County's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and in the Florida Department of Financial Services' *State Projects Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2018. The County's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state projects.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Those standards, and the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program and state financial assistance project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.

Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350

1560 N. Orange Ave., Suite #450 • Winter Park, Florida 32789

MEMBERS OF AMERICAN AND FLORIDA INSTITUTES OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBER OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS PRIVATE COMPANIES AND S.E.C. PRACTICE SECTIONS

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Nassau County, Florida

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550,

RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL (Concluded)

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal program and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal awards and state financial assistance projects. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on federal awards and state financial assistance projects in order to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal award or state financial assistance project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal award or state financial assistance project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.550. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Turvis, Gray and Company, LLP March 13, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS -FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Summary of Auditors' Results

- 1. The independent auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Nassau County, Florida (the County).
- 2. A significant deficiency was identified during the audit of the financial statements as reported in the report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* for the Nassau County Board of County Commissioners which was reported as a significant deficiency.
- 3. There were no instances of noncompliance identified during the audit of the financial statements reported in the report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 4. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies and/or material weaknesses in internal control over major federal programs or state projects that are required to be reported in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.
- 5. The report on compliance for the major federal programs and state projects expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. The audit disclosed no findings that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.
- 7. The programs tested as major federal program and state financial assistance projects included:

Federal ProgramsCFDA No.Disaster Grant – Public Assistance – FEMA97.036State ProjectsCSFA No.Small County Road Assistance Agreement (SCRAP)55.016

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000 for federal programs and \$300,000 for state projects.
- 9. The County did not qualify as a low risk auditee for federal grant programs.

Financial Statement Findings

Financial statement findings, if any, are reported in the individual reports of the Board and the Constitutional Officers.

Findings and Questioned Costs for Major Federal Programs and State Projects

The audit disclosed no findings for major federal programs and state projects to be reported under the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Status of Prior Audit Findings

There were no prior year findings required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Nassau County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining funds information of Nassau County, Florida (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness for the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weaknesses, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control as disclosed in the report of the Board of County Commissioners we believe to be a significant deficiency.

Certified Public Accountants

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MEMBER OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS PRIVATE COMPANIES AND S.E.C. PRACTICE SECTIONS

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARD (Concluded)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that were reported to management in a separate management letter dated March 13, 2019.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control on or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 13, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

Turvis, Gray and Company, LLP



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Nassau County, Florida

rvis, Dray and Company, LLP

We have examined Nassau County, Florida, (the County's) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, as required by Section 10.556(10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the County complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the County complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards accepted in the United States of America requires us to indicate that this letter is intended solely for the information and use of management, and the Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 13, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 365.172(10) AND SECTION 365.173(2)(d), FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Nassau County, Florida

We have examined Nassau County, Florida's, (the County) compliance with Section 365.172(10) Florida Statutes, *Authorized Expenditures of E911 Fee*, and Section 365.173(2)(d) Florida Statutes, *Distribution and Use of (E911) Funds*, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, as required by Section 10.556(10)(b), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the County complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the County complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, and its management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Gurvis, Lay and Company, LLP March 13, 2019 Gainesville, Florida



MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Nassau County, Florida (the County), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reports

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project, and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance, and Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Reports on an Examination Conducted in Accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 13, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

■ Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

■ Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The County was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The County includes component units as described in Note 1 of the financial statements.

Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350

1560 N. Orange Ave., Suite #450 • Winter Park, Florida 32789

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MEMBER OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS PRIVATE COMPANIES AND S.E.C. PRACTICE SECTIONS

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Nassau County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER (Concluded)

Financial Condition and Management

- Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require a statement be included as to whether or not the local governmental entity has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the County did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.
- Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the County's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by the same.
- Section 10.554(1)(i)(2)., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. Our audit identified recommendations which are included in the respective reports of the Board.

Special District Component Units

■ Section 10.554(1)(i)5.d., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, provided the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statement of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that all special district component units provided the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

■ Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contract or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards accepted in the United States of America requires us to indicate that this letter is intended solely for the information and use of management, and the Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Turvis, Tray and Company, LLP March 13, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Serving as of September 30, 2018

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Commissioner—District 1	Daniel B. Leeper
Commissioner—District 2	Stephen W. Kelley
Commissioner—District 3, Chairman	Pat Edwards
Commissioner—District 4	George V. Spicer
Commissioner—District 5	Justin M. Taylor
APPOINTED OFFICIALS	
County Manager, Interim	Michael Mullin
County Attorney	Michael Mullin





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Nassau County, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County Board of County Commissioners, Nassau County, Florida, (the Board) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes, which collectively comprise the Board's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves preforming procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Board's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (Continued)

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the State of Florida Auditor General, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Incomplete Presentation

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Nassau County that is attributable to the Board of County Commissioners. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County as of September 30, 2018, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Prior Period Adjustment

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the current year, the Board adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB). This statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with OPEB, including the recognition and measurement of liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses. These liabilities are only recorded in the government-wide full accrual statements, and in the Board's enterprise funds. In connection with the implementation of this statement, the Board decreased its beginning net position in the enterprise fund by \$124,717. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do no express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (Concluded)

Other Matters (Concluded)

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Board's financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Yurvis, Gray and Company, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2019, on our consideration of the Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

March 13, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General		County Transportation		Municipal Services	
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	633,284	\$	96,320	\$	772,919
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		619,443		0		0
Equity in Pooled Investments		15,862,432		6,260,741		3,788,945
Accounts Receivable, (Net of						
Allowance for Uncollectibles)		807,291		39,055		762
Loans Receivable, (Net of						
Allowance for Uncollectibles)		0		0		0
Due from Other Funds		583,899		24,741		36,002
Due from Constitutional Officers		1,244,818		34,448		25,797
Due from Other Governments		3,106,454		353,033		58,075
Inventories		200,007		66,149		0
Prepaid Expenditures		550,010		2,350		839,620
Deposits		6,105		895		0
Total Assets		23,613,743		6,877,732		5,522,120
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		2,863,400		1,107,488		285,344
Accrued Liabilities		803,250		0		0
Retainage Payable		20,918		33,967		0
Due to Other Funds		68,728		154,332		348,454
Due to Constitutional Officers		73,162		0		363
Due to Other Governments		224,802		119		3,338
Deposits		26,828		10,440		0
Total Liabilities		4,081,088		1,306,346		637,499
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable Revenues		2,507,002		1,687		2,921
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		758,127		89,871		839,819
Restricted		1,150,863		0		5,083
Committed		0		0		0
Assigned		2,994,527		5,479,828		4,036,798
Unassigned		12,122,136		0		0
Total Fund Balances		17,025,653		5,569,699		4,881,700
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows						
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	23,613,743	\$	6,877,732	\$	5,522,120

F	Capital Projects - Transportation		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$	5,161,639	\$	15,615,730	\$	22,279,892
Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	619,443
	8,448,727		20,276,526		54,637,371
	0		0		847,108
	0		61,577		61,577
	0		7,418		652,060
	0		70,455		1,375,518
	2,221,263		144,614		5,883,439
	0		0		266,156
	0		0		1,391,980
	0		0		7,000
	15,831,629		36,176,320		88,021,544
	1,982,735		862,571		7,101,538
	0		0		803,250
	62,447		0		117,332
	0		52,392		623,906
	0		161		73,686
	0		940,700		1,168,959
	0		167,602	602 204,8	
	2,045,182		2,023,426		10,093,541
-	2,221,263		113,864		4,846,737
	0		150		1 697 067
	0		150 30,708,797		1,687,967 31,864,743
	11,565,184		2,526,973		14,092,157
	11,363,184		803,110		13,314,263
	0		0		12,122,136
	11,565,184		34,039,030		73,081,266
	11,505,104		J + ,UJ7,UJU		73,001,200
\$	15,831,629	\$	36,176,320	\$	88,021,544

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General		County Transportation		Municipal Services	
Revenues	,	_	<u> </u>	_		_
Taxes	\$	45,813,311	\$	5,947,364	\$	9,739,887
Licenses and Permits		43,347		8,777		179,584
Intergovernmental Revenues		7,121,116		1,602,416		780,936
Charges for Services		2,389,883		2,645		198,958
Fines and Forfeitures		47,381		2,046		35,086
Investment Earnings		454,750		124,272		94,939
Miscellaneous		227,629		118,908		8,278
Total Revenues		56,097,417		7,806,428		11,037,668
Expenditures Current:						
General Government Services		7,697,837		0		1,294,689
Public Safety		15,223,573		0		7,431,660
Physical Environment		1,781,942		0		0
Transportation		0		6,735,894		2,814
Economic Environment		164,099		0		0
Human Services		2,620,557		0		1,002,761
Culture and Recreation		1,894,597		0		0
Court-related Expenditures		931,878		0		0
Capital Outlay		3,353,972		853,005		903,502
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		550,731		0		0
Interest and Fiscal Charges		0		0		0
(Total Expenditures)		34,219,186		7,588,899		10,635,426
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		21,878,231		217,529		402,242
		, ,		,		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from Constitutional Officers		1 105 901		0.110		25.702
		1,195,801		9,119 (88,009)		25,792
Transfers to Constitutional Officers Transfers in		(26,539,836) 4,985,362		2,614,347		(2,979,399) 4,099,289
Transfers (out)		(2,755,611)		(2,380,669)		(85,470)
Sale of General Capital Assets		14,677	-	17,863		3,500
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(23,099,607)		172,651		1,063,712
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,221,376)		390,180		1,465,954
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		18,247,029		5,179,519		3,415,746
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	17,025,653	\$	5,569,699	\$	4,881,700

Capital Projects - Transportation	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 0	\$ 17,329,540	\$ 78,830,102
0	6,247,660	6,479,368
349,041	1,350,059	11,203,568
0	858,816	3,450,302
0	151,055	235,568
173,525	514,283	1,361,769
0	92,463	447,278
522,566	26,543,876	102,007,955
0	1,060,119	10,052,645
0	496,345	23,151,578
0	784,636	2,566,578
1,995,600	37,760	8,772,068
0	5,471,675	5,635,774
0	124,809	3,748,127
0	26,616	1,921,213
0	305,927	1,237,805
2,516,967	820,491	8,447,937
0	2,610,891	3,161,622
0	1,758,311	1,758,311
4,512,567	13,497,580	70,453,658
(3,990,001)	13,046,296	31,554,297
0	17,931	1,248,643
0	(636,649)	(30,243,893)
4,536,925	2,765,069	19,000,992
0	(13,713,853)	(18,935,603)
0	3,348	39,388
4,536,925	(11,564,154)	(28,890,473)
546,924	1,482,142	2,663,824
11,018,260	32,556,888	70,417,442
\$ 11,565,184	\$ 34,039,030	\$ 73,081,266

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Water and Sewer
Assets	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,097,385
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	947,808
Equity in Pooled Investments	4,034,809
Accounts Receivable, Net	418,218
Due from Other Funds	4,542
Inventories - Materials and Supplies	58,847
Prepaid Expenses	41,365
Total Current Assets	9,602,974
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated	
Depreciation Where Applicable)	13,926,791
Total Noncurrent Assets	13,926,791
Total Assets	23,529,765
Deferred Outflow of Resources	
Unamortized Refunding Loss	448,895
Pension Related	195,098
OPEB Related	10,449
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	654,442
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	24,184,207
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	273,234
Due to Other Funds	32,696
Due to Other Governments	78
Deposits	137,357
Bonds Payable	975,000
Compensated Absences	94,688
Total Current Liabilities	1,513,053
Noncurrent Liabilities:	1,515,055
Compensated Absences	51,472
Other Postemployment Benefits	226,156
Bonds Payable Long-term	9,775,000
Net Pension Liability	453,941
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	10,506,569
Total Liabilities	12,019,622
Deferred Inflow of Resources	12,019,022
Pension Related	49 404
	68,694
OPEB Related	7,270
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	75,964
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,625,686
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	597,824
Renewal and Replacement	208,124
Unrestricted	7,656,987
Total Net Position	\$ 12,088,621

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Water and Sewer
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 4,180,612
Connection and Impact Fees	123,173
Other Income	106,059
Total Operating Revenues	4,409,844
Operating Expenses	
Contractual Services	12,334
Professional Services	65,224
Salaries and Benefits	870,974
Rentals and Leases	23,616
Repairs and Maintenance	199,666
Gas and Oil	8,567
Materials	1,735
Depreciation	813,989
Other Expenses	489,070
(Total Operating Expenses)	2,485,175
Operating Income	1,924,669
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest Earnings	30,869
Interest and Other Debt Service Costs	(286,281)
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(20,197)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(275,609)
Income Before Transfers	1,649,060
Transfers	
Transfers (out)	(65,389)
Transfer (out) to Constitutional Officer	(8)
Total Transfers	(65,397)
Change in Net Position	1,583,663
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	10,629,675
Prior Period Adjustments	(124,717)
Net Position, Beginning of Year (as Restated)	10,504,958
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$ 12,088,621

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	V	Vater and Sewer
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash Received from Customers	\$	4,511,875
Cash Payments to Vendors for Goods and Services		(790,830)
Cash Payments to Employees		(835,534)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		2,885,511
Noncapital Financing Activities		
Transfers to Constitutional Officers		(8)
Transfers to Other Funds		(65,389)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital		(65.207)
Financing Activities		(65,397)
Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment		(869,050)
Principal Payments on Bonds		(955,000)
Payment of Interest and Other Debt Costs		(241,391)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related		(2.065.441)
Financing Activities		(2,065,441)
Investing Activities		
Interest Received		30,869
Purchase of Investments		(23,241)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		7,628
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		762,301
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		4,282,892
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	5,045,193
Reported in Statement of Net Assets as		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,097,385
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		947,808
Total	\$	5,045,193

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND

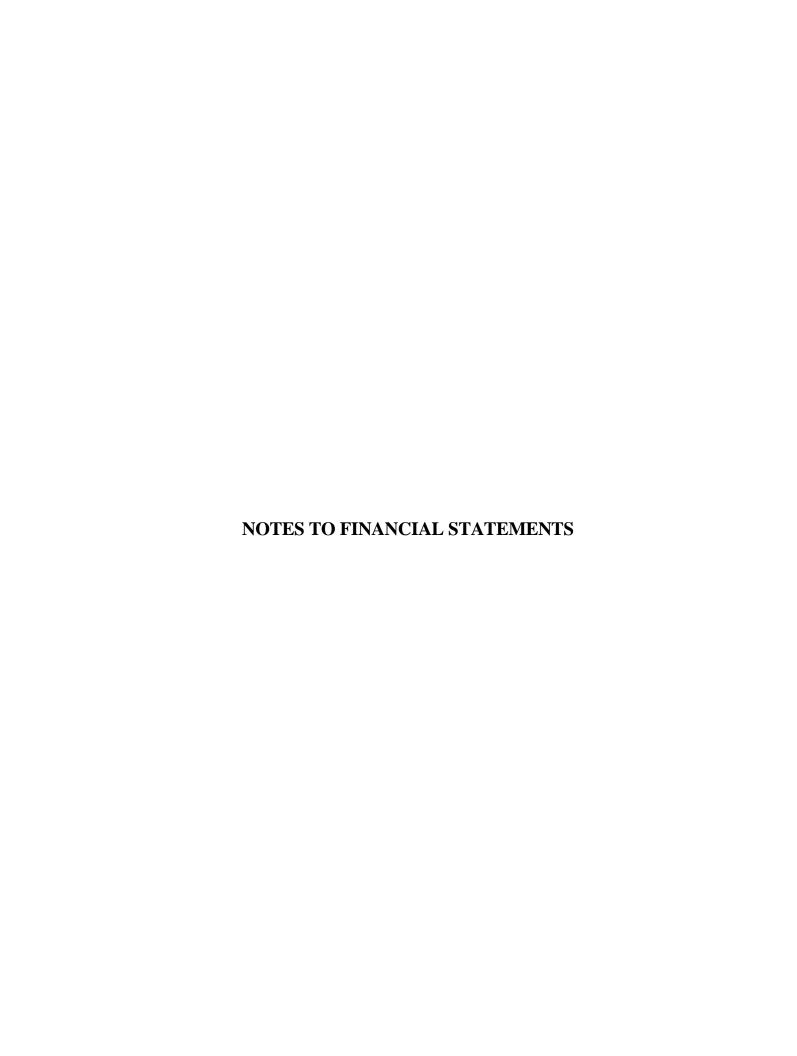
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

(Concluded)

Pagangiliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Not		Water and Sewer		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,924,669		
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss)	Ť	-,,,,		
to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating				
Activities:				
Depreciation and Amortization		813,989		
Changes in Assets - Decrease (Increase):				
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable		91,439		
Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Funds		(1,528)		
Decrease (Increase) in Inventory		1,384		
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expense		108		
Decrease (Increase) in Deferred Outflows		17,586		
Changes in Liabilities - Increase (Decrease):				
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(2,496)		
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		4,980		
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Constitutionals		(8)		
Increase (Decrease) in Deposits		7,140		
Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability		9,057		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		(31,466)		
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows		47,516		
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		3,141		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	2,885,511		

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		SAISSA
Assets		
Cash and Equivalents	\$	2,180
Equity in Pooled Investments		1,005,885
Due from Constitutional Officers		1,706
Total Assets	_	1,009,771
Liabilities		
Due to Bond Holders		1,009,771
Total Liabilities	\$	1,009,771



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed by the Nassau County Board of County Commissioners (the Board) are described below to enhance the usefulness of the fund financial statements to the reader.

Reporting Entity

Nassau County (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is composed of an elected Board of County Commissioners and elected Constitutional Officers, who are governed by federal and state statutes, regulations, and County ordinances. The Board is operated as a separate County agency in accordance with applicable provisions of Florida Statutes. The Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court is the clerk and accountant of the Board in accordance with the provisions of Section 125.17, Florida Statutes.

The Nassau County Housing Finance Authority (NCHFA) is a dependent special district, which functions for the benefit of the citizens of the County and is considered a blended component unit of the County. The NCHFA had no revenues or expenditures during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. In addition, the NCHFA did not issue any bonds during the audit period, nor were there any bonds outstanding at year-end. Therefore, financial statements were not prepared for NCHFA and, accordingly, no financial data for NCHFA is presented in these financial statements.

The Recreation and Water Conservation and Control District No. 1 (RWCCD) is a dependent special district, which functions for the benefit of the citizens of the County and is considered a blended component unit of the County. The RWCCD had no revenues or expenditures during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. In addition, the RWCCD did not issue any bonds during the audit period, nor were there any bonds outstanding at year-end. Therefore, financial statements were not prepared for RWCCD and, accordingly, no financial data for RWCCD is presented in these financial statements.

The Board is an integral part of the County, which is the primary government for financial reporting purposes.

Basis of Presentation

The Board's financial statements are special-purpose financial statement which have been prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida (the Rules). These special-purpose financial statements are the fund financial statements required by generally accepted accounting principles.

However, these fund statements do not constitute a complete presentation because, in conformity with the Rules, the Board has not presented the government-wide financial statements, reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements, or management's discussion and analysis. Also, certain notes to the financial statements may supplement rather than duplicate the notes included in the county-wide financial statements.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Board are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances or net position, as appropriate, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds, based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The following funds are used by the Board:

■ Governmental Funds

• Major Governmental Funds

- ► The **General Fund**—is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Board, which are not properly accounted for in other funds.
- ► The County Transportation Trust Fund—is used to account for the operation of the Road and Bridge Department. Financing is provided principally by ad valorem taxes and the County's share of State gasoline taxes.
- ► The Municipal Services Fund—is used to account for activities benefiting only the unincorporated areas of the County. Financing is provided principally by ad valorem taxes, the half-cent sales tax, and State Revenue Sharing.
- ► The Capital Projects Transportation Fund—is used to account for all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major transportation-related capital facilities and/or projects. Funding is provided from a variety of funding sources.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

- ▶ **Special Revenue Funds**—are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources other than major capital projects or to finance specified activities as required by law.
- ▶ **Debt Service Funds**—are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, interest, principal, and related costs on general long-term debt.
- ➤ Capital Projects Funds—are used to account for all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Fund Accounting (Concluded)

- Major Proprietary Funds
 - **Proprietary Funds**—are used to account for operations either: (1) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Board is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (2) where the Board has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.
 - ▶ Water and Sewer Fund The water and sewer fund accounts for water and wastewater services provided to approximately 3,300 customers on 4,800 acres located entirely in the County, situated north of the Duval County line and south of the City of Fernandina Beach.

■ Fiduciary Fund

The Agency Fund-SAISS is used to account for assets held by the Board as agent for the South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization Association representing property owners within the geographical boundaries of the South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization Municipal Service Benefit Unit.

Measurement Focus

- Governmental Funds—general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds are accounted for on a "current financial resources" measurement focus. This means that only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. Accordingly, the reported fund balances (assets plus deferred outflows, less liabilities, less deferred inflows) are considered a measure of available, spendable, or appropriable resources. Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balances.
- **Proprietary Funds**—the enterprise funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included on their statement of net position, and the reported net position (total reported assets plus deferred outflows, less total reported liabilities, less deferred inflows) provide an indication of the economic net worth of the funds. The operating statements for the proprietary funds report increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges for services. Operating expenses include cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

■ **Fiduciary Funds**—agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (*Continued***)**

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the fund financial statements. In addition, basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Board considers revenues to be "available" if they are collected within sixty days after year-end.

Primary revenues, including special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, rents, and interest are treated as susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis. Other revenue sources are not considered measurable and available, and are not treated as susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are generally recognized under the accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and other postemployment benefits, are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents are considered cash in bank, demand deposits, and short-term investments with maturities of less than three months.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the enterprise funds consider all highly liquid investments, including restricted assets, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Deposits and Investments

The Board is allowed to invest in: (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) other obligations, the principal of and interest on, which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the United States; (3) certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks domiciled in Florida that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or its successor; (4) interest-bearing demand deposits; (5) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements, secured by obligations described in subdivisions (1) and (2) above, and pledged with third parties selected or approved by the Board; (6) commercial paper; (7) corporate bonds; (8) derivative securities limited to those types authorized in (1) through (7) above; and (9) the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (the Florida State Board of Administration).

All investments are stated at fair value. Investment fair values are based on quoted market prices. Investments in mutual funds and Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, which are external 2a-7-like investment pools, are stated at share price which is substantially the same as fair value.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are reported net of the allowance for uncollectibles on the balance sheet - governmental funds and statement of net position - proprietary funds. The allowances for uncollectible accounts receivables are based upon aging schedules and the related collection experiences of such receivables.

Interfund Balances

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories, consisting principally of expendable items held for consumption, are determined by physical count and are stated at cost based on the average-cost method. The costs of inventories in governmental fund types are recorded as expenditures when consumed; therefore, the inventory asset amount is not available for appropriation.

Prepaid items are certain payments to vendors and the Constitutional Officers that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in fund financial statements. The costs of prepaid items in the governmental fund types are recorded as expenditures when consumed.

On the governmental funds balance sheet, the prepaid and inventory balances reported are offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification which indicated these balances do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

Unamortized Refunding Loss

Losses resulting from the refunding of debt are reported as deferred outflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the refunded debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned:

- Nonspendable—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that cannot be spent because: (a) they are not expected to be converted to cash, or (b) they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund.
- **Restricted**—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained either: (a) externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (e.g., ordinance) of the organization's governing authority (the Board). These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (e.g., ordinance) employed to constrain those amounts.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Fund Balance (Concluded)

- Assigned—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by a less-than-formal action of the organization's governing authority, or by an individual or body to whom the governing authority has delegated this responsibility. In addition, residual balances in capital projects and debt service funds are considered assigned for the general purpose of the respective fund.
- Unassigned—This classification is used for: (a) negative unrestricted fund balances in any governmental fund, or (b) fund balances within the general fund that are not restricted, committed, or assigned.
- Flow Assumption—When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use in any governmental fund, it is the Board's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as needed.

Net Position

Net position of the proprietary funds are made up of three components. *Net investment in capital assets* represents net capital assets less related long-term liabilities, where unspent debt proceeds increase this amount. *Restricted net position* represent assets that are legally restricted for specific purposes. They include bond sinking and reserve funds; special revenues restricted by statute, ordinance, and bond proceeds; and other sources restricted for capital projects or improvements. The balance of net position is considered *unrestricted net position*.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources in the general fund and the water and sewer enterprise fund are set-aside for payment of the landfill postclosure and monitoring costs, capital reserves, renewal and replacement, and the utility system. These resources are classified as restricted cash and investments on the statement of net position - proprietary funds because their use is limited. All cash and investments classified as restricted are the result of various bond indenture or other legal requirements. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the Board's practice is to use the restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Capital Assets and Long-term Liabilities

■ Governmental Funds

Purchases of capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when the assets are acquired. At year-end, the assets are capitalized at cost by the Board in the statement of net position as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

The capital assets used in the operations of the Board, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, and Supervisor of Elections, are accounted for by the Board because the Board holds legal title and is accountable for them under Florida law. In accordance with Florida Statutes, the Board also holds title and maintains all land and buildings used by the Sheriff.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (*Continued***)**

Capital Assets and Long-term Liabilities (Concluded)

■ Governmental Funds (Concluded)

The Sheriff, pursuant to Chapter 274, Florida Statutes, is accountable for, and thus maintains, capital asset records pertaining to equipment used in operations; therefore, those assets are not presented in these fund financial statements.

The Board capitalizes all capital assets which have a cost of \$750 or more and a useful life in excess of one year with the following exceptions:

Capital Asset	Capitalization
Category	Threshold
Buildings	\$25,000
Building Improvements	Greater of \$25,000 or 10% of Original Value
Improvements to Land Other than Buildings	\$10,000
Land	All
Easements or Right-of-Way	\$10,000
Infrastructure:	
Roads	\$250,000
Subdivisions	\$250,000
Bridges	\$50,000
Sidewalks	\$10,000
Street Lighting System	\$25,000
Drainage Systems	\$50,000
Additions or Improvements to Infrastructure	Greater of \$100,000 or 10% of Original Cost

Such assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Infrastructure	15-40 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20 Years
Computer Equipment	2-5 Years

Governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Proprietary Enterprise Funds

Property and equipment purchased by the enterprise funds are capitalized by those funds. Depreciation on such assets is charged as an expense against each fund's operations. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	15-40 Years
Equipment	3-20 Years

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Capitalization of Interest Costs

When applicable the Board capitalizes interest costs related to construction of capital assets. For fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, no interest was capitalized.

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources reported on applicable governmental fund types represent revenues which are measurable but not available in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. The deferred inflows will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned or become available. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows have a positive effect on net position, similar to assets.

Compensated Absences

Annual, sick, bonus, and compensatory leave amounts accumulate and vest in accordance with the policies of the Board and negotiated union contracts. Provisions of these policies and the union contracts specify how benefits are earned, accumulate, and when and to what extent they vest.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity of generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The Board allows retirees and their dependents to remain covered under the County's respective medical and insurance plans as required by Florida Statutes. The Board also provides a direct subsidy to retirees based on the number of years of service. During fiscal year 2018, the Board implemented *GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). This statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with OPEB, including the recognition and measurement of liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses. These liabilities are only recorded in the government-wide full accrual statements, and in the Board's enterprise funds. Further details of the net OPEB liability, annual OPEB expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

Retirement Plans

The Board participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan administered by the Florida Division of Retirement. As a participating employer, the Board implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which requires employers participating in cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans to report the employers' proportionate share of the net pension liabilities and related pension amounts of the defined benefit pension plans. These liabilities are only recorded in the government-wide full accrual financial statements, and in the Board's enterprise fund. Further details of the FRS Plan net position liability, annual pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Concluded)

Property Taxes

Real property and tangible personal property are assessed by the Property Appraiser according to the property's just value on January 1st of each year. Section 200.071, Florida Statutes, authorizes the Board to levy ad valorem tax millage against real property and tangible personal property for the County, including dependent districts, not to exceed 10 mills, except for voted levies. The Board shall determine the amount of millage to be levied and shall certify such millage to the Property Appraiser. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the Board levied 6.5670 mills. An additional 1.6694 mills and 0.1021 mills were levied for the benefit of the Nassau County Municipal Services Taxing Unit and the Amelia Island Beach Renourishment MSTU, respectively.

Property taxes are due and payable on March 31st of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment rolls are charged to the Tax Collector by the Property Appraiser. Taxes on real property may be prepaid in four quarterly installments beginning not later than June 30th of the year in which assessed. Discounts are allowed for payment of property taxes before March 1st. Taxes become delinquent on April 1st following the year in which the taxes were assessed.

The Tax Collector collects taxes for the various taxing entities, including the Board. Delinquent taxes on real property are collected by selling tax certificates to individuals. If a tax certificate is not sold, the tax certificate is struck to the County. Attempts to collect delinquent taxes on tangible personal property are done by the issuance of warrants for the seizure and sale of such tangible personal property. Key dates in the property tax cycle (latest date where appropriate) are as follows:

January 1 Property Just Value Established for Assessment of Taxes.

July 1 Assessment Roll Certified, Unless Extension Granted by the

Florida Department of Revenue.

93 Days Later Millage Resolution Approved and Taxes Levied Thereafter

as Tax Collector Received Tax Roll.

30 Days Thereafter Property Taxes Become Due and Payable (Maximum Discount).

April 1 Taxes Become Delinquent.

Prior to June 1 Tax Certificates Sold.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

Deposits with Financial Institutions

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Board's deposits with financial institutions was \$27,946,708 and the bank balances were \$28,991,538. All of the Board's deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to the provisions of Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, the *Florida Security for Public Deposits Act*. Qualified public depositories are required by this law to pledge collateral with a market value equal to a percentage of the average daily balance of all public deposits in excess of any federal deposit insurance. In event of default by a qualified public depository, all claims for public deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default, and if necessary a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool. Therefore, all cash and time deposits held by banks are fully insured and collateralized.

(Continued)

Note 2 - <u>Cash and Investments</u> (Continued)

Investments

The Board's investment practices are governed by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and County Ordinance 95-144. Authorized investments include the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (the State Pool) or similar intergovernmental investment pools, money market funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories as defined in Section 280.02, Florida Statutes, direct obligations of the United States Treasury, federal agencies and instrumentalities, securities of, or interests in, any open-end or closed-end management-type investment company or investment trust, or other investments authorized by law or ordinance of the County.

Interest and investment earnings are generally allocated to the various funds based upon each fund's equity balance in the pooled cash or the investment accounts.

The following items discuss the Board's exposure to various risks of their investment portfolio.

- Interest Rate Risk—The risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Board has a formal investment policy for operating surplus funds that limits investment maturities to twelve months as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates. Investments of bond reserves, construction funds, and other nonoperating funds shall have a term appropriate to the need for funds and in accordance with debt covenants. The maturities of the underlying securities of a repurchase agreement will follow the requirements of a Master Repurchase Agreement in form approved by the Public Securities Association.
- Custodial Credit Risk—For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The certificates of deposit are held in qualified public depositories or at levels below EDIC insurance thresholds.

In accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-701, *Florida Administrative Code*, the Board has established escrow accounts to provide proof of financial responsibility for the postclosure costs associated with the Old West Nassau and New West Nassau Landfills. The amounts in these escrow accounts are determined by engineering studies as required by the above rule, and are reported as cash and cash equivalents - restricted.

The following are details of the cash and investments held by the Board at year-end:

		Fair
Description		Value
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	27,946,708
Certificates of Deposit		34,970,532
Money Market Accounts		24,707,533
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$</u>	87,624,773

(Continued)

Note 2 - <u>Cash and Investments</u> (Concluded)

Investments (Concluded)

Reported in accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Go	vernmental Funds	_	Proprietary Fund	 Agency Fund		Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents Equity in Pooled Investments	\$	22,279,892 54,637,371	\$	4,097,385 4,034,809	\$ 2,180 1,005,885	\$	26,379,457 59,678,065
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		619,443	_	947,808	 0	_	1,567,251
Total Cash and Investments	\$	77,536,706	\$	9,080,002	\$ 1,008,065	\$	87,624,773

Note 3 - Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable (net of allowances for uncollectibles) at September 30, 2018, included the following:

	R	Receivable		Allowance		Net
Governmental Funds						
General Fund	\$	2,506,553	\$	(1,699,262)	\$	807,291
County Transportation		39,055		0		39,055
Municipal Services		762		0		762
Total Governmental Funds	<u>\$</u>	2,546,370	\$	(1,699,262)	\$	847,108
	R	<u>eceivable</u>		Allowance		Net
Business-type Funds						
Water and Sewer	\$	420,755	\$	(2,537)	\$	418,218

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund and the proprietary funds at September 30, 2018, represent monies required to be restricted for landfill postclosure costs, debt service and construction under terms of outstanding bond agreements and impact fees restricted to water and sewer system uses. Assets are also restricted in accordance with ordinances and Florida Statutes. Restricted assets for the general fund and the proprietary funds at September 30, 2018, were restricted for the following purposes:

Customer Deposits	\$ 141,860
Landfill Postclosure Costs	619,443
Renewal and Replacement (Water/Sewer)	208,124
Debt Service	 597,824
Total	\$ 1,567,251

(Continued)

Note 4 - Restricted Assets (Concluded)

Reported in accompanying financial statements as follows:

]	Reported
Account		Amount
Current: Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - General	\$	619,443
Current: Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Business-type Activities		141,860
Noncurrent: Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Business-type Activities		805,948
Total Restricted Assets	\$	1,567,251

Note 5 - <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets of the governmental funds are not recorded on the accompanying financial statements; however, they will be recorded on the County-wide financial statements. The capital assets of the proprietary funds are recorded on the statement of net position.

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	10/1/17		Increases	(Decreases)	9/30/18
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 76,764,	927 \$	973,776	\$ (300)	\$ 77,738,403
Construction Work in Progress	2,599,	819	4,389,143	(2,555,756)	4,433,206
Total Capital Assets Not Being					
Depreciated	79,364,	746	5,362,919	(2,556,056)	82,171,609
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Building and Improvements	71,274,	894	2,029,187	0	73,304,081
Machinery and Equipment	30,362,	569	3,344,941	(1,977,842)	31,729,668
Improvements other than Buildings	412,	126	543,297	0	955,423
Leasehold Improvements	1,040,	516	0	0	1,040,516
Infrastructure	630,248,	726	99,310	0	630,348,036
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated	733,338,	831	6,016,735	(1,977,842)	737,377,724
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings and Improvements	(25,455,	903)	(1,814,502)	0	(27,270,405)
Machinery and Equipment	(21,154,	738)	(2,490,047)	1,931,779	(21,713,006)
Leasehold Improvements	(236,	572)	(43,965)	0	(280,537)
Infrastructure	(337,727,	071)	(16,196,905)	0	(353,923,976)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(384,574,	284)	(20,545,419)	1,931,779	(403,187,924)
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated, Net	348,764,	547	(14,528,684)	(46,063)	334,189,800
Total Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 428,129,	<u>293</u> \$	(9,165,765)	<u>\$ (2,602,119)</u>	\$ 416,361,409

(Continued)

Note 5 - <u>Capital Assets</u> (Concluded)

	Balance		(D)	Balance
	10/1/17	Increases	(Decreases)	9/30/18
Business-type Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 167,966	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 167,966
Construction Work in Progress	16,303	0	0	16,303
Total Capital Assets, Not Being				
Depreciated	184,269	0	0	184,269
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Building and Improvements	774,577	0	(19,712)	754,865
Equipment	22,353,262	869,050	(2,079)	23,220,233
Total Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated	23,127,839	869,050	(21,791)	23,975,098
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Building and Improvements	(248,973)	(19,839)	0	(268,812)
Equipment	(9,171,207)	(794,151)	1,594	(9,963,764)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(9,420,180)	(813,990)	1,594	(10,232,576)
Total Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated, Net	13,707,659	55,060	(20,197)	13,742,522
Total Business-type Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 13,891,928</u>	\$ 55,060	<u>\$ (20,197)</u>	<u>\$ 13,926,791</u>

Note 6 - <u>Interfund Activity</u>

Interfund balances at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Total
General	County Transportation	\$ 154,332
General	Municipal Service	348,454
General	Water and Sewer	32,696
General	Nonmajor	48,417
County Transportation	General Fund	24,224
County Transportation	Nonmajor	517
Municipal Service	General Fund	35,086
Municipal Service	Nonmajor	916
Water and Sewer	General Fund	4,542
Nonmajor	General Fund	4,876
Nonmajor	Nonmajor	2,542
Total	•	\$ 656,602

The purpose for each of these interfund receivables and payables is to provide temporary loans for cash flow needs, primarily associated with reimbursable grant programs. In addition to the interfund balances, there was also \$1,375,519 due from the Constitutional Officers, and \$73,686 due to the Constitutional Officers.

(Continued)

Note 6 - Interfund Activity (Concluded)

Interfund transfers:

	Transfers In										
	Coun	ty		Capital							
		Tran	s- Mu	nicipal	Project						
Transfers Out	General	portati	ion Se	rvices	Transportation	Nonmajor	Totals				
General	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$ 2,755,611	\$ 2,755,611				
County Transportation		0	0	0	2,377,675	2,994	2,380,669				
Municipal Services	85,47	0	0	0	0	0	85,470				
Nonmajor	4,834,50	3 2,6	14,347 4	,099,289	2,159,250	6,464	13,713,853				
Water and Sewer	65,38	9	0	0	0	0	65,389				
Total	\$ 4,985,36	2 \$ 2,6	14,347 \$ 4	,099,289 \$	4,536,925	\$ 2,765,069	\$ 19,000,992				

In addition to the interfund transfers, there were transfers out to the Constitutional Officers of \$30,153,466 and transfers in from the Constitutional Officers of \$1,248,643.

The purposes for these interfund transfers include transfers to: (a) Constitutional Officers; (b) match for special revenue grant requirements; (c) other funds based on budgetary requirements; and (d) funds that are required by statute or budgetary authority to expend revenues from another fund that by statute or budgetary authority must collect revenues.

Note 7 - Leases

■ Governmental Funds

The Board is party to operating leases during the period ended September 30, 2018, as follows:

- Tower Site (14th Street)—the Board entered into a five-year lease with Pinnacle Towers, LLC, commencing April 1, 2011. The Board exercised the five-year renewal, which has an effective date of April 2016. Operating lease payments for the year ended September 30, 2018, were \$31,614
- Two *Tower Sites (Hilliard and Dahoma)*—the Board entered into five year lease with American Tower Asset Sub, LLC, commencing May 2016. Operating lease payments for the year ended September 30, 2018, were \$60,454.
- West Nassau Land Development—the Board entered into a five-year lease with West Nassau Land Development, LLC, commencing July 1, 2015. Operating lease payments for the year ended September 30, 2018, were \$75,443.
- *Ring Investments*—the Board entered into a two-year lease with Ring Investment, LLC in 2015. An amendment was done in December 2017, with an ending date of September 2019. Operating lease payments for the year ended September 30, 2018, totaled \$37,494.

(Continued)

Note 7 - <u>Leases</u> (Concluded)

Future minimum lease payments under these leases follow:

	Tower	West Nassau		
Year Ending	Lease	Land	Ring	
September 30,	Sites	Development	Investments	Totals
2019	\$ 96,356	\$ 77,178	\$ 37,494	\$ 211,028
2020	100,844	60,892	0	161,736
2021	93,215	0	0	93,215
2022	36,984	0	0	36,984
2023	38,463	0	0	38,463
Total	\$ 365,862	<u>\$ 138,070</u>	\$ 37,494	<u>\$ 541,426</u>

Capital Lease

The County entered into a lease agreement during the year for financing the acquisition of radios for the Sheriff and multiple County departments. The Sheriff has recorded their portion of the radios (\$2,129,251) into their fixed asset system. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The asset acquired through capital leases (excluding sheriff's assets) are as follows:

Asset	
Radios	\$ 872,838
(Accumulated Depreciation)	 (645,825)
Total	\$ 227,013

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2018, were as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental
September 30,	Activities
2019	\$ 550,731
Total	\$ 550,731

Note 8 - Long-term Obligations

Long-term debt is not recorded in the governmental funds on the accompanying financial statements; however, it will be recorded on the County-wide financial statements. Long-term debt is recorded in the proprietary funds.

(Continued)

Note 8 - <u>Long-term Obligations</u> (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	Balance 10/1/17	Additions	F	Reductions	Balance 9/30/18		ie Within Ine Year
Governmental Activities	10/1/1/	 raditions		teductions	 2/00/10		ne rear
Bonds Payable	\$ 30,145,585	\$ 0	\$	(2,840,525)	\$ 27,305,060	\$	1,564,662
Premium on Bonds Payable	1,039,476	0		(74,248)	965,228	·	74,428
Total Bonds and Notes							
Payable	31,185,061	 0		(2,914,773)	 28,270,288		1,639,090
Capital Lease	1,101,462	0		(550,731)	550,731		550,731
Compensated Absences	5,624,157	2,417,599		(2,560,471)	5,481,285		2,390,280
Other Postemployment							
Benefits	11,155,296	0		(73,647)	11,081,649		0
Landfill Postclosure	14,035,143	0		(280,429)	13,754,714		619,306
Net Pension Liability	36,011,366	 0		(1,863,435)	 34,147,931		0
Total Governmental							
Activities Long-term							
Liabilities	\$ 99,112,485	\$ 2,417,599	\$	(8,243,486)	\$ 93,286,598	\$	5,199,407
Business-type Activities							
Bonds Payable	\$ 11,705,000	\$ 0	\$	(955,000)	\$ 10,750,000	\$	975,000
Compensated Absences	143,019	62,621		(59,480)	146,160		94,688
Other Postemployment							
Benefits	227,659	0		(1,503)	226,156		0
Net Pension Liability	 485,407	 0		(31,466)	 453,941		0
Total Business-type							
Activities Long-term							
Liabilities	\$ 12,561,085	\$ 62,621	\$	(1,047,449)	\$ 11,576,257	\$	1,069,688

Governmental Activities

A brief synopsis of long-term debt existing at September 30, 2018, follows:

2000 Optional Gas Tax Revenue Bonds

The Board, in September 2000, issued the Optional Gas Tax Revenue Bond in the amount of \$6,167,580. The proceeds of the bond issue are to pay the cost of acquisition and construction of certain transportation capital improvements in the County and to pay certain costs related to the issuance and sale of the Series 2000 Bonds. The 2000 Bonds are capital appreciation bonds; additional capital appreciation through September 30, 2018, totaled \$3,513,694.

(Continued)

Note 8 - <u>Long-term Obligations</u> (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

2000 Optional Gas Tax Revenue Bonds (Concluded)

The Series 2000 Bonds are special limited obligations of the County payable solely from and secured by a prior lien upon and pledge of the proceeds of the six-cent local option gas tax and until expended, the monies on deposit in certain funds and accounts created by Resolution. Annual principal and interest on the bonds are expected to require approximately 40% of such tax revenue and are payable through 2025. Principal and interest payments for the current year totaled \$945,000 and gas tax revenues totaled \$2,374,856. At year-end, pledged future revenues totaled \$6,615,000, which was the amount of remaining principal and interest on the bonds. Other Board revenues are not available to finance this bond issue. In addition, the bondholders do not have any authority to compel the Board to increase ad valorem taxes for financing this bond issue. Such bonds, bearing interest at a rate between 5.55% to 5.81% per annum, are dated August 30, 2000, and are in denominations of \$5,000 each. A portion of such bonds mature annually starting March 1, 2010, with final maturity being March 1, 2025. The bonds have a required reserve of \$945,000, which is on hand at year-end.

Future principal and interest payments for this bond issue are as follows; capital appreciation amounts are included in future interest:

Year Ending			
September 30,	 Principal_	 Interest	Total
2019	\$ 334,662	\$ 610,338	\$ 945,000
2020	315,176	629,824	945,000
2021	296,125	648,875	945,000
2022	278,643	666,357	945,000
2023	262,086	682,914	945,000
2024-2025	 479,673	 1,410,327	 1,890,000
Total	\$ 1,966,365	\$ 4,648,635	\$ 6,615,000

2007 Public Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds

The Board, in June 2007, issued the Public Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2007, in the amount of \$29,630,000. The purposes of the Series 2007 Bonds are to: (1) acquire and construct certain public improvements; (2) partially advance refund the Board's outstanding Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2001; and (3) pay certain issuance costs of the Series 2007 Bonds, including the municipal bond insurance premium.

The Series 2007 Bonds are special obligations of the Board payable solely from amounts budgeted and appropriated by the Board from non ad valorem tax revenues in accordance with the terms of the Resolution. Annual principal and interest on the bonds are expected to require approximately 29% of such non ad valorem tax revenue and are payable through 2031. Principal and interest payments for the current year totaled \$2,319,750 and non ad valorem tax revenues totaled \$7,972,076. At year-end, pledged future revenues totaled \$30,203,500, which was the amount of remaining principal and interest on the bonds. Other Board revenues are not available to finance this bond issue.

(Continued)

Note 8 - <u>Long-term Obligations</u> (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Concluded)

2007 Public Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds (*Concluded*)

In addition, the bondholders do not have any authority to compel the Board to increase ad valorem taxes for financing this bond issue. Such bonds, bearing interest rates between 4.0% and 5.0% per annum, are dated June 12, 2007, and are in denominations of \$5,000 each. A portion of such bonds mature annually beginning May 2008, with term maturities in May of 2023, 2025, 2027, and 2031.

Future principal and interest payments for this bond issue are as follows:

Year Ending			
September 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2019	\$ 1,230,000	\$ 1,091,250	\$ 2,321,250
2020	1,295,000	1,029,750	2,324,750
2021	1,360,000	965,000	2,325,000
2022	1,425,000	897,000	2,322,000
2023	1,500,000	825,750	2,325,750
2024-2028	8,690,000	2,926,750	11,616,750
2029-2031	6,325,000	643,000	6,968,000
Total	<u>\$ 21,825,000</u>	\$ 8,378,500	\$ 30,203,500

Compensated Absences—are not recorded on the accompanying governmental fund financial statements; however, it will be recorded on the County-wide financial statements. Following is a summary of annual sick, bonus, and compensatory leave benefits liabilities at September 30, 2018:

	I	Beginning			Ending			
		Balance	Additions		(Deletions)			Balance
Vacation Leave	\$	2,076,162	\$	1,189,481	\$	(1,218,683)	\$	2,046,960
Paid Time Off		303,351		477,661		(417,032)		363,980
Sick Leave		3,215,830		709,549		(875,311)		3,050,068
Bonus Leave		19,727		24,786		(29,752)		14,761
Compensatory Leave		9,087		16,122		(19,693)		5,516
Total	\$	5,624,157	\$	2,417,599	\$	(2,560,471)	\$	5,481,285

Business-type Activities

Advance Refunding—On April 9, 2013, the Board issued a \$15,650,000 Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bond Series 2013 with a fixed interest rate of 2.150%. The net proceeds from the closing were used to refund \$15,550,000 in principal amount of the Board's outstanding Revenue Note, Series 2003, and to pay the issuance costs of the Series 2013 Bond.

The revenue bond is secured by a pledge of and is payable solely from pledged revenues, which primarily consist of net revenues and impact fees which derive from the System. Annual principal and interest on the bond is expected to require approximately 45% of such revenue and are payable through 2028. Principal and interest payments for the current year totaled \$1,196,391, and revenues totaled \$2,630,362. At year-end, pledged future revenues totaled \$11,946,260, which was the amount of remaining principal and interest on the bond. The Series 2013 Bond shall not be or constitute a general obligation or indebtedness of the County.

(Continued)

Note 8 - <u>Long-term Obligations</u> (Concluded)

Rate Covenant

The Board has covenanted to establish and collect fees from users of the Water and Sewer System (gross revenues of the System, as defined in the bond ordinance) sufficient to pay the costs of operation and maintenance of the System (as defined in the bond ordinance) plus 120% of the bond service requirements for that year. The Board met the 120% requirement and, therefore, is in compliance with the rate covenant at year-end.

Future principal and interest payments for this bond issue are as follows:

 Principal		Interest		Total
\$ 975,000	\$	220,644	\$	1,195,644
995,000		199,466		1,194,466
1,015,000		177,859		1,192,859
1,040,000		155,767		1,195,767
1,065,000		133,139		1,198,139
 5,660,000		309,385		5,969,385
\$ 10,750,000	\$	1,196,260	\$	11,946,260
	\$ 975,000 995,000 1,015,000 1,040,000 1,065,000 5,660,000	\$ 975,000 \$ 995,000 \$ 1,015,000 1,040,000 1,065,000 5,660,000	\$ 975,000 \$ 220,644 995,000 199,466 1,015,000 177,859 1,040,000 155,767 1,065,000 133,139 5,660,000 309,385	\$ 975,000 \$ 220,644 \$ 995,000 199,466 1,015,000 177,859 1,040,000 155,767 1,065,000 133,139 5,660,000 309,385

Compensated Absences—following is a summary of annual, sick, and bonus leave benefits liabilities at September 30, 2018, for the proprietary funds:

	Ве	eginning					Ending		
	B	Balance		Balance Additions		Additions	(Deletions)		Balance
Vacation Leave	\$	37,222	\$	27,002	\$	(28,360) \$	35,864		
Paid Time Off		4,711		16,364		(12,200)	8,875		
Sick Leave		99,692		15,376		(15,112)	99,956		
Bonus Leave		1,394		3,881		(3,810)	1,465		
Total	\$	143,019	\$	62,623	\$	(59,482) \$	146,160		

Note 9 - No Commitment Special Assessment Debt

To finance the cost of certain capital improvements benefitting property within the South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization Municipal Services Benefit Unit, the County has issued the South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization Special Assessment Bonds, Series 2011. The bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the County, and accordingly, have not been reported in the accompanying financial statements.

At September 30, 2018, the Special Assessment Bond outstanding totaled \$909,990.

(Continued)

Note 10 - Bond Arbitrage Rebate

The Board engaged an independent certified public accounting firm to compute the aggregate arbitrage rebate amount in accordance with the requirements of Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for the following bond issues:

- \$29,630,000 Nassau County, Florida, Public Improvement Revenue and Refunding, Series 2007.
- \$19,160,000 Nassau County, Florida, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013.
- \$11,169,000 Nassau County, Florida, SAISSA Renourishment Bond, Series 2011.

The payment of arbitrage rebate is made sixty days after five years from the date of issuance of the bonds. Based on their calculations, the independent certified public accounting firm had determined that there is no rebate liability for the bond issues noted above.

Note 11 - Landfill Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws require the Board to fund landfill postclosure care costs once a landfill site stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for twenty years if the landfill stopped receiving waste before October 9, 1993, and thirty years if the landfill stopped receiving waste after October 9, 1993. The Board has three landfills that stopped receiving waste before October 9, 1993, and one that stopped receiving waste after October 9, 1993. The Board does not currently operate an open landfill.

For the closed landfills, actual postclosure care cost incurred for each year is reported as a reduction of the postclosure liability, along with the change in required escrow balance until the required twenty-or-thirty-year postclosure care period is satisfied. The Board has accrued a total of \$13,754,714 for postclosure care cost at September 30, 2018, for the four closed landfills. The liability is based on engineering estimates of annual postclosure care cost.

These postclosure care costs are based on estimates of what it would cost to perform all postclosure care using 2018 dollars. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The Board is required by state law to deposit into the escrow accounts, at the time of closing and each year thereafter, sufficient funds to cover the following year's long-term care costs. In addition, the Board must document specifically how it intends to finance the long-term care of the landfill as part of its closure plan. The Board is in compliance with these requirements with escrow balances that exceed the amounts required by state law (amounts required by state law are \$619,306 as of September 30, 2018). At September 30, 2018, the actual escrow balances are as follows:

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Old West Nassau Postclosure	\$ 21,415
New West Nassau Postclosure	 597,953
Total Escrow Balances	\$ 619,368

(Continued)

Note 12 - Retirement Plans

General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance. Essentially all regular employees of the Board are eligible to enroll as members of the Stateadministered FRS. Provisions relating to FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112 Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined-benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

FRS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership applicable to the Board are as follows:

- Regular Class—Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officer Class*—Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class—Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class—Members who are employed in special risk careers, such as law enforcement or fire rescue, and meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Members of the Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however,

(Continued)

Note 12 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description. (Concluded)

there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants. DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	% Value
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to Age 62 or up to 30 Years of Service	1.60
Retirement at Age 63 or with 31 Years of Service	1.63
Retirement at Age 64 or with 32 Years of Service	1.65
Retirement at Age 65 or with 33 or more Years of Service	1.68
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled on or After July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to Age 65 or up to 33 Years of Service	1.60
Retirement at Age 66 or with 34 Years of Service	1.63
Retirement at Age 67 or with 35 Years of Service	1.65
Retirement at Age 68 or with 36 or more Years of Service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

(Continued)

Note 12 - <u>Retirement Plans</u> (*Continued*)

FRS Pension Plan (Concluded)

<u>Contributions</u>. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2017-2018 fiscal year were as follows:

		une 30, 2019 Gross Salary	Year Ended June 30, 2018 Percent of Gross Salary		
Class	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer	
FRS, Regular	3.00	8.26	3.00	7.92	
FRS, Special Risk Class	3.00	24.50	3.00	23.27	
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	48.70	3.00	45.50	
FRS, Senior Management Service DROP - Applicable to Members	3.00	24.06	3.00	22.71	
from All of the Above Classes	0.00	14.03	0.00	13.26	
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	

Notes: (1) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

The Board's contributions (employer) to the Plan totaled \$2,760,538 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This excludes the HIS defined benefit pension plan contributions.

<u>Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense</u>. At September 30, 2018, the Board's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability was \$28,390,669. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Board's contributions during the FRS Pension Plan's fiscal year relative to the contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the Board's proportion was .094257006%, which was a decrease of .007556117 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

Further details of the FRS Plan net position liability, annual pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and the other required disclosures can be found in the Countywide annual financial report.

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Division of Retirement within the Florida Department of Management Services.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

(Continued)

Note 12 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

HIS Pension Plan (Concluded)

<u>Contributions</u>. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. Contribution rates during the County's fiscal years 2018 and 2017 were 1.66%. The Board contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The Board's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$322,988 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

<u>Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense</u>. At September 30, 2018, the Board's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability was \$6,211,173. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Board's contributions during the HIS Pension Plan's fiscal year relative to the contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the Board's proportion was .1118462510%, which was an increase of .001403423 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

FRS - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Board contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA, and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Board employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment members' accounts during the 2017-18 fiscal year were as follows:

(Continued)

Note 12 - Retirement Plans (Concluded)

FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Concluded)

	Percent of Gross
Class	Compensation
FRS, Regular	6.30%
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34%
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67%
FRS, Special Risk Regular	14.00%

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Board.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The Board's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$712,998 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Note 13 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The Board, in accordance with Section 112.215, Florida Statutes, maintains a deferred compensation plan pursuant to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees of the Board, permits such employees to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation plan amount is not available for withdrawal by employee participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency of such participants.

The Board has contracted with a third party for the establishment of custodial accounts to administer these funds for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The Board has no administrative involvement, and does not perform the investing function for this plan.

(Continued)

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to the Nassau County Personnel, Policies and Procedures Manual, the Board allows retired employees and their spouses to remain members of the Board's health insurance program. The Board pays a percentage of the single premium for former employees until age sixty-five that retire under the terms and conditions of the System as follows:

Years of Service With Nassau County	Hired Before 10/1/06	Hired on or After 10/1/06		
At Least 6	100%	0%		
15 Years	100%	50%		
20 Years	100%	65%		
25 Years	100%	80%		
30 or More Years	100%	100%		

Currently, there are 282 active employees and 68 retired employees participating in the plan. The Board's Net OPEB obligation totaled \$11,307,805, of which \$226,156 has been recorded in the Proprietary funds. The remainder has been included in long-term debt of the County as a whole. Details of the annual cost, the accrued obligation, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

Note 15 - Fund Balance Classification and Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The following is a summary of the Board's fund balance classifications and the purpose of each as of September 30, 2018:

Nonspendable Fund Balance	
Prepaid Expenses	\$ 1,412,505
Petty Cash	2,305
Inventory	266,157
Deposits	7,000
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	1,687,967
Restricted Fund Balance	
General Government	268,155
General Government - Court Related	1,259,776
Crime Prevention	132,192
Economic Development	68,633
Other Human Services	1,000
Developer Agreements	5,000
Physical Environment	2,043,491
Law Enforcement	336,014
Impact Fees	8,044,287
Law Library	112,660
Public Safety	467,253
Other Culture/Recreation	109,753
State Housing Initiative Program	479,874
Court Facilities	458,996
Criminal Justice	137,512
Tourist Development	5,720,518
Building Department	5,789,364
Debt Services – Bonds	1,496,681
Capital Projects – Transportation	4,933,584
Total Restricted Fund Balance	31,864,743

(Continued)

Note 15 - <u>Fund Balance Classification</u> (Concluded)

Committed Fund Balance	
Public Safety	\$ 2,526,973
Transportation	11,565,184
Total Committed Fund Balance	14,092,157
Assigned Fund Balance	
General Government	561,016
Public Safety	2,220,160
Economic Development	7,500
Transportation	2,256,043
Human Services	83,253
Culture and Recreation	334,797
Non Court Related	107,202
Physical Environment	754,086
Reserves -Capital Projects	4,245,570
Minimum Fund Balance	2,744,636
Total Assigned Fund Balance	13,314,263
Unassigned Fund Balance	12,122,136
Total	<u>\$ 73,081,266</u>

Minimum Fund Balance Reserve Policy

The County has adopted a policy that requires a reserve for minimum fund balance be budgeted at a target level equal to two months of County-wide operating expenditures as reported in the previous year's audited financial statements for the General Fund, County Transportation Fund, and Municipal Services Fund. The purpose of the minimum fund balance is to protect the County against potential financial risk, ensure cash flow prior to receipt of budgeted revenue for use in the event of a disaster or emergency, and to protect the County's credit rating.

Note 16 - Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to legal liability; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; accidental death and dismemberment; and on the job injury to employees. Many of these risks are transferred through the purchase of various insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

The financial liability of the Board is limited to premiums paid and losses exceeding or not covered by insurance. The premiums are paid from various funds based on coverage required.

There has been no reduction in insurance coverages from the previous year.

Note 17 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Board is a party to a number of lawsuits and claims arising out of the normal conduct of its activities. While the results of these lawsuits and claims against the Board cannot be predicted with certainty, management does not expect that these matters will have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Board.

The following is a summary of major commitments of the Board and contracts in progress as of September 30, 2018:

(Continued)

Note 17 - Commitments and Contingencies (Concluded)

	Source of		Paid to	Cor	nmitment	
Project	Payment		Date		Remaining	
NAU Clarifier No. 1 & 2 Rehabilitation	Current Available Resources	\$	\$ 90,918		15,792	
Crawford Road Design Services	Current Available Resources		757,790		10,858	
Page Dairy/Chester Road Project	Current Available Resources		651,391		404,695	
CR 115 Widening & Resurfacing	Current Available Resources		429,156		286,181	
Fire Station #71 Design Build	Current Available Resources		176,787		506	
Overlay of 28 Roads	Current Available Resources		44,275		79,474	
Monitoring of Landfill Gas	Current Available Resources		222,143		14,725	
Mobility Plan and Fee Study	Current Available Resources		47,154		128,929	
Total		\$	2,419,614	\$	941,160	

Note 18 - Conduit Debt Obligations

The Board has issued several series of industrial revenue bonds to furnish financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities considered to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities will transfer to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the Board, the County, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of September 30, 2018, there was one series of such bonds outstanding with a principal amount payable of \$9,745,000. The issue amount and the September 30, 2018, outstanding balance is as follows:

Original				9/30/18	
Issuance Year		Balance		Description	
\$	11,150,000	2008	\$	9,745,000	AICC, Inc. and Nassau Care Centers—70
					Bed Care Intermediate Care and Day
					Program Service Facilities

Note 19 - Restatement

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 75 – *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* These liabilities are only recorded in the government-wide full accrual financial statements, and in the Board's enterprise fund. Accordingly, beginning net position in the Board's enterprise fund was restated to reflect the change in accounting principles by reducing the previously reported net position to reflect the increase in the OPEB obligation as calculated under GASB Statement 75 as follows:

		Net Position	Net Position			
	Sep	tember 30, 2017			September 3	0, 2018
	as Previously				as Previously Reported	
		Reported		Restatement		
Enterprise Fund:					_	
Water and Sewer Fund	\$	10,629,675	\$	(124,717) \$	1	0,504,958

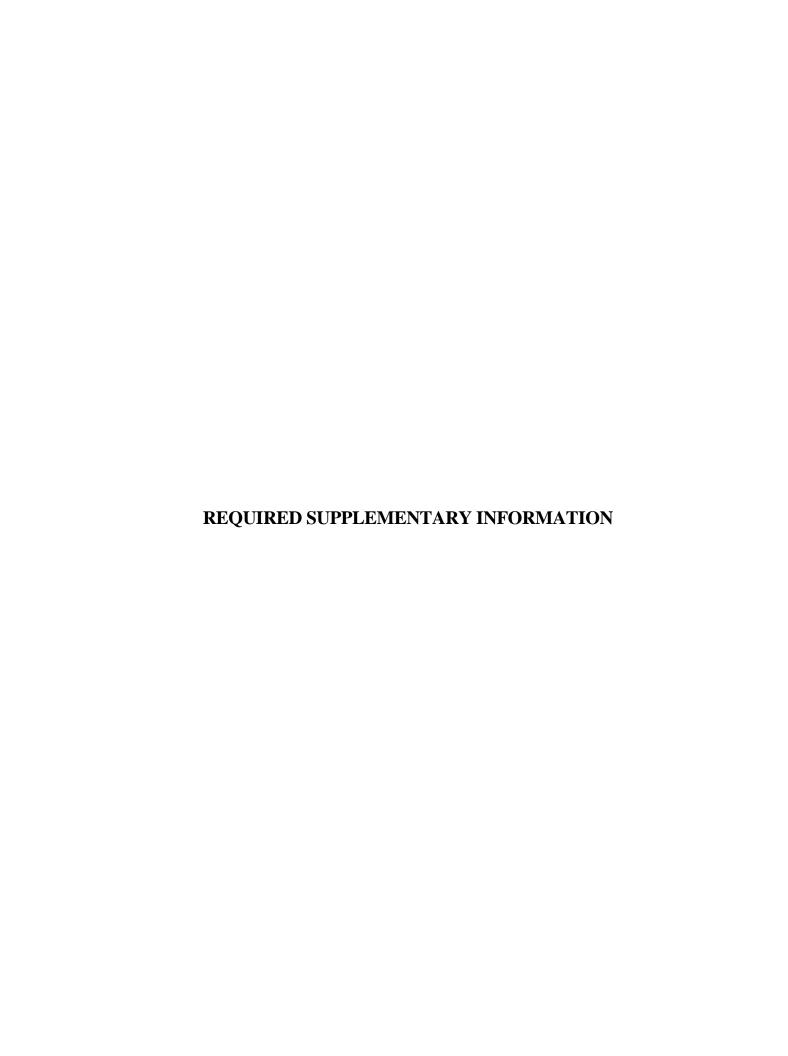
(Concluded)

Note 20 - Tax Abatement

Pursuant to Section 125.045 Florida Statutes and Nassau County Ordinance 2012-32, the Economic Development Grant (EDG) incentive is available for companies with the goal to facilitate the development of capital investment and high-wage jobs in Nassau County. The incentives in the tiered program include a specified grant on the Board-only portion of their ad valorem taxes for a specified period of time after meeting or exceeding a specified number/wage level of new jobs, and/or new capital investment in Nassau County.

As of September 30, 2018, the only existing EDG agreement potentially material in size (fiscal year abatement >\$300,000) was with LignoTech Florida, LLC. The July 6, 2016 agreement was amended on September 12, 2016, in order to extend by one year (to January of 2019) the deadline for LignoTech to meet the new job and capital investment requirements under its EDG agreement with the Board. The company met the terms of qualification under their agreement in fiscal year 2018, and will be eligible to receive a 75% grant in years 1-5 and a 50% grant in years 6-10 projected as follows:

	Estimated				
Fiscal		Tax			
Year	Abatement				
2019	\$	316,431			
2020		302,654			
2021		289,806			
2022		277,393			
2023		330,328			
2024		210,925			
2025		201,613			
2026		192,885			
2027		184,742			
2028		176,624			
Projected Total					
Tax Abatement	\$	2,483,401			



NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive		
	 Original	XIIIU	Final	- Actual Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues	g					<u> </u>	
Taxes	\$ 45,152,578	\$	45,152,534	\$ 45,813,311	\$	660,777	
Licenses and Permits	23,000		23,000	43,347		20,347	
Intergovernmental Revenues	6,830,974		6,970,934	7,121,116		150,182	
Charges for Services	2,091,714		2,090,932	2,389,883		298,951	
Fines and Forfeitures	55,500		56,058	47,381		(8,677)	
Interest Earnings	182,600		182,600	454,750		272,150	
Miscellaneous	123,697		167,867	227,629		59,762	
Total Revenues	54,460,063		54,643,925	56,097,417		1,453,492	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General Government Services	8,675,254		8,739,897	7,697,837		1,042,060	
Public Safety	13,767,220		15,595,185	15,223,573		371,612	
Physical Environment	1,960,431		2,010,495	1,781,942		228,553	
Economic Environment	254,946		261,765	164,099		97,666	
Human Services	2,870,261		2,738,721	2,620,557		118,164	
Culture and Recreation	2,118,695		2,156,181	1,894,597		261,584	
Court-related Expenditures	1,272,377		1,197,844	931,878		265,966	
Capital Outlay	4,955,871		5,034,656	3,353,972		1,680,684	
Debt Service	550,731		550,731	550,731		0	
(Total Expenditures)	36,425,786		38,285,475	34,219,186		4,066,289	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	 18,034,277		16,358,450	21,878,231		5,519,781	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers from Constitutional Officers	485,000		519,240	1,195,801		676,561	
Transfers to Constitutional Officers	(26,388,882)		(26,676,564)	(26,539,836)		136,728	
Transfers in	4,393,993		4,989,928	4,985,362		(4,566)	
Transfers (out)	(2,376,660)		(2,755,612)	(2,755,611)		1	
Sale of General Capital Assets	 55,300		30,760	14,677		(16,083)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (23,831,249)		(23,892,248)	(23,099,607)		792,641	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,796,972)		(7,533,798)	(1,221,376)		6,312,422	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	16,887,314		17,850,428	18,247,029		396,601	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 11,090,342	\$	10,316,630	\$ 17,025,653	\$	6,709,023	

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COUNTY TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Rudgetee	l Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues				(= (= (= gatt = 1)	
Taxes	\$ 5,813,896	\$ 5,813,896	\$ 5,947,364	\$ 133,468	
Licenses and Permits	2,030	2,030	8,777	6,747	
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,544,962	1,643,131	1,602,416	(40,715)	
Charges for Services	1,130	1,130	2,645	1,515	
Fines and Forfeitures	0	0	2,046	2,046	
Interest Earnings	35,000	35,000	124,272	89,272	
Miscellaneous	95,032	95,032	118,908	23,876	
Total Revenues	7,492,050	7,590,219	7,806,428	216,209	
Expenditures					
Current:	0.404.555	0.488.044	6 50 5 00 4	4.044.050	
Transportation	8,434,656	8,677,866	6,735,894	1,941,972	
Capital Outlay	2,152,964	2,271,242	853,005	1,418,237	
(Total Expenditures)	10,587,620	10,949,108	7,588,899	3,360,209	
Excess of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	(3,095,570)	(3,358,889)	217,529	3,576,418	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from Constitutional Officers	3,000	3,000	9,119	6,119	
Transfers to Constitutional Officers	(89,094)	(89,094)	(88,009)	1,085	
Transfers in	2,614,347	2,614,347	2,614,347	0	
Transfers (out)	(2,003,000)	(2,380,675)	(2,380,669)	6	
Sale of General Capital Assets	16,800	16,800	17,863	1,063	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	542,053	164,378	172,651	8,273	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,553,517)	(3,194,511)	390,180	3,584,691	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	4,143,162	5,053,134	5,179,519	126,385	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,589,645	\$ 1,858,623	\$ 5,569,699	\$ 3,711,076	

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MUNICIPAL SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

				Variance With Final Budget	
		l Amounts	Actual	Positive	
_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 9,801,737	\$ 9,801,737	\$ 9,739,887	\$ (61,850)	
Licenses and Permits	97,938	97,938	179,584	81,646	
Intergovernmental Revenues	686,952	690,408	780,936	90,528	
Charges for Services	166,160	166,310	198,958	32,648	
Fines and Forfeitures	3,600	3,600	35,086	31,486	
Interest Earnings	50,000	50,000	94,939	44,939	
Miscellaneous	900	900	8,278	7,378	
Total Revenues	10,807,287	10,810,893	11,037,668	226,775	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government Services	1,853,478	1,883,960	1,294,689	589,271	
Public Safety	7,690,722	7,678,235	7,431,660	246,575	
Transportation	8,484	11,940	2,814	9,126	
Human Services	1,097,771	1,061,031	1,002,761	58,270	
Capital Outlay	1,815,021	1,952,752	903,502	1,049,250	
(Total Expenditures)	12,465,476	12,587,918	10,635,426	1,952,492	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,658,189)	(1,777,025)	402,242	2,179,267	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from Constitutional Officers	8,000	8,000	25,792	17,792	
Transfers to Constitutional Officers	(2,982,269)	(2,982,284)	(2,979,399)	2,885	
Transfers in	4,113,055	4,112,905	4,099,289	(13,616)	
Transfers (out)	(85,470)	(85,470)	(85,470)	0	
Sale of General Capital Assets	23,100	3,100	3,500	400	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,076,416	1,056,251	1,063,712	7,461	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(581,773)	(720,774)	1,465,954	2,186,728	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	3,260,527	3,434,613	3,415,746	(18,867)	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 2,678,754	\$ 2,713,839	\$ 4,881,700	\$ 2,167,861	

NASSAU COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS NOTE TO SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets were adopted by the Board for all Board funds. The Tax Collector and the Property Appraiser adopt budgets independently of the Board. The Sheriff, the Supervisor of Elections, and the Clerk of the Circuit Court (to the extent of his function as ex officio Clerk of the Board and amounts above his fee structure as Clerk of the Circuit Court) prepare budgets for their general operations, which are submitted to and approved by the Board.

Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, provides that it is unlawful to make expenditures that exceed the total amount budgeted for each fund. Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, also governs the manner in which the budget may be legally amended once it has been approved.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed by the Board, as an extension of the statutorily required budgetary process under Florida Statutes. The Board maintained a computerized encumbrance system, which is a part of the computerized accounting system. All appropriations lapse at year-end, except those that the Board intends to honor.

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The only exception to the GAAP basis is in the enterprise funds where depreciation, amortization of bond costs, and change in post-closure costs are not budgeted; while capital outlay expenditures are budgeted and are reclassified into capital assets. These are then eliminated from the results of operations for financial reporting purposes in the enterprise funds.

The annual budgets serve as legal authorization for expenditures. Expenditures cannot legally exceed the total amount budgeted for each fund. All budget amendments, which change the legally adopted total appropriation for a fund, are approved by the Board.

If during the fiscal year, additional revenues become available for appropriations in excess of those estimated in the budget, the Board, by resolution, may make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of such excess. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, various supplemental appropriations were approved by the Board in accordance with Florida Statutes. The following funds received supplemental appropriations during the year ended September 30, 2018:

Governmental Funds

General Fund	\$ 1,754	,106
Special Revenue Funds	3,871	,823
Debt Service Funds		0
Capital Projects Funds	1,155	,806
Total	<u>\$ 6,781</u>	,735

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific sources to be used for specific types of activities.

- One-Cent Small County Surtax—is used to account for transactions associated with one-cent funds. Financing is
 provided by a one-cent sales tax on all transactions occurring in the County that are subject to imposed state tax on
 sales, use, services, rentals, and admissions.
- **Law Enforcement Training**—to account for criminal justice education degree programs and training courses. Financing is provided by the imposition of a court cost surcharge.
- Sheriff Donations—to account for law enforcement projects funded with donations.
- Law Enforcement Trust—to account for law enforcement related projects funded by the proceeds from confiscated property forfeitures.
- Nassau County Anti-drug Enforcement—to account for activities associated with the County's drug enforcement and drug education programs. Financing is provided principally by Federal drug grants.
- **Court Facility Fees**—to account for the operation and maintenance of Nassau County court facilities. Financing is provided by a court service charge.
- Law Library Trust—to account for the costs associated with furnishing and maintaining Nassau County's law library. Funding is provided from a surcharge on civil court filings.
- Criminal Justice Trust—to account for the reimbursement of expenditures incurred by the County in providing for
 the services of the State Attorney and Public Defender. Funding is provided by a surcharge on felony, misdemeanor,
 and criminal traffic cases.
- **Special Drug/Alcohol Rehabilitation**—to account for expenditures associated with Nassau County's drug and alcohol rehabilitative programs. Funding is provided by a fine imposed for alcohol/drug-related offenses.
- **Legal Aid Trust**—to account for expenditures incurred in providing legal aid to Nassau County residents. Funding is provided for by a service charge on the filing of circuit and county civil court proceedings.
- **Drivers Ed Safety Trust**—to account for driver education programs in public and nonpublic schools. Funding is provided by a surcharge on civil traffic penalties.
- **911 Operations and Maintenance**—to account for the expenditures associated with providing a uniform addressing system for 911 equipment. Funding is principally provided from telephone user charges.
- EMS County Awards HRS—to account for expenditures associated with EMS prehospital care. Funding is provided by Florida State grants.
- **Grants**—to account for expenditures financed primarily by federal and/or state grants.
- Amelia Island Beach Renourishment—to account for beach renourishment, restoration, erosion control, and storm protection projects outside the South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization MSBU boundaries.
- Amelia Island Tourist Development—to account for revenues and expenditures relating to development of tourism in the County through the assessment of a tourist tax.
- Local Affordable Housing Trust (SHIP)—to account for funds received from the State to be used to assist eligible low income individuals to buy or construct new housing or rehabilitate older homes.
- **South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization MSBU**—is used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to the Amelia Island Beach Restoration, local improvement, and maintenance cost.
- **Building Department**—to account for funds received for various fees charged to be used to fund the building, zoning, and planning department.
- Amelia Concourse MSBU—to account for funds received from the Amelia Concourse assessment allocated to the administrative charges associated with the levy of the special assessments.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(Concluded)

Special Revenue Funds (Concluded)

- **Firefighter Education Trust**—to account for surcharges on civil penalties for noncriminal, nonmoving traffic violations of Section 316.1945(1)(b)(2) or (5), Florida Statutes.
- **F. S. Special Revenues Fund**—to account for State/other restricted revenues from general revenues.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest.

- Optional Gas Tax 2000—to account for debt service requirements to retire the local option gas tax revenue bonds, Series 2000, dated September 12, 2000. The bonds are payable solely from and secured by a lien upon and a pledge of the County's local option gas tax. The bonds mature on March 1, 2025.
- 1998/2009 Gas Tax Bonds—is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of interest, principal, and related cost on the Gas Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 and the Gas Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2009. Funding is provided from the County's Constitutional Two-cent Gas Tax, the One-cent Motor, and Other Fuel Taxes imposed pursuant to Section 206.60, Florida Statutes, and the One-cent Optional Gas Tax imposed pursuant to Section 336.021, Florida Statutes.
- County Complex—to account for debt service requirements to retire the public improvement revenue bonds, Series 2001, of Nassau County, Florida, dated May 1, 2001, and Series 2007, of Nassau County, Florida, dated June 1, 2007. The bonds are payable solely from non-ad valorem budgeted revenues. The bonds mature on May 2031.

Capital Projects Funds

The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

- **Grants**—to account for capital expenditures financed primarily by federal and/or state grants.
- NC Mobility Fee—is used to account for the construction or improving of the County Transportation System. Funding is provided from fees on new construction within specific mobility zones.
- County Complex—to account for the development of County building projects at the County Complex. Financing for the completed Courthouse Annex and Detention Center was primarily provided by the 2001 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds.
- ENCPA Mobility Network Fund—to account for the construction or improving of the County Transportation System within the East Nassau Community Planning Area. Funding is provided from the collection of mobility fees from development within the ENCPA and through tax incremental revenues.
- **Comprehensive Impact Fee Ordinance Fund**—use to account for the district expenditures associated with capital expansion. Funding is provide from impact fees on new constructions.
- Capital Projects Impact Fees—is used to account for the District expenditures associated with capital expansion. Funding is provided from fees on new construction.
- Capital Projects—to account for various capital projects. Some projects may have their own fund.

COMBINING NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Small	Cent County ctax		Law Forcement Fraining	Sheriff Donations			
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	0	\$	155,508	\$	3,017		
Equity in Pooled Investments Loans Receivable		0		0		0		
(Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)		0		0		0		
Due from Constitutional Officers		0		1,858		0		
Due from Other Funds		0		0		0		
Due from Other Governments		0		0		0		
Total Assets		0		157,366		3,017		
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance								
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		0		8,446		0		
Due to Other Funds		0		0		0		
Due to Constitutional Officers		0		0		0		
Due to Other Governments		0		0		0		
Deposits		0		0 446		0		
Total Liabilities		0		8,446		0		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		0		0		
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		0		0		0		
Restricted		0		148,920		3,017		
Committed		0		0		0		
Assigned		0		0		0		
Total Fund Balances		0		148,920		3,017		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows								
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	0	\$	157,366	\$	3,017		

Special I	Revenue	Funds
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Law Enforcement Trust		Nassau County Anti-drug Enforcement		Court Facility Fees		Law Library Trust		Criminal Justice Trust		Special Drug/Alcohol Rehabilitation	
\$	42,900	\$	48,880	\$ 469,508	\$	111,731	\$	138,147	\$	0	
	92,296		0	0		0		0		0	
	0		0	0		0		0		0	
	0		0	7,230		2,189		4,378		0	
	0		0	0		0		0		0	
	0		0	 0		0		0		0	
	135,196		48,880	476,738		113,920		142,525		0	
	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	17,618 0 0 124 0		1,260 0 0 0 0		5,012 0 0 1		0 0 0 0	
	0		0	17,742		1,260		5,013		0	
	0		0	 0		0		0		0	
	0		0	0		0		0		0	
	135,196		48,880	458,996		112,660		137,512		0	
	0		0	0		0		0		0	
	0		0	 0		0		0	i.	0	
	135,196		48,880	 458,996		112,660		137,512		0	
\$	135,196	\$	48,880	\$ 476,738	\$	113,920	\$	142,525	\$	0	

(Continued)

	 ,	Special Rev	enue Fund	S	
	Legal Aid Drivers E Trust Safety Tru				911 verations and intenance
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 18,725	\$	32,096	\$	345,815
Equity in Pooled Investments	0		0		42,013
Loans Receivable					
(Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)	0		0		0
Due from Constitutional Officers	2,189		2,293		17,188
Due from Other Funds	0		0		0
Due from Other Governments	 20,914		34,389		105.016
Total Assets	 20,914		34,389		405,016
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance					
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	20,914		0		0
Due to Other Funds	0		0		0
Due to Constitutional Officers	0		0		0
Due to Other Governments	0		0		0
Deposits	 0		0		0
Total Liabilities	 20,914		0		0
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 0		0		0
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	0		0		0
Restricted	0		34,389		405,016
Committed	0		0		0
Assigned	0		0		0
Total Fund Balances	0		34,389		405,016
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 20,914	\$	34,389	\$	405,016

Special	Revenue	Funds
Succiai	Kevenue	runus

EMS County Awards HRS		Grants		Amelia Island Beach Renourishment		Amelia Island Tourist Development		Local Affordable Housing Trust (SHIP)		South Amelia Island Shore Stabilization MSBU	
\$	0 0	\$	0	\$	635,218 0	\$	350,924 5,827,478	\$	489,423 0	\$	976,873 0
	U		U		U		3,027,470		U		(
	0		0		0		0		61,400		(
	0		0		743		0		0		(
	0		0		0		0		0		(
	0		0		0		0		0		50,736
	0		0		635,961		6,178,402		550,823		1,027,609
	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0		457,884 0 0 0 0		22,949 0 0 0 0		224,473
	0		0		0		457,884		22,949		224,473
	0		0		0		0		48,000		50,736
	0		0		0		0		0		(
	0		0		635,961		5,720,518		479,874		752,400
	0		0		0		0		0		(
	0		0		0		0		0		(
	0		0		635,961		5,720,518		479,874		752,400
\$	0	\$	0	\$	635,961	\$	6,178,402	\$	550,823	\$	1,027,609

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds						
		Building epartment	C	Amelia oncourse MSBU	Firefighter Education Trust		
Assets						_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,126,636	\$	903,969	\$	3	
Equity in Pooled Investments		2,909,369		0		0	
Loans Receivable				4.55		Ō	
(Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)		0		177		0	
Due from Constitutional Officers		0		450		0	
Due from Other Funds		4,875		0		0	
Due from Other Governments Total Assets		0		904,596		3	
1 otal Assets		6,040,880		904,596			
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance							
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable		14,720		9,361		0	
Due to Other Funds		52,392		0		0	
Due to Constitutional Officers		161		0		0	
Due to Other Governments		16,492		0		0	
Deposits		167,602		0		0	
Total Liabilities		251,367		9,361		0	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		0		0	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		150		0		0	
Restricted		5,789,363		895,235		0	
Committed		0		0		3	
Assigned		0		0		0	
Total Fund Balances		5,789,513		895,235		3	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows							
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	6,040,880	\$	904,596	\$	3	

Special Revenue Funds					Debt Service Funds								
	F.S. Special Revenues Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds		Optional Gas Tax 2000		1998/2009 Gas Tax Bonds		County Complex		Total Debt Service Funds		
\$	1,381,697	\$	9,231,070	\$	453,559	\$	0	\$	0	\$	453,559		
	0		8,871,156		964,372		0		0		964,372		
	0		61,577		0		0		0		0		
	31,937		70,455		0		0		0		0		
	0		4,875		0		0		0		0		
	15,128		65,864		78,750		0		0		78,750		
	1,428,762		18,304,997		1,496,681		0		0		1,496,681		
	39,792 0 0 2,299 0 42,091		822,429 52,392 161 18,916 167,602 1,061,500		0 0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0 0		
	15,128		113,864		0		0		0		0		
	0		150		0		0		0		0		
	1,371,543		17,129,480		1,496,681		0		0		1,496,681		
	0		3		0		0		0		0		
	0		0		0		0		0		0		
	1,371,543		17,129,633		1,496,681	_	0		0		1,496,681		
\$	1,428,762	\$	18,304,997	_ \$	1,496,681	\$	0_	\$	0_	_\$	1,496,681		

(Concluded)

	Capital Projects Funds							
	G	rants	M	NC lobility Fee Fund	County Complex			
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,185	\$	3,888,728	\$	11,741		
Equity in Pooled Investments		0		0		793,751		
Loans Receivable								
(Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)		0		0		0		
Due from Constitutional Officers		0		0		0		
Due from Other Funds		0		0		0		
Due from Other Governments		0		0		0		
Total Assets		3,185		3,888,728		805,492		
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance								
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		0		25,462		2,382		
Due to Other Funds		0		0		0		
Due to Constitutional Officers		0		0		0		
Due to Other Governments		0		0		0		
Deposits		0		0		0		
Total Liabilities	_	0		25,462		2,382		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		0		0		
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		0		0		0		
Restricted		3,185		3,863,266		0		
Committed		0		0		0		
Assigned		0		0		803,110		
Total Fund Balances		3,185		3,863,266		803,110		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows								
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	3,185	\$	3,888,728	\$	805,492		

Canital	Projects	Funde
Cabitai	Profects	runas

			as	ii Projects Fund	apita	<u> </u>		
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Capital Project Funds	Capital Projects		Capital Projects Impact Fees		Comprehensive Impact Fee Ordinance	NCPA Iobility etwork Fund	N N
\$ 15,615,730 20,276,526	5,931,101 10,440,998	\$ 375,562 2,151,408	\$	4,299 4,707,409	\$	\$ 1,465,933 2,788,430	181,653 0	\$
61,577	0	0		0		0	0	
70,455	0	0		0		0	0	
7,418	2,543	0		0		0	2,543	
144,614 36,176,320	16,374,642	 2,526,970		4,711,708		4,254,363	184,196	
862,571	40,142	0		0		0	12,298	
52,392	0	0		0		0	0	
161	0	0		0		0	0	
940,700	921,784	0		0		921,784	0	
167,602	0	 0		0		0	0	
2,023,426	961,926	0		0		921,784	12,298	
113,864	0	 0		0		0	0	
150	0	0		0		0	0	
30,708,797	12,082,636	0		4,711,708		3,332,579	171,898	
2,526,973	2,526,970	2,526,970		0		0	0	
803,110	803,110	 0		0		0	0	
34,039,030	15,412,716	 2,526,970		4,711,708		3,332,579	171,898	
\$ 36,176,320	16,374,642	\$ 2,526,970	\$	4,711,708	\$	\$ 4,254,363	184,196	\$

Special Revenue Funds

	Special Revenue Funds					
Danamas		One-Cent all County Surtax		Law forcement Training		heriff nations
Revenues	¢	0.504.155	¢	0	¢	0
Taxes Licenses and Permits	\$	9,584,155	\$	0	\$	0
		0		0		0
Intergovernmental Revenues		0		•		0
Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures		0		7,610 13,247		0
Investment Earnings (Loss)		40,051		2,052		39
Miscellaneous		40,031		2,032		0
Total Revenues	_	9,624,206		22,909		39
Total Revenues	_	9,024,200		22,909		39
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government Services		26,160		0		0
Public Safety		505		21,159		0
Physical Environment		0		0		0
Transportation		0		0		0
Economic Environment		0		0		0
Human Services		0		0		0
Culture and Recreation		0		0		0
Court-related Expenditures		0		0		0
Capital Outlay		87,023		0		0
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		0		0		0
Interest and Fiscal Charges		0		0		0
(Total Expenditures)		113,688		21,159		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		9,510,518		1,750		39
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers from Constitutional Officers		0		0		0
Transfers to Constitutional Officers		0		0		0
Transfers in		0		0		0
Transfers (out)		(13,438,266)		0		0
Sale of General Capital Assets		0	(0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(13,438,266)		0		0
Net Change in Fund Balances		(3,927,748)		1,750		39
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		3,927,748		147,170		2,978
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	0	\$	148,920	\$	3,017

Special	Revenue	Funds
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Law Enforcement Trust	() A1	Nassau County nti-drug Corcement	Fa	ourt cility Yees	I	Law Library Trust	Criminal Justice Trust	Drug	oecial /Alcohol bilitation
\$) \$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0
()	0		0		0	0		0
()	0		0		0	0		0
)	0		101,257		22,643	45,287		3,710
44,791		0		0		0	0		0
261		638		7,002		1,734	2,118		0
650		0		0		0	 0		0
45,702	2	638		108,259		24,377	 47,405		3,710
()	0		0		0	0		0
2,500)	0		0		0	0		0
()	0		0		0	0		0
()	0		0		0	0		0
)	0		0		0	0		0
)	0		0		0	0		3,710
)	0		0		0	0		0
)	0		104,068		47,224	82,802		0
(0	3,400		61,088		0	0		0
()	0		0		0	0		0
)	0		0		0	 0		0
2,500)	3,400		165,156		47,224	82,802		3,710
43,202	2	(2,762)		(56,897)		(22,847)	(35,397)		0
()	0		0		0	0		0
(0	0		0		0	0		0
)	0		0		0	0		0
(11,607	7)	0		0		0	0		0
)	0		0		0	 0		0
(11,607	7)	0		0		0	0		0
31,595	5	(2,762)		(56,897)		(22,847)	(35,397)		0
103,60	1	51,642		515,893		135,507	 172,909		0
\$ 135,196	5 \$	48,880	\$	458,996	\$	112,660	\$ 137,512	\$	0

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Legal Aid Trust	Drivers Ed Safety Trust	911 Operations and Maintenance			
Revenues	Φ 0	Φ 0	Φ 0			
Taxes Licenses and Permits	\$ 0	Ť	\$ 0			
Intergovernmental Revenues	0	•	0			
Charges for Services	22,643	· ·	374,908			
Fines and Forfeitures	22,043		0			
Investment Earnings (Loss)	137		5,056			
Miscellaneous	0		0,030			
Total Revenues	22,780		379,964			
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government Services	0	0	0			
Public Safety	0	0	311			
Physical Environment	0	0	0			
Transportation	0	0	0			
Economic Environment	0	0	0			
Human Services	83,655	37,444	0			
Culture and Recreation	0	0	0			
Court-related Expenditures	0	0	0			
Capital Outlay	0	0	0			
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	0	0	0			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0			
(Total Expenditures)	83,655	37,444	311			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	(60,875	(3,055)	379,653			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	45.400			
Transfers from Constitutional Officers	0		17,188			
Transfers to Constitutional Officers	0		(397,575)			
Transfers in	60,875	_	0			
Transfers (out)	0		0			
Sale of General Capital Assets Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	60,875		(380,387)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	00,075	_	(734)			
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	0		405,750			
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 0		\$ 405,016			

Special	Revenue	Funds
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\$ 0 0 8,885	\$	Keno	Beach urishment	Island Tourist velopment	Н	fordable ousing st (SHIP)	Stal	nd Shore bilization MSBU
-	0	\$	338,761	\$ 6,028,424	\$	0	\$	0
8 885	0		0	0		0		753,370
0,005	202,380		0	0		365,383		192,187
0	0		0	0		0		0
0	0		0	0		0		0
47	0		7,369	68,919		11,567		15,143
0	 0		0	0		64,300		5,000
8,932	 202,380		346,130	6,097,343		441,250		965,700
0	0		0	0		0		0
1,520	0		0	0		0		0
0	0		11,220	169,668		0		397,588
0	0		0	0		0		0
0	0		0	4,519,227		952,448		0
0	0		0	0		0		0
0	0		0	0		0		0
0	0		0	0		0		0
7,412	0		0	0		395		405,925
0	0		0	0		0		0
0	 0		0	 0		0		0
8,932	 0		11,220	 4,688,895		952,843		803,513
 0	 202,380		334,910	 1,408,448	-	(511,593)		162,187
0	0		743	0		0		0
0	0		(6,762)	(180,853)		(359)		(36,108)
0	0		0	0		0		0
0	0		0	(662)		0		0
0	0		0	0		0		0
0	0		(6,019)	(181,515)		(359)		(36,108)
0	202,380		328,891	1,226,933		(511,952)		126,079
0	 (202,380)		307,070	 4,493,585		991,826		626,321
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	635,961	\$ 5,720,518	\$	479,874	\$	752,400

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Building Department	Amelia Concourse MSBU	Firefighter Education Trust		
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0		
Licenses and Permits	2,380,558	182,197	0		
Intergovernmental Revenues	0	0	0		
Charges for Services	66,778	0	0		
Fines and Forfeitures	0	0	0		
Investment Earnings (Loss)	81,478	12,921	0		
Miscellaneous	22,041	105 119	0		
Total Revenues	2,550,855	195,118			
Expenditures Current:					
General Government Services	1,033,463	0	0		
Public Safety	409,096	0	0		
Physical Environment	0	206,160	0		
Transportation	0	0	0		
Economic Environment	0	0	0		
Human Services	0	0	0		
Culture and Recreation	0	0	0		
Court-related Expenditures	0	0	0		
Capital Outlay	75,680	0	0		
Debt Service:	70,000	v	v		
Principal Retirement	0	0	0		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0		
(Total Expenditures)	1,518,239	206,160	0		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	1,032,616	(11,042)	0		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from Constitutional Officers	0	0	0		
Transfers to Constitutional Officers	0	(8,636)	0		
Transfers in	6,463	0	0		
Transfers (out)	(245,137)	(11,718)	0		
Sale of General Capital Assets	3,348	0	0		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(235,326)	(20,354)	0		
Net Change in Fund Balances	797,290	(31,396)	0		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	4,992,223	926,631	3		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 5,789,513	\$ 895,235	\$ 3		

Special Rev	enue Funds	_			
F.S. Special Revenues Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds	Optional Gas Tax 2000	1998/2009 Gas Tax Bonds	County Complex	Total Debt Service Funds
\$ 0	\$ 15,951,340	\$ 923,430	\$ 454,770	\$ 0	\$ 1,378,200
0	3,316,125	0	0	0	0
35,874	804,709	0	545,350	0	545,350
213,980	858,816	0	0	0	0
58,867	151,055	0	0	0	0
16,904	273,675	22,001	11,899	0	33,900
472	92,463	0	0	0	0
326,097	21,448,183	945,431	1,012,019	0	1,957,450
0	1,059,623	0	0	0	0
60,455	495,546	0	0	0	0
0	784,636	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	5,471,675	0	0	0	0
0	124,809	0	0	0	0
25,535	25,535	0	0	0	0
71,833	305,927	0	0	0	0
42,035	682,958	0	0	0	0
0	0	357,030	1,083,861	1,170,000	2,610,891
0	0	588,401	20,160	1,149,750	1,758,311
199,858	8,950,709	945,431	1,104,021	2,319,750	4,369,202
126,239	12,497,474	0	(92,002)	(2,319,750)	(2,411,752)
0	17,931	0	0	0	0
0	(630,293)	0	0	0	0
0	67,338	0	0	2,319,750	2,319,750
0	(13,707,390)	0	0	2,317,730	2,317,730
0	3,348	0	0	0	0
0	(14,249,066)	0	0	2,319,750	2,319,750
126,239	(1,751,592)	0	(92,002)	0	(92,002)
1,245,304	18,881,225	1,496,681	92,002	0	1,588,683
\$ 1,371,543	\$ 17,129,633	\$ 1,496,681	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,496,681

(Concluded)

Capital Projects Funds

	Capital I Tojects Funus					
Revenues	G	rants	M	NC obility Fee Fund		County Complex
Taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Licenses and Permits	Φ	0	φ	1,223,441	Ф	0
Intergovernmental Revenues		0		0		0
Charges for Services		0		0		0
Fines and Forfeitures		0		0		0
Investment Earnings (Loss)		40		41,639		13,633
Miscellaneous		0		0		0
Total Revenues		40		1,265,080		13,633
Expenditures		10		1,203,000		13,033
Current:		_		_		_
General Government Services		0		0		0
Public Safety		0		0		0
Physical Environment		0		0		0
Transportation		0		25,462		0
Economic Environment		0		0		0
Human Services		0		0		0
Culture and Recreation		0		0		0
Court-related Expenditures		0		0		0
Capital Outlay		0		0		15,901
Debt Service:		0		0		0
Principal Retirement		0		0		0
Interest and Fiscal Charges		0		0		15.001
(Total Expenditures)		0		25,462		15,901
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		40		1,239,618		(2,268)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_				
Transfers from Constitutional Officers		0		0		0
Transfers to Constitutional Officers		0		(1,979)		0
Transfers in		0		0		0
Transfers (out)		0		(799)		0
Sale of General Capital Assets		0		0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		(2,778)		0
Net Change in Fund Balances		40		1,236,840		(2,268)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		3,145		2,626,426		805,378
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	3,185	\$	3,863,266	\$	803,110

Capital Projects Funds	Capital	Projects	Funds
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ENCPA Mobility Network Fund		Comprehensive Impact Fee Ordinance		Capital Projects Impact Fees		Capital Projects		Total Capital Project Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	17,329,540	
52,1	181	1,6	55,913		0		0	2,931,535		6,247,660	
	0		0		0		0	0		1,350,059	
	0		0		0		0	0		858,816	
	0		0		0		0	0		151,055	
1,9	901		41,325		71,651		36,519	206,708		514,283	
	0		0		0		0	 0		92,463	
54,0	082	1,6	97,238		71,651		36,519	3,138,243		26,543,876	
	0		265		231		0	496		1,060,119	
	0		528		271		0	799		496,345	
	0		0		0		0	0		784,636	
12,2			0		0		0	37,760		37,760	
	0		0		0		0	0		5,471,675	
	0		0		0		0	0		124,809	
	0		528		553		0	1,081		26,616	
	0		0		0		0	0		305,927	
	0		0		0		121,632	137,533		820,491	
	0		0		0		0	0		2,610,891	
-	0		0		0		0	0		1,758,311	
12,2	298		1,321		1,055		121,632	 177,669		13,497,580	
41,7	784	1,6	95,917		70,596		(85,113)	 2,960,574		13,046,296	
	0		0		0		0	0		17,931	
	0		(4,377)		0		0	(6,356)		(636,649)	
2,9	994		0		0		374,987	377,981		2,765,069	
	(9)		(5,655)		0		0	(6,463)		(13,713,853)	
	0		0		0		0	0		3,348	
2,9	985	(10,032)		0		374,987	365,162		(11,564,154)	
44,7	769	1,6	85,885		70,596		289,874	3,325,736		1,482,142	
127,1	129	1,6	46,694		4,641,112		2,237,096	 12,086,980		32,556,888	
\$ 171,8	398	\$ 3,3	32,579	\$	4,711,708	\$	2,526,970	\$ 15,412,716	\$	34,039,030	





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Nassau County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Nassau County Board of County Commissioners, Nassau County, Florida, (the Board) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Board's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in item 2018-01 below that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

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P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350

1560 N. Orange Ave., Suite #450 • Winter Park, Florida 32789

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Concluded)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (*Concluded***)**

2018-01 – Utility and Ambulance Billing Segregation of Duties

Condition—During our review of controls over cash receipts in the utility billing and ambulance billing processes, we noted that the billing supervisor has access to cash deposits and the ability to make adjustments in the billing systems. There are some mitigating controls in place such as pre-numbered receipts and secondary reviews; however, the billing supervisor eventually has access to both the deposit and supporting documentation which renders the mitigating controls insufficient.

Effect—One of the basic tenants of an effective system of internal controls is the segregation of incompatible duties such that one individual does not have access to an asset and the ability to alter the accounting records over that asset without effective compensating controls in place. Lack of adequate segregation of duties or effective compensating controls increases the likelihood of misstatements, whether due to error or fraud.

Recommendation—We recommend that the Board consider separating the cash deposit process from the billing system process or consider implementing or modifying existing compensating controls to reduce risk.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Board's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Turis, Gray and Company, LLP March 13, 2019

Gainesville, Florida



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON **COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES**

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Nassau County, Florida

We have examined the Nassau County Board of County Commissioners' Nassau County, Florida, (the Board) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, as required by Section 10.556(10)(a), Rules of the Auditor General. Management is responsible for the Board's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Board's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide legal determination of the Board's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Board complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal, State or other granting agencies, the Board of County Commissioners and management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Turin, Lay and Company, LLP March 13, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

Certified Public Accountants



MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Nassau County Board of County Commissioners, Nassau County, Florida, (the Board) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 13, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

■ Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Board was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Board includes component units as described in Note 1 of the financial statements.

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MANAGEMENT LETTER (Continued)

Financial Management

■ Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we have the following recommendations:

• 2018-02 - <u>Utility Billing Negative Reads</u>

Condition—During our review of water and wastewater usage reports, we noted that several customer accounts reported negative usage for multiple continuous months. Policies currently exist for re-reading accounts which report negative usage, which appears to have occurred and eventually it appears meters are replaced which corrected the negative reads issue. The process from initial negative reads to replacement of meters appears to take four to six months based upon months of continuous negative reads in the utility billing system.

Effect—Due to the time between identification of initial negative reads and meter replacement, we estimate customers were under-billed approximately \$30,000 for water and wastewater usage over the past 24 months.

Recommendation—We recommend that the Board consider reducing the time lag between identification of negative reads and meter replacement in order to reduce under billing of customer accounts. We also recommend a review of the sufficiency of the current meter change out program.

• 2018-03 - <u>Timely Grant Reimbursement Requests</u>

Condition—During our testing of federal and state grant agreements it was noted that there were no reimbursement requests submitted for several state grants for various road construction projects, including SCOP, SCRAP, and CIGP grants (approximately \$2.4 million in expenditures) during the fiscal year or through the date of fieldwork (January, 2019).

Effect—Reimbursement requests provide additional assurance that grant expenditures are eligible and allowable under the grant, and that receivables are valid. Additionally, lack of timely requests could result in cash flow limitations for the project and/or necessitate temporary borrowing from other County funds.

Recommendation—We recommend that the Board implement procedures to ensure that all eligible grants are submitted for reimbursement in a timely manner.

• 2018-04 – SHIP Grant Reporting

Condition—During our testing of federal and state grant agreements, we noted that the Board reported a receivable and deferred revenue of approximately \$490,000 as of September 30,2017, for funds already received during the fiscal year in the SHIP fund. While this overstatement of assets and deferred revenues had no effect upon fund level equity on the Board financial statements, it did result in over-statement of revenue and equity on the County financial statements. In order to correct the error in the current year, County revenues are understated approximately \$490,000. In addition to the misstatements of revenues and equity in the financial statements, this condition indicates there was insufficient reconciliation of SHIP receivables and revenues to supporting documentation.

MANAGEMENT LETTER (Concluded)

Financial Management (Concluded)

- Section 10.554(1)(i)2. (*Concluded*)
 - 2018-04 SHIP Grant Reporting (Concluded)

Effect—County-wide governmental activities beginning equity and prior year SHIP revenue is overstated by approximately \$490,000, and as a result of adjustments to correct this error, current year SHIP revenues are understated by the same amount.

Recommendation—We recommend that the Board implement additional reconciliation procedures over SHIP revenues and receivables to supporting documentation.

Additional Matters

■ Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statement that is less than material but more than inconsequential. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal, State or other granting agencies, the Board of County Commissioners and management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

March 13, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

Turvis, Dray and Company, LLP

Management Response to Audit Findings Fiscal Year Ending 9/30/2018

Prepared by Megan Diehl, Office of Management and Budget Director Nassau County Board of County Commissioners

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2018-01 Utility and Ambulance Billing Segregation of Duties

<u>Finding:</u> "During the review of controls over cash receipts in the utility billing and ambulance billing processes, we noted that the billing supervisor has access to cash deposits and the ability to make adjustments in the billing systems. There are some mitigating controls in place such as pre-numbered receipts and secondary reviews; however, the billing supervisor eventually has access to both the deposit and supporting documentation which renders the mitigating controls insufficient".

Recommendation: "We recommend that the Board consider separating the cash deposit process from the billing system process or consider implementing or modifying existing compensating controls to reduce risk."

Management Response: We agree with the recommendation that further separation of duties between the cash deposit and billing adjustment processes is an appropriate course of action to mitigate the identified risk. Going forward, to prohibit the same person who has customer account adjustment authority from having access to deposits, a County employee other than the Billing Supervisor will be tasked with making the bank deposits, and the Billing Supervisor will no longer have access credentials to bank accounts.

Other Matters

2018-02 <u>Utility Billing Negative Reads</u>

<u>Finding:</u> "During our review of water and wastewater usage reports, we noted that several customer accounts reported negative usage for multiple continuous months. Policies currently exist for re-reading accounts which report negative usage, which appears to have occurred and eventually it appears meters are replaced which corrected the negative reads issue. The process from initial negative reads to replacement of meter appears to take four to six months based upon months of continuous negative reads in the utility billing system."

Recommendation: "We recommend that the Board consider reducing the time lag between identification of negative reads and meter replacement in order to reduce under billing of customer accounts. We also recommend a review of the sufficiency of the current meter change out program."

Management Response: Management recognizes that the timeliness of meter replacement can and should be improved, and we agree with the recommendation above. The current process for correctly identifying negative or no usage reads will be revisited and an action plan to improve the timeliness of work order completion will be developed with the Plant Superintendent and administrative support staff. As a long-term measure to improve overall meter accuracy, the County is considering the feasibility of migrating to an electronic meter reading system.

2018-03 <u>Timely Grant Reimbursement Requests</u>

<u>Finding:</u> "During our testing of federal and state grant agreements it was noted that there were no reimbursement requests submitted for several state grants for various road construction projects, including SCOP, SCRAP, and CIGP grants (approximately \$2.4 million in expenditures) during the fiscal year or through the date of fieldwork (January 2019).

<u>Recommendation</u>: "We recommend that the Board implement procedures to ensure that all eligible grants are submitted for reimbursement in a timely manner."

Management's Response: This issue was brought to the attention of Management during the 2018 audit process. OMB immediately took corrective action to begin the reimbursement process and to-date (March 2019) we have collected all but about \$9,500 of the expected reimbursement amount. Expected reimbursements total approximately \$2.2 million based on eligible expenditures as reported by the County Engineering department. We agree with the recommendation that the Board implement procedures to ensure timely reimbursement and will be implementing the following course of action to improve that process —

- Centralize the post-award administration of grants under the Office of Management and Budget.
- Create a written policy document outlining the grants reimbursement procedure, with the recommendation that it be incorporated into the County's purchasing policy
- Provide training to all department heads and administrative support personnel regarding the reimbursement process.

2018-04 SHIP Grant Reporting

<u>Finding:</u> "During our testing of federal and state grant agreements, we noted that the Board reported a receivable and deferred revenue of approximately \$490,000 as of September 30, 2017, for funds already received during the fiscal year in the SHIP fund. While this overstatement of assets and deferred revenues had no effect upon fund level equity on the Board financial statements, it did result in over-statement of revenue and

equity on the County financial statements. In order to correct the error in the current year, County revenues are understated approximately \$490,000. In addition to the misstatements of revenues and equity in the financial statements, this condition indicates there was insufficient reconciliation of SHIP receivables and revenues to supporting documentation."

Recommendation: "We recommend that the Board implement additional reconciliation procedures over SHIP revenues and receivables to supporting documentation.

<u>Management's Response:</u> As stated in the previous response, management recognizes the need to implement process improvement measures in the post-award administration and grant compliance functions. To address this finding specifically, an additional step will be added to the review and approval process to include Clerk Finance staff where appropriate.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

NASSAU COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

NASSAU COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County, Florida, Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

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The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Concluded)

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Nassau County that is attributable to the Clerk. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Nassau County as of September 30, 2018, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Other Financial Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clerk's financial statements. The other financial information as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The other financial information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other financial information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

vivis, Gray and Company, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 8, 2019, on our consideration of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

March 8, 2019

Gainesville, Florida



NASSAU COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Major Funds					
			Public Records	Child	Other	Total
	General	Court	Modernization Support		Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Trust Fund Fund		Funds	Funds
Assets						
Cash	\$ 121,905	\$ 42,731	\$ 597,608	\$ 390,132	\$ 7,553	\$ 1,159,929
Due from Board of County						
Commissioners	9,058	0	0	0	0	9,058
Due from Other Funds	76,456	108,985	23,609	15	0	209,065
Due from Other Governments	21,592	1,115	0	17,102	0	39,809
Prepaid Expenses	15,225	304	11,059	0	0	26,588
Total Assets	244,236	153,135	632,276	407,249	7,553	1,444,449
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	65,895	19,266	15,679	268	0	101,108
Due to Board of County						
Commissioners	57,109	0	0	0	0	57,109
Due to Other Funds	0	18,764	0	2,201	0	20,965
Due to Other Governments	3,331	0	3,249	0	0	6,580
Unearned Revenue	0	115,105	0	0	0	115,105
Other Accrued Liabilities	117,901	0	0	0	0	117,901
Total Liabilities	244,236	153,135	18,928	2,469	0	418,768
Fund Balances						
Restricted:						
Records Modernization	0	0	613,348	0	0	613,348
Child Support	0	0	0	404,780	0	404,780
Committed:						
Teen Court	0	0	0	0	7,553	7,553
Total Fund Balances	0	0	613,348	404,780	7,553	1,025,681
Total Liabilities and						
Fund Balances	\$ 244,236	\$ 153,135	\$ 632,276	\$ 407,249	\$ 7,553	\$ 1,444,449

		Majo	r Funds				
			Public Records	Child	Other	Total	
	General	Court	Modernization	Support	Governmental	Government	
	Fund	Fund	Trust Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 0	\$ 3,216	\$ 0	\$ 148,373	\$ 62,784	\$ 214,373	
Charges for Services	641,977	938,696	269,508	0	0	1,850,181	
Judgments and Fines	0	387,809	0	0	0	387,809	
Miscellaneous	11,185	8,032	7,312	0	6,125	32,654	
Total Revenues	653,162	1,337,753	276,820	148,373	68,909	2,485,017	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General Government:							
Personal Services	2,050,041	0	0	0	0	2,050,041	
Operating Expenditures	717,478	0	0	0	2,168	719,646	
Economic Environment:							
Personal Services	56,287	0	0	0	0	56,287	
Operating Expenditures	4,871	0	0	0	0	4,871	
Court-related:							
Personal Services	0	1,221,052	0	103,743	45,433	1,370,228	
Operating Expenditures	0	116,701	160,303	1,900	17,351	296,255	
Capital Outlay	218,125	0	20,880	0	0	239,005	
(Total Expenditures)	(3,046,802)	(1,337,753)	(181,183)	(105,643)	(64,952)	(4,736,333)	
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues							
(Under) Over Expenditures	(2,393,640)	0	95,637	42,730	3,957	(2,251,316)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in from Board of County							
Commissioners	2,450,602	0	490	0	0	2,451,092	
Transfers (out) to Board of County							
Commissioners	(56,962)	0	0	0	0	(56,962)	
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Uses)	2,393,640	0	490	0	0	2,394,130	
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	96,127	42,730	3,957	142,814	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	0	0	517,221	362,050	3,596	882,867	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 613,348	\$ 404,780	\$ 7,553	\$ 1,025,681	

	General Fund								
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues									
Charges for Services	\$	534,200	\$	641,990	\$	641,977	\$	(13)	
Miscellaneous		9,000		9,000		11,185		2,185	
Total Revenues		543,200		650,990		653,162		2,172	
Expenditures Current: General Government:									
Personal Services		2,174,974		2,050,066		2,050,041		25	
Operating Expenditures		747,986		717,448		717,478		(30)	
Economic Environment:		,		,		, , , , ,		()	
Personal Services		50,885		56,290		56,287		3	
Operating Expenditures		4,790		4,871		4,871		0	
Capital Outlay		0		218,127		218,125		2	
(Total Expenditures)		(2,978,635)		(3,046,802)		(3,046,802)		0	
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures		(2,435,435)		(2,395,812)		(2,393,640)		2,172	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in from Board of County									
Commissioners		2,435,435		2,452,774		2,450,602		(2,172)	
Transfers (out) to Board of County									
Commissioners		0		(56,962)		(56,962)		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,435,435		2,395,812		2,393,640		(2,172)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		0		0		0		0	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		0		0		0		0	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	

(Continued)

	Court Fund							
	Budgeted Am Original			ounts Final	Actual Amounts		Fin F	ance With al Budget Positive (egative)
Revenues		- 6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · 						g
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	3,216	\$	3,216	\$	3,216	\$	0
Charges for Services		919,972		919,972		938,696		18,724
Judgments and Fines		454,446		454,446		387,809		(66,637)
Miscellaneous		400		400		8,032		7,632
Total Revenues		1,378,034		1,378,034		1,337,753		(40,281)
Expenditures Current: Court-related:								
Personal Services		1,276,021		1,231,211		1,221,052		10,159
Operating Expenditures		102,013		146,823		116,701		30,122
(Total Expenditures)		(1,378,034)		(1,378,034)		(1,337,753)		40,281
Net Change in Fund Balances		0		0		0		0
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		0		0		0		0
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

(Continued)

	Public Records Modernization Trust Fund							
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Fin	ance With al Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	(N	legative)
Revenues		_				_		
Charges for Services	\$	278,094	\$	278,094	\$	269,508	\$	(8,586)
Miscellaneous		0		0		7,312		7,312
Total Revenues		278,094		278,094		276,820		(1,274)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government:								
Operating Expenditures		348,342		328,221		0		328,221
Court-related:								
Operating Expenditures		446,973		426,092		160,303		265,789
Capital Outlay		0		41,002		20,880		20,122
(Total Expenditures)		(795,315)		(795,315)		(181,183)		614,132
Excess of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		(517,221)		(517,221)		95,637		612,858
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in from Board of County								
Commissioners		0		0		490		490
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		490		490
Net Change in Fund Balances		(517,221)		(517,221)		96,127		613,348
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		517,221		517,221		517,221		0
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	613,348	\$	613,348

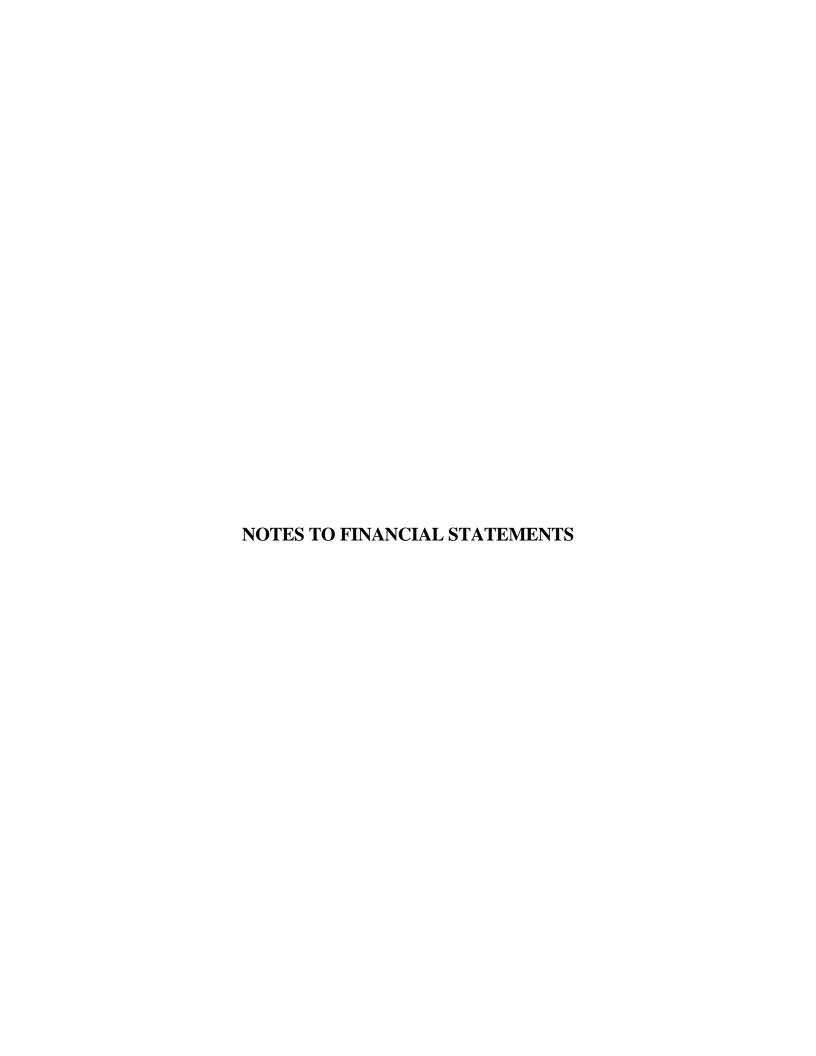
(Concluded)

	Child Support Fund								
		Budgeted Amounts Actual Original Final Amounts							
Revenues				_		_			
Intergovernmental	\$	110,776	\$	110,776	\$	148,373	\$	37,597	
Total Revenues		110,776		110,776		148,373		37,597	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Court-related:									
Personal Services		97,588		104,390		103,743		647	
Operating Expenditures		375,238		368,436		1,900		366,536	
(Total Expenditures)		(472,826)		(472,826)		(105,643)		367,183	
Excess of Revenues Over									
Expenditures		(362,050)		(362,050)		42,730		404,780	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(362,050)		(362,050)		42,730		404,780	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		0		0		362,050		362,050	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(362,050)	\$	(362,050)	\$	404,780	\$	766,830	

NASSAU COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Assets

Cash Due from Other Funds Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governments	\$ 2,966,323 541 42,115 121
Total Assets	 3,009,100
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	2,989
Due to Board of County	
Commissioners	46,277
Due to Other Funds	188,641
Due to Other Governments	671,838
Deposits	2,064,846
Other Liabilities	 34,509
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,009,100



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Nassau County, Florida, Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of these financial statements:

Reporting Entity

Nassau County, Florida (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board).

The Clerk is an elected official of the County pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Clerk is a part of the primary government of the County. The Clerk is responsible for the administration and operation of the Clerk's office, and the Clerk's financial statements do not include the financial statements of the Board or the other Constitutional Officers of the County.

The Clerk funds his noncourt operations as a Budget Officer and a Fee Officer pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapters 28, 129, and 218, respectively. As a Budget Officer, the operations of the Clerk are funded by the County General Fund. The receipts from the County General Fund are recorded as other financing sources on the Clerk's general fund financial statements. Any excess of revenues and other financing sources received over expenditures of the general fund are remitted to the County General Fund at year-end. The court-related operations of the Clerk are funded from fees and charges authorized under Chapter 2013-44, Laws of Florida and are reported in the Court Fund. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. At year-end, any excess of revenues over court-related expenditures of the Court fund are remitted to the State of Florida pursuant to Florida Statute 28.37.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include all the funds and accounts of the Clerk's office, but are not a complete presentation of the County as a whole. Except for this matter, they are otherwise in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(4), *Rules of the Auditor General—Local Governmental Entity Audits*.

The financial transactions of the Clerk are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. These funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. GAAP sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures of each fund category) for the determination of major funds. Major funds are reported separately in the basic financial statements of the Clerk.

■ Governmental Funds

- Major Funds
 - ► General Fund—The general fund is the general operating fund of the Clerk. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Concluded)

- **■** Governmental Funds (*Concluded*)
 - Major Funds (Concluded)
 - ➤ Court Fund—The court fund was established to account for court-related revenues and expenditures and are required to be reported separately from the Clerk's general fund activities.
 - ▶ Public Records Modernization Trust Fund—This fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenues that are legally restricted for expenditures of the public records program.
 - ► Child Support Fund—This fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenues that are restricted for expenditures of the child support program.

• Nonmajor Governmental Funds

- ► **Teen Court Fund**—This fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenues that are committed for expenditures of the teen court program.
- ▶ **Jury Services Fund**—This fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenues that are restricted for expenditures related to jury services.

■ Fiduciary Funds

• **Agency Funds**—The agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Clerk as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of changes in financial position.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds and agency funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. The Clerk considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 31 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred. Charges for services and investment revenue are recorded as earned.

Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the fixed assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Budgetary Requirement

Governmental fund revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. An annual budget was adopted for the general fund, the public records fund, teen court, and child support. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year. A budget was adopted for the court fund and approved by the Legislative Budget Commission pursuant to Florida Statute 28.35. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Clerk's annual budgets are monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total annual budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Capital Assets

Tangible personal property is recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund at the time an asset is acquired. Assets acquired by the Clerk are capitalized at cost in the capital asset accounts of the County. The Clerk maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by his office.

Accrued Compensated Absences

The Clerk maintains a policy of granting employees annual leave based upon the number of years of employment. At December 31 of each year, employees can carry over up to a maximum of 75 hours of paid annual leave. Any unused vacation leave accrued over the 75 hours at the end of the calendar year will be forfeited. Any exception would require the Clerk's or designee's approval.

In addition, sick leave is accumulated at the rate of one day per month for a maximum of 400 hours as of December 31 of each year. There will be no payment in lieu of unused sick leave at the time of separation effective July 1, 2010, and thereafter. The Clerk reserves the right to use a combination of overtime pay and/or compensatory time for compensating overtime worked.

Workers' Compensation and Group Health Insurance

For the Clerk's non-Court employees, the Board provided workers' compensation and group health insurance coverages. The premiums for such coverages were paid by the Board and recorded on its records and, consequently, are not recorded on the Clerk's records. For the Clerk's Court employees, the Clerk provides workers' compensation and group health insurance coverages. The premiums for such coverages were paid by the Clerk and recorded on his records.

Risk Management

The Clerk is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and the public; or damage to property of others. The Clerk participates in the risk management program through the Board, which uses commercial insurance to cover the following types of risk:

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Concluded)

Risk Management (Concluded)

- Workers' Compensation
- Automobile Liability
- Public Officials' Liability

- Personal Property Damage
- General Liability

Workers' compensation coverage is provided under a retrospectively rated policy. Premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost to-date of the Board's experience for this type of risk.

Fund Balance Reporting

The Clerk has implemented the provisions of GASB issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54), as required. The purpose of GASB 54 is to improve the consistency and usefulness of fund balance information to the financial statement user. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the organization is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned:

- Nonspendable—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that cannot be spent because (a) they are not expected to be converted to cash, or (b) they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund. The Clerk does not have any nonspendable funds.
- **Restricted**—This component of fund balances consists of amounts that are constrained either (a) externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (e.g., policy, ordinance, or resolution) of the organization's governing authority.
- **Assigned**—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by a less-than-formal action of the organization's governing authority, or by an individual or body to whom the governing authority has delegated this responsibility. The Clerk has not delegated the responsibility to assign fund balances to any individual or body.
- Unassigned—This classification is used for (a) negative unrestricted fund balances in any governmental fund, or (b) fund balances within the general fund that are not restricted, committed or assigned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Clerk's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use, it is the Clerk's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as needed.

(Continued)

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the Clerk's deposits was \$4,120,227 and the bank balance was \$4,321,393. The Clerk also held \$6,025 in change funds at September 30, 2018. Deposits in banks and thrift institutions are collateralized as public funds through a state procedure provided for in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Financial institutions qualifying as public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits times the depository's collateral pledging level. The Public Deposit Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of a default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof. All of the cash funds of the Clerk are deposited in accordance with Florida Statutes 280 and 218.415, and Nassau County Resolution 95-144.

Investments

The Clerk's investment practices are governed by Chapters 28.33 and 218.415, Florida Statutes. The Clerk is authorized to invest in certificates of deposit, money market certificates, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (the State Board of Administration). There were no investments as of September 30, 2018.

Note 3 - Employee Retirement Plan

General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Clerk are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112 Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, *Florida Administrative Code*; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined-benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer qualified defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The general classes of membership applicable to the Clerk are as follows:

- *Regular Class*—Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officer Class*—Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class—Members in senior management level positions.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Members of the Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

(Continued)

Note 3 - Employee Retirement Plan (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided. (Concluded)

Class, Initial Enrollment, and	Percent
Retirement Age/Years of Service	Value
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled on or After July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

<u>Contributions</u>. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2017-2018 fiscal year were as follows:

		June 30, 2018 Gross Salary	Year Ended June 30, 201 Percent of Gross Salary			
Class	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer		
FRS, Regular	3.00	6.20	3.00	6.54		
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	43.78	3.00	46.98		
FRS, Senior Management						
Service	3.00	20.99	3.00	22.34		
DROP – Applicable to						
Members from All of						
the Above Classes	0.00	11.60	0.00	12.37		
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(1)	(0)	(1)	(0)		

Notes: (1) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed. Employer contributions are also required for members in the FRS Investment Plan for a portion of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Concluded)

Contributions. (Concluded)

The Clerk's contributions (employer) to the FRS Plan totaled \$283,410 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This excludes the HIS defined benefit pension plan contributions.

<u>Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense</u>. At September 30, 2018, the Clerk's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability was \$2,871,758. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The Clerk's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Clerk's 2017-18 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the Clerk's proportion was .009534225%, which was a decrease of .000222752 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

Further details of the FRS Plan net pension liability, annual pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Florida Legislature established and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the HIS program. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in Florida in paying their health insurance costs.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under one of the State-administered retirement systems must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u>. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the contribution rates were 1.66% and 1.66% of payroll respectively, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Clerk contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate Trust Fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The Clerk's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$69,583 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

HIS Pension Plan (Concluded)

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense.

At September 30, 2018, the Clerk's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability was \$861,193. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The Clerk's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Clerk's 2017-18 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the Clerk's proportion was .008136654%, which was a decrease of .000482079 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

Further details of the HIS Plan net pension liability, annual pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

FRS - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Clerk contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA, and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Clerk employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment members' accounts during the 2017-18 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of Gross
Class	Compensation
FRS, Regular	6.30%
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34%
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67%

(Continued)

Note 3 - Employee Retirement Plan (Concluded)

FRS - Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Concluded)

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Clerk.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The Clerk's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$28,650 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Note 4 - Other Postemployment Benefits

The County offers certain postemployment health care benefits that are considered part of an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plan for financial accounting purposes. The OPEB is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the County. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected. However, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. During the year, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which requires employers of single-employer defined benefit plans to report the employers' OPEB plan liabilities. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 75 are being applied retroactively by restating the actuarially-determined liabilities and deferred outflow of resources at October 1, 2017.

Retirees and their dependents (except for life insurance) are permitted to remain covered under the County's respective medical and insurance plans as long as they pay a full premium applicable to coverage elected, subject to the direct subsidy in the following table. This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Chapter 112.08, Florida Statutes.

(Continued)

Note 4 - Other Postemployment Benefits (*Concluded***)**

Percent of Direct Subsidy up to "Subsidy Base Maximum" of \$547.92

Years of Service		
With Nassau	Hired Before	Hired on or After
County	10/1/05	10/1/05
At Least 6	100%	0%
15 Years	100%	50%
20 Years	100%	65%
25 Years	100%	80%
30 or More Years	100%	100%

Currently, the Clerk has 60 active employees and seven retired employees who are considered participants in the plan for purposes of computing the OPEB obligation. The Clerk's portion of the OPEB obligation at September 30, 2018, totaled \$2,164,637. This liability will be included in long-term liabilities in the County-wide financial statements. Details of the annual cost, the accrued obligation, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

Note 5 - <u>Long-term Liabilities</u>

The long-term liabilities presented below are not reported in the financial statements of the Clerk since they are not payable from available resources at September 30, 2018.

The Clerk's long-term debt is recorded in the statement of net position as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities is as follows:

		Balance						Balance	
	(October 1,					Se	ptember 30,	
		2017 Ad		Additions (Deletions)			2018		
Liability for Compensated Absences	\$	65,363	\$	165,911	\$	(153,012)	\$	78,262	
Other Postemployment Benefits		2,179,023		0		(14,386)		2,164,637	
Net Pension Liabilities		3,807,603		0		(74,652)		3,732,951	
Total Long-term Debt	\$	6,051,989	\$	165,911	\$	(242,050)	\$	5,975,850	

See Note 3 for more information on the Net Pension Liabilities related to the FRS and HIS Pension Plans.

See Note 4 for a description of the County's policies on OPEB. The October 1, 2017, OPEB liability was increased by \$1,294,783 as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

(Concluded)

Note 6 - <u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other <u>Funds</u>
General Fund	\$ 76,45	6 \$ 0
Special Revenue Funds		
Court Fund	108,98	5 18,764
Public Records		
Modernization Fund	23,60	9 0
Child Support Fund	1	5 2,201
Agency Funds		
Civil Trust Fund		0 61,319
Recording Trust Fund	54	1 77,409
Criminal Trust Fund		0 2,934
Special Trust Fund		0 45,886
Domestic Relations Fund		0 1,093
Bail Bond Fund		00
Total	\$ 209,60	6 \$ 209,606



NASSAU COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Гееn Court	Ju Serv	ry vices	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets Cash Total Assets	\$ 7,553 7,553	\$	0	\$	7,553 7,553	
Liabilities and Fund Balances	7,333		<u> </u>		7,333	
Liabilities	 0		0		0	
Fund Balances Committed: Teen Court	7,553		0		7,553	
Total Fund Balances	7,553		0		7,553	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 7,553	\$	0	\$	7,553	

	 Teen Court	 Jury Services	Total Other Governmental Funds			
Revenues						
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 0	\$ 62,784	\$	62,784		
Miscellaneous	 6,125	 0		6,125		
Total Revenues	6,125	62,784		68,909		
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government:						
Operating Expenditures	2,168	0		2,168		
Court-related:						
Personal Services	0	45,433		45,433		
Operating Expenditures	0	17,351		17,351		
(Total Expenditures)	(2,168)	(62,784)		(64,952)		
Excess of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	 3,957	 0		3,957		
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,957	0		3,957		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	3,596	0		3,596		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 7,553	\$ 0	\$	7,553		

AGENCY FUNDS

Civil Trust—This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of filing fees, service charges, and bonds relating to civil actions.

Recording Trust—This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of fees and service charges for official records.

Criminal Trust—This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of criminal fines and fees.

Special Trust—This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of traffic and misdemeanor fines, court costs, fees, and service charges.

Domestic Relations—This fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of court-ordered child support payments and fees.

Registry of the Court—This fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of deposits required by court legal actions.

Bail Bond—Accounts for funds received from defendants of criminal and traffic arrests required to assure that the defendant will meet the requirement to appear in court. Disposition of these bond funds is made as ordered by the court.

NASSAU COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Civil Trust	· ·		Criminal Trust		Special Trust		Domestic Relations		Registry of the Court		Bail Bonds		Total	
Assets															
Cash	\$ 569,039	\$	943,776	\$	13,478	\$	168,501	\$	1,543	\$	1,119,375	\$	150,611	\$ 2,966,323	
Due from Other Funds	0		541		0		0		0		0		0	541	
Accounts Receivable	0		42,115		0		0		0		0		0	42,115	
Due from Other Governments	0		0		0		0		121		0		0	 121	
Total Assets	 569,039		986,432		13,478		168,501		1,664		1,119,375		150,611	 3,009,100	
Liabilities															
Accounts Payable Due to Board of County	2,989		0		0		0		0		0		0	2,989	
Commissioners	0		18,718		1,887		25,672		0		0		0	46,277	
Due to Other Funds	61,319		77,409		2,934		45,886		1,093		0		0	188,641	
Due to Other Governments	35,235		570,968		5,319		59,745		571		0		0	671,838	
Deposits	439,696		318,658		2,422		34,084		0		1,119,375		150,611	2,064,846	
Other Liabilities	 29,800		679		916		3,114		0		0		0	 34,509	
Total Liabilities	\$ 569,039	\$	986,432	\$	13,478	\$	168,501	\$	1,664	\$	1,119,375	\$	150,611	\$ 3,009,100	





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County, Florida, Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2019, which was modified to state that the financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of Nassau County, Florida, as a whole.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Clerk's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350

1560 N. Orange Ave., Suite #450 • Winter Park, Florida 32789

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The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Concluded)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clerk's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Turvis, Gray and Company, LLP March 8, 2019

Gainesville, Florida



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

We have examined Nassau County, Florida, Clerk's (the Clerk) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, as required by Section 10.556(10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Clerk's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Clerk, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Turing, Lay and Company, LLP March 8, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTIONS 28.35 AND 28.36, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

We have examined Nassau County, Florida, Clerk's (the Clerk) compliance with the requirements of Sections 28.35 and 28.36, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, as required by Section 10.556(10)(c), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Clerk's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Clerk, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Turvis, Lay and Company, LLP March 8, 2019

Gainesville, Florida



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 61.181, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

We have examined Nassau County, Florida, Clerk's (the Clerk) compliance with the requirements of Section 61.181, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, as required by Section 10.556(10)(d), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Clerk's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Clerk, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 8, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

Turvis, Gray and Company, LLP

Certified Public Accountants



MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County, Florida, Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2019, which was modified to indicate that the financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of Nassau County, Florida.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Reports on our examinations conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 8, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no such recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Clerk was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). There were no component units related to the Clerk.

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P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350

1560 N. Orange Ave., Suite #450 • Winter Park, Florida 32789

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The Honorable John A. Crawford Nassau County Clerk of the Circuit Court Nassau County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER (Concluded)

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the determination of financial statements that is less than material but which warrants that attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Clerk and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Turvis, Lay and Company, LLP March 8, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

NASSAU COUNTY SHERIFF NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

NASSAU COUNTY SHERIFF NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Bill Leeper Nassau County Sheriff Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County, Florida, Sheriff (the Sheriff), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financials statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sheriff as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for each major fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350

1560 N. Orange Ave., Suite #450 • Winter Park, Florida 32789

Members of American and Florida Institutes of Certified Public Accountants

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The Honorable Bill Leeper Nassau County Sheriff Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Concluded)

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Nassau County, Florida that is attributable to the Sheriff. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Nassau County, Florida as of September 30, 2018, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Other Financial Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Sheriff's financial statements. The other financial information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The other financial information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other financial information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report on our consideration of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Turvis, Lay and Company, LLP March 11, 2019

Gainesville, Florida



NASSAU COUNTY SHERIFF BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Major	Fun	ds		_			
	General Fund	Inmate mmissary	Equitable ry Sharing		Federal Inmate		Other Governmental Funds		Total vernmental Funds
Assets									
Cash in Bank	\$ 1,040,957	\$ 523,825	\$	961,285	\$ 301,617	\$	124,583	\$	2,952,267
Cash on Hand	500	0		0	0		3,403		3,903
Accounts Receivable	152,478	15,945		0	0		0		168,423
Due from Other Funds	2,969	10,852		1,598	0		0		15,419
Due from Board of									
County Commissioners	63,912	0		0	0		0		63,912
Due from Other									
Governments	1,952	0		0	123,707		0		125,659
Total Assets	1,262,768	550,622		962,883	425,324		127,986		3,329,583
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	563,466	1,020		0	10,627		12,178		587,291
Due to Other Funds	0	232		0	1,598		0		1,830
Due to Board of									
County Commissioners	43,281	0		0	402,166		17,188		462,635
Other Current Liabilities	656,021	0		0	10,933		6,351		673,305
Total Liabilities	1,262,768	1,252		0	425,324		35,717		1,725,061
Fund Balances Restricted:									
Law Enforcement	0	0		962,883	0		0		962,883
Inmate Welfare	0	549,370		0	0		0		549,370
Committed:		,-							,-
Investigative	0	0		0	0		92,269		92,269
Total Fund Balances	0	549,370		962,883	0		92,269		1,604,522
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,262,768	\$ 550,622	\$	962,883	\$ 425,324	\$	127,986	\$	3,329,583

NASSAU COUNTY SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Major	-			
	General Fund	Inmate Commissary	Equitable Federal y Sharing Inmate		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 226,138	\$ 0	\$ 1,177,717	\$ 767,058	\$ 2,504	\$ 2,173,417
Miscellaneous	149,895	330,040	65	0	16,521	496,521
Total Revenues	376,033	330,040	1,177,782	767,058	19,025	2,669,938
Expenditures						
Current:						
Court-related:						
Personal Services	928,798	0	0	0	0	928,798
Operating Expenditures	31,017	0	0	0	0	31,017
Public Safety:						
Personal Services	15,030,732	0	0	345,305	160,729	15,536,766
Operating Expenditures	4,877,190	262,550	2,236	19,587	183,552	5,345,115
Capital Outlay	821,167	27,058	338,987	0	3,785	1,190,997
Debt Service:						
Principal	119,517	0	0	0	0	119,517
Interest	13,355	0	0	0	0	13,355
(Total Expenditures)	(21,821,776)	(289,608)	(341,223)	(364,892)	(348,066)	(23,165,565)
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues (Under)	(21, 445, 742)	40,422	026.550	402.166	(220,041)	(20, 405, 627)
Over Expenditures	(21,445,743)	40,432	836,559	402,166	(329,041)	(20,495,627)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in from Board of County Commissioners Transfers (out) to Board	21,481,027	0	0	0	344,350	21,825,377
Board of County	(25.294)	0	0	(402.166)	(17.100)	(454 (29)
Commissioners Total Other Financing	(35,284)	0	0	(402,166)	(17,188)	(454,638)
Sources (Uses)	21,445,743	0	0	(402,166)	327,162	21,370,739
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	40,432	836,559	0	(1,879)	875,112
Fund Balance,						
Beginning of Year	0	508,938	126,324	0	94,148	729,410
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 0	\$ 549,370	\$ 962,883	\$ 0	\$ 92,269	\$ 1,604,522

NASSAU COUNTY SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General Fund								
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Final l Pos	ce With Budget itive		
	Orig	inal	F	'inal	A	Amounts	(Neg	ative)	
Revenues		_			_				
Intergovernmental	\$	0	\$	226,138	\$	226,138	\$	0	
Miscellaneous		0		149,895		149,895		0	
Total Revenues		0		376,033		376,033	-	0	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Court-related:									
Personal Services	9	17,432		928,798		928,798		0	
Operating Expenditures		31,648		31,017		31,017		0	
Public Safety:									
Personal Services	14,4	30,483	15	,030,732		15,030,732		0	
Operating Expenditures	4,5	07,558	4	,877,190		4,877,190		0	
Capital Outlay	7	92,878		821,167		821,167		0	
Debt Service:									
Principal	1	19,021		119,517		119,517		0	
Interest		13,851		13,355		13,355		0	
(Total Expenditures)	(20,8	12,871)	(21	,821,776)	(1	21,821,776)		0	
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under)									
Expenditures	(20,8	12,871)	(21	,445,743)	(21,445,743)		0	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Capital Lease Obligation								0	
Transfers in from Board of County	20.0	40.071	21	401 027	,	21 401 027		0	
Commissioners	20,8	42,871	21	,481,027	•	21,481,027		0	
Transfers (out) to Board of County		20 000)		(25.204)		(25.294)		0	
Commissioners		(30,000)	21	(35,284)		(35,284)		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	20,8	12,871	21	,445,743		21,445,743		0	
Net Change in Fund Balance		0		0		0		0	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		0		0		0		0	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	

NASSAU COUNTY SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - INMATE COMMISSARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Inmate Commissary Fund							
		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final		Actual Amounts	Fin I	iance With al Budget Positive Regative)
Revenues								
Miscellaneous	\$	205,000	\$	330,040	\$	330,040	\$	0
Total Revenues		205,000		330,040		330,040		0
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public Safety:								
Operating Expenditures		229,000		262,550		262,550		0
Capital Outlay		25,000		27,058		27,058		0
Contingency		459,938		549,370		0		549,370
(Total Expenditures)		(713,938)		(838,978)		(289,608)		549,370
Net Change in Fund Balance		(508,938)		(508,938)		40,432		549,370
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		508,938		508,938		508,938		0
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	549,370	\$	549,370

NASSAU COUNTY SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - EQUITABLE SHARING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Equitable Sharing Fund								
		Budgeted	Amo			Actual	Final	nce With Budget sitive	
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Neg	gative)	
Revenues							'		
Intergovernmental	\$	0	\$	1,177,717	\$	1,177,717	\$	0	
Miscellaneous		0		65		65		0	
Total Revenues		0		1,177,782		1,177,782		0	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public Safety:									
Operating Expenditures		126,324		2,236		2,236		0	
Capital Outlay		0		338,987		338,987		0	
(Total Expenditures)		(126,324)		(341,223)		(341,223)		0	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(126,324)		836,559		836,559		0	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		126,324		126,324		126,324		0	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	0	\$	962,883	\$	962,883	\$	0	

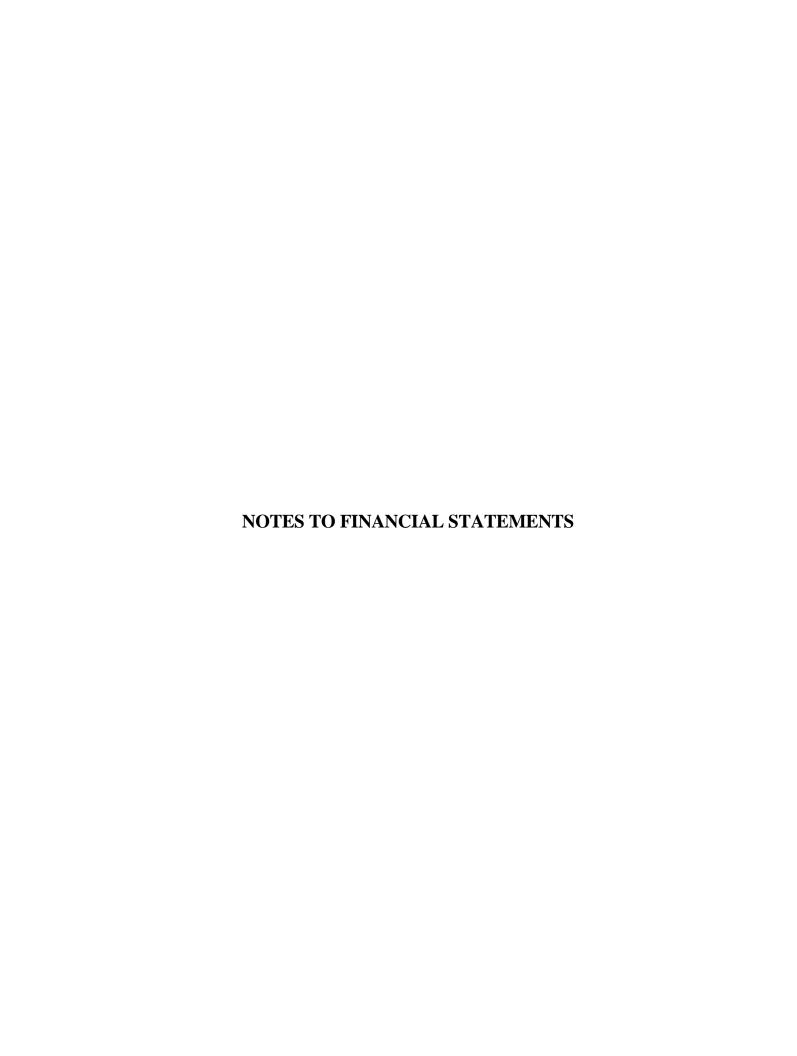
NASSAU COUNTY SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FEDERAL INMATE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Federal Inmate Fund								
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Final	nce With Budget sitive	
		Original		Final	Α	Amounts	(Neg	gative)	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	511,000	\$	767,058	\$	767,058	\$	0	
Total Revenues		511,000		767,058		767,058		0	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public Safety:									
Personal Services		386,893		345,305		345,305		0	
Operating Expenditures		15,030		19,587		19,587		0	
(Total Expenditures)		(401,923)		(364,892)		(364,892)		0	
Excess of Revenues Over									
Expenditures		109,077		402,166		402,166		0	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers (out) to Board of County									
Commissioners		(109,077)		(402,166)		(402,166)		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(109,077)		(402,166)		(402,166)		0	
Net Change in Fund Balance		0		0		0		0	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		0		0		0		0	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	

NASSAU COUNTY SHERIFF STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Assets

Cash Due from Other Funds Due from Board of County Commissioners	\$	55,444 232 480
Total Assets	_	56,156
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		18,447
Deposits		13,962
Due to Other Funds		13,821
Due to Other Governments		3
Due from Board of County Commissioners		9,923
Total Liabilities	\$	56,156



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Nassau County, Florida, Sheriff (the Sheriff), conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of these financial statements.

Reporting Entity

Nassau County, Florida (the County), is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board).

The Sheriff is an elected official of Nassau County, Florida, pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Sheriff is a part of the primary government of Nassau County, Florida. The Sheriff is responsible for the administration and operation of the Sheriff's office, and the Sheriff's financial statements do not include the financial statements of the Board or the other Constitutional Officers of Nassau County, Florida.

The operations of the Sheriff are primarily funded by the Board. The receipts from the Board are recorded as other financing sources on the Sheriff's financial statements. Any excess of revenues and other financing sources received over expenditures are remitted to the Board at year-end.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include all the funds and accounts of the Sheriff's office, but are not a complete presentation of the County as a whole. Except for this matter, they are otherwise in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557, *Rules of the Auditor General Local Governmental Entity Audits*.

The financial transactions of the Sheriff are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. These funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. GAAP sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures of each fund category) for the determination of major funds. Major funds are reported separately in the basic financial statements of the Sheriff.

Governmental Funds

Major Funds

- ► General Fund—The general fund is the general operating fund of the Sheriff. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- ▶ Inmate Commissary Fund—This fund accounts for commissions received from pay telephones and commissary profits used for the benefit of inmates.
- ▶ Equitable Sharing Fund—This fund accounts for monies received from the forfeiture of assets through the Department of Justice's Federal Equitable Sharing Program.
- ► Federal Inmate Fund—This fund accounts for the revenues and associated expenditures of housing federal inmates at the Nassau County Jail.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Concluded)

- **■** Governmental Funds (*Concluded*)
 - Other Governmental Funds
 - ▶ Special Revenue Funds—Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Sheriff reports two special revenue funds in the financial statements under the following titles: Sheriff's Investigative Fund and 911 Operations Fund. The Sheriff's Investigative Fund accounts for monies used in accordance with Section 925.055, Florida Statutes. The 911 Operations Fund accounts for the proceeds of telephone charges collected for the operation of the 911 emergency response system. The Equitable Sharing Fund accounts for monies received from forfeiture of assets.

■ Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds—The agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Sheriff as
an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. Agency funds are
custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of changes in financial position.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds and agency funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the Sheriff considers revenues to be available if they are collected within thirty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for accumulated sick and vacation pay, which are not recorded until paid.

Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the fixed assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Budgetary Requirement

Governmental fund revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. The Inmate Commissary fund and the 911 Operations fund expenditures are restricted by statute; therefore, these budgets are not approved by the Board.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Budgetary Requirement (Concluded)

All budget amounts presented for the general fund in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Sheriff's annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total annual budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include vehicles and equipment, are recorded as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds at the time goods are received and a liability is incurred. These assets are then capitalized at cost in the statement of net position as part of the basic financial statements of the County (statement of net assets). Capital assets acquired under capital leases are capitalized at cost in the statement of net assets at the time the assets are received. Donated and confiscated capital assets are recorded in the statement of net assets at fair value at the time received. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over three to ten years. The depreciation expense is recorded in the statement of activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

Accrued Compensated Absences

The Sheriff maintains a policy of granting employees annual leave at the rate of eight hours per month. An employee can receive payment for such accumulated annual leave upon termination of employment.

In addition, the Sheriff maintains the following policy for sick leave. Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of eight hours per month. An employee will not be paid out any sick time upon termination of employment.

The Sheriff also allows employees to accumulate compensatory time earned. An employee can receive payment for unused compensatory time upon termination of employment or at the discretion of the Sheriff.

Workers' Compensation and Group Health Insurance

The Board provided the Sheriff and his employees with workers' compensation and group health insurance coverage. Accidental death coverage for Law Enforcement Officers was also provided by the Board. The premiums for such coverage were paid by the Board and recorded on its records and, consequently, are not recorded on the Sheriff's records.

Risk Management

The Sheriff is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and the public; or damage to property of others.

The Sheriff participates in two Florida Sheriffs Self-insurance funds for risk related to professional liability and automobile risks. The funding agreements provide that each fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and that the Sheriff's liability fund will reinsure through commercial companies. Aggregate coverage provided by the liability fund is \$10,000,000 for professional liability and \$10,000,000 for public officials' coverage. Coverage limits for automobile risks are \$200,000 per accident for bodily injury and \$100,000 per accident for property damage.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Concluded)

Risk Management (Concluded)

In addition, the Sheriff has obtained an excess loss reimbursement policy to cover catastrophic inmate medical claims.

Fund Balance Reporting

The Sheriff implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54) as required. The purpose of GASB 54 is to improve the consistency and usefulness of fund balance information to the financial statement user. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the organization is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- Nonspendable—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that cannot be spent because: (a) they are not expected to be converted to cash; or (b) they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund. The Sheriff does not have any nonspendable funds.
- **Restricted**—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained either: (a) externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments); or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (e.g., ordinance or resolution) of the County's governing board. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (e.g., ordinance or resolution) it employed previously to constrain those amounts.
- Assigned—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by a less-than-formal action of the Sheriff, or by an individual or body to whom the Sheriff has delegated this responsibility. By definition, fund balances are also assigned to the extent that they are needed to finance a subsequent year's budget deficit.
- *Unassigned*—This classification is used for: (a) negative unrestricted fund balances in any governmental fund; or (b) fund balances within the general fund that are not restricted, committed, or assigned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Sheriff's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use, it is the Sheriff's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as needed.

(Continued)

Note 2 - Cash

Cash Deposits

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the Sheriff's deposits was \$3,007,711 and the bank balance was \$3,358,200. Cash on hand was \$3,903. Deposits in banks are collateralized as public funds through a state procedure provided for in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Financial institutions qualifying as public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits times the depository's collateral pledging level. The Public Deposit Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of a default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof. All of the cash deposits of the Sheriff are placed with qualified financial institutions, which means they are insured or collateralized.

Note 3 - Employee Retirement Plan

General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Sheriff are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112 Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined-benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

FRS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer qualified defined benefit pension plan, with DROP available for eligible employees. The general classes of membership applicable to the Sheriff are as follows:

- Regular Class—Members of the Plan who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officer Class*—Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Plan Description</u>. (Concluded)

- Senior Management Service Class—Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class—Members who are employed as law enforcement officers and meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All vested members enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Members of the Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Certain members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided. (Concluded)

Class, Initial Enrollment, and	Percent
Retirement Age/Years of Service	Value
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled on or After July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00
Special Risk Regular	
Service from December 1, 1970 through September 30, 1974	2.00
Service on and after October 1, 1974	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

<u>Contributions</u>. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2017-2018 fiscal year were as follows:

_		June 30, 2018 Gross Salary		June 30, 2019 Gross Salary
Class	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer
FRS, Regular	3.00	6.20	3.00	6.54
FRS, Elected County				
Officers	3.00	43.78	3.00	46.98
FRS, Senior Management				
Service	3.00	20.99	3.00	22.34
FRS, Special Risk Regular	3.00	21.55	3.00	22.78
DROP – Applicable to				
Members from All of				
the Above Classes	0.00	11.60	0.00	12.37
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

Notes: (1) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

(Continued)

Note 3 - Employee Retirement Plan (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Concluded)

<u>Contributions</u>. (Concluded)

The Sheriff contributions (employer), to the FRS Plan totaled \$1,989,443 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This excludes the HIS defined benefit pension plan contributions.

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>. At September 30, 2018, the Sheriff's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability was \$19,863,526. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The Sheriff's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Sheriff's contributions to the FRS Plan compared to the contributions of all participating members.

Further information about the Sheriff's net pension liability, pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and other required disclosures related to the FRS Plan can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Florida Legislature established and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the HIS Program. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of Stateadministered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under one of the State-administered retirement systems must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u>. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the contribution rates were 1.66% of payroll, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statues. The Sheriff contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The Sheriff's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$207,082 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 (modified accrual basis).

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

HIS Pension Plan (Concluded)

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>. At September 30, 2018, the Sheriff's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability was \$3,888,995. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The Sheriff's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Sheriff's contributions to the HIS Plan compared to the contributions of all participating members.

Further information about the Sheriff's net pension liability, pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and other required disclosures related to the HIS Plan can be found at the County-wide level.

FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Sheriff contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA, and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. The Sheriff employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment members' accounts (employer and employee) during the 2017-18 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of Gross
Class	Compensation
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67
FRS, Special Risk Regular	14.00

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Concluded)

FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Concluded)

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Sheriff.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the Sheriff's contributions to the Investment Plan totaled \$424,980.

Note 4 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The County offers certain postemployment health care benefits that are considered part of an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plan for financial accounting purposes. The OPEB is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the County. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected. However, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. During the year, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which requires employers of single-employer defined benefit plans to report the employers' OPEB plan liabilities. The requirements of GASB 75 are being applied retroactively by restating the actuarially-determined liabilities and deferred outflow of resources at October 1, 2017.

(Continued)

Note 4 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Concluded)

Retirees and their dependents (except for life insurance) are permitted to remain covered under the County's respective medical and insurance plans as long as they pay a full premium applicable to coverage elected. Special risk employees of the Sheriff's office begin to receive a subsidy if they have obtained 25 years of service and become fully subsidized once they reach 30 years of service. All other employees of the Sheriff's office receive a 100% subsidy if they have reached 30 years of service. This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Chapter 112.08, Florida Statutes.

Currently, the Sheriff has 231 active employees and 20 retired employees who are considered participants in the plan for purposes of computing the OPEB obligation. The Sheriff's portion of the OPEB obligation for the year totaled \$8,109,312. This liability will be included in long-term liabilities in the County-wide financial statements. Details of the annual cost, the accrued obligation, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The tangible personal property used by the Sheriff in its governmental fund operation is reported as capital assets in the statement of net assets as part of the basic financial statements of the County. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types of the Sheriff and capitalized at cost in the capital asset accounts of the County. The Sheriff maintains recordkeeping and custodial responsibility for certain tangible capital assets used by his office. Information on vehicles and equipment used in the operations of the Sheriff's office are presented below:

	Balance						Balance	
	October 1,					Se	eptember 30,	
	2017 Increase				Decrease	2018		
Capital Assets								
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 14,572,868	\$	924,908	\$	(148,027)	\$	15,349,749	
Accumulated Depreciation	(8,410,379)		(1,999,060)		106,588		(10,302,851)	
Machinery and Equipment, Net	\$ 6,162,489	\$	(1,074,152)	\$	(41,439)	\$	5,046,898	

Depreciation expense was recorded in the County's government-wide financial statements in the amount of \$1,999,060.

Note 6 - Operating Leases

The Sheriff leased various copiers during fiscal year 2017-2018. The monthly lease payments for these copiers ranged from \$88 to \$217 per month. The expiration dates of the leases range from September 2019 to March 2022. Lease expense for the year under these leases was \$30,742. Future minimum lease payments for the leases are as follows:

(Continued)

Note 6 - Operating Leases (Concluded)

	Annual				
Year Ending	Lease				
September 30,	Payments				
2019	\$ 28,622				
2020	25,865				
2021	25,268				
2022	7,856				
Total	\$ 87,611				

Note 7 - Changes in Long-term Debt

The Sheriff's long-term debt is not recorded in the accompanying financial statements but is recorded in the statement of net position as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt of the Sheriff for the year ended September 30, 2018:

		Balance					Balance
	October 1,					Se	ptember 30,
		2017	Additions	(Deletions)			2018
Capital Lease	\$	321,381	\$ 0	\$	(119,517)	\$	201,864
Accrued Compensated							
Absences		998,705	1,128,935		(953,671)		1,173,969
Other Postemployment							
Benefits		8,163,205	0		(53,893)		8,109,312
Net Pension Liabilities:							
FRS Plan		18,584,696	1,278,830		0		19,863,526
HIS Plan		3,653,581	235,414		0		3,888,995
Totals	\$	31,721,568	\$ 2,643,179	\$	(1,127,081)	\$	33,237,666

See Note 3 for more information on the Net Pension Liabilities related to the FRS and HIS Pension Plans.

Accrued compensated absences represent the vested portion of accrued leave, and are liquidated by the general fund and 911 operations fund. See Note 1 for a summary of the Sheriff's compensated absences policy.

A description of the Sheriff's policies on OPEB are described in Note 4. The October 1, 2017, OPEB liability was increased by \$4,850,606 as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

Capital Lease

In September 2014, the Sheriff entered into a capital lease agreement with Presidio Technology Capital, LLC to lease server equipment. The lease is to be paid monthly at an imputed interest rate of 5.0% and matures May 1, 2020. Future minimum lease payments under this capital lease are as follows:

(Concluded)

Note 7 - Changes in Long-term Debt (Concluded)

Capital Lease (Concluded)

Future
Lease
Payments
132,872
77,508
210,380
(8,516)
<u>\$ 201,864</u>

Note 8 - <u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Due from	Due to Other Funds		
	Other Funds			
General Fund	\$ 2,969	\$ 0		
Special Revenue Funds				
Inmate Commissary	10,852	232		
Equitable Sharing	1,598	0		
Federal Inmate	0	1,598		
Agency Funds				
Inmate Trust	232	13,821		
Totals	\$ 15,651	\$ 15,651		



NASSAU COUNTY SHERIFF COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	S	O ₁	911 perations	Total Other Governmental Funds		
Assets				_		_
Cash in Bank	\$	88,866	\$	35,717	\$	124,583
Cash on Hand		3,403		0		3,403
Total Assets		92,269		35,717		127,986
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Accounts Payable		0		12,178		12,178
Due to Board of County						
Commissioners		0		17,188		17,188
Other Current Liabilities		0		6,351		6,351
Total Liabilities		0		35,717		35,717
Fund Balances						
Restricted:						
Law Enforcement		0		0		0
Committed:						
Investigative		92,269		0		92,269
Total Fund Balances		92,269		0		92,269
Total Liabilities and Fund						
Balances	\$	92,269	\$	35,717	\$	127,986

NASSAU COUNTY SHERIFF COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Sheriff Investigative		911 Operations	Total Other Governmental Funds	
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$		\$ 2,504	\$	2,504
Miscellaneous	1	6,521	0		16,521
Total Revenues	1	6,521	2,504		19,025
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public Safety:					
Personal Services		0	160,729		160,729
Operating Expenditures	1	8,400	165,152		183,552
Capital Outlay		0	3,785		3,785
(Total Expenditures)	(1	8,400)	(329,666)		(348,066)
(Deficiency) of Revenues					
(Under) Expenditures		(1,879)	(327,162)		(329,041)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in from Board of					
County Commissioners		0	344,350		344,350
Transfers (out) to Board					
of County Commissioners		0	(17,188)		(17,188)
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)		0	327,162		327,162
Net Change in Fund Balance	((1,879)	0		(1,879)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	9	4,148	0		94,148
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 9	2,269	\$ 0	\$	92,269

AGENCY FUNDS

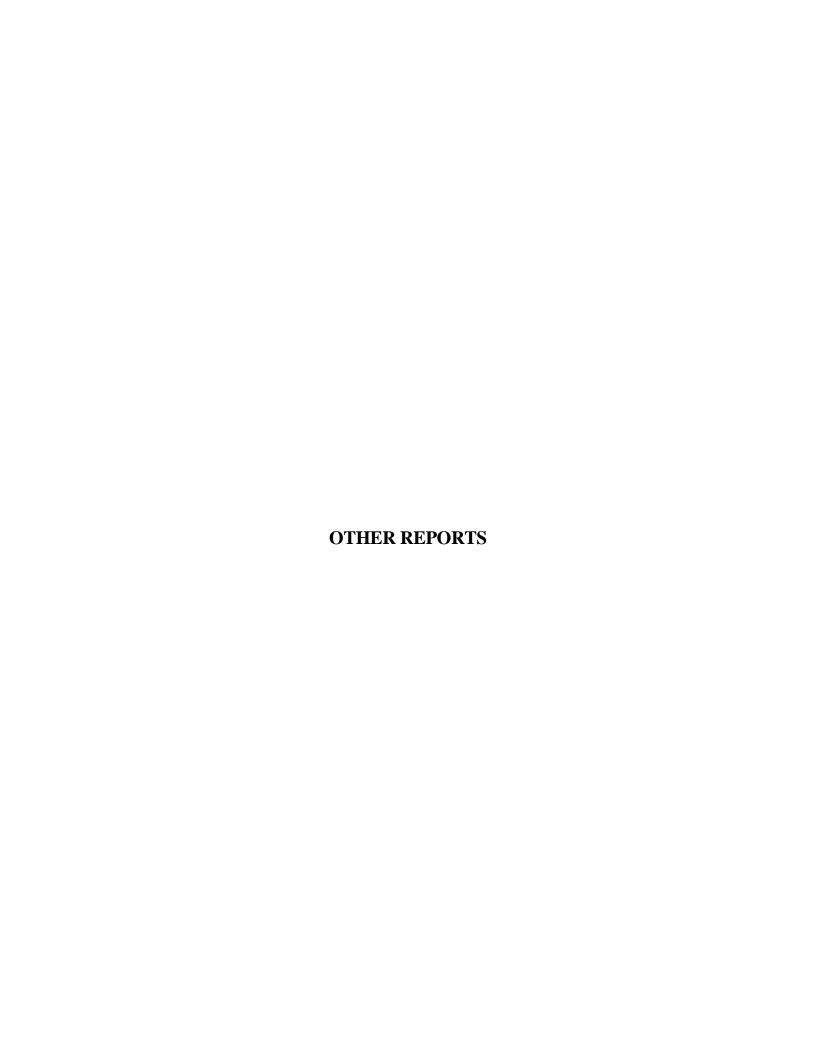
Individual Depositors/Suspense—Accounts for fees charged for the service of process in civil cases. These nonrefundable fees are set by Section 30.231 of the Florida Statutes. On a monthly basis, these fees are deposited to the general fund of the Board. Accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds received for various purposes, such as faulty equipment for inspection and purge money for child support. Disbursement of these funds is made in accordance with the purpose of the receipt.

Inmate Trust—Accounts for inmates' personal cash receipts and disbursements. Individual inmate account records are maintained. This fund makes disbursements requested by inmates to the extent of their available funds.

Abandoned Property—Accounts for funds received from the conversion of abandoned property to cash. These funds are required to be submitted to the Nassau County School Board.

NASSAU COUNTY SHERIFF COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Individual Depositors/ Suspense		Inmate Trust		Abandoned Property		<u>Total</u>	
Assets								
Cash	\$	9,220	\$	46,221	\$	3	\$	55,444
Due from Other Funds Due from Board of County		0		232		0		232
Commissioners		480		0		0		480
Total Assets		9,700		46,453		3		56,156
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		0		18,447		0		18,447
Deposits		0		13,962		0		13,962
Due to Other Funds		0		13,821		0		13,821
Due to Other Governments		0		0		3		3
Due to Board of County								
Commissioners		9,700		223		0		9,923
Total Liabilities	\$	9,700	\$	46,453	\$	3	\$	56,156





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Bill Leeper Nassau County Sheriff Nassau County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County, Florida, Sheriff (the Sheriff), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2019, which was modified to state that the financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of Nassau County, Florida, as a whole.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350

1560 N. Orange Ave., Suite #450 • Winter Park, Florida 32789

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The Honorable Bill Leeper Nassau County Sheriff Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Concluded)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 11, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

Turvis, Dray and Company, LLP



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable Bill Leeper Nassau County Sheriff Nassau County, Florida

We have examined Nassau County, Florida, Sheriff's (the Sheriff) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, as required by Section 10.556(10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the Sheriff's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Sheriff's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Sheriff's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Sheriff's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Sheriff, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Survis, Gray and Company, LLP March 11, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

Certified Public Accountants



MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Bill Leeper Nassau County Sheriff Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Nassau County, Florida, Sheriff (the Sheriff), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2019, which was modified to indicate that financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of Nassau County, Florida.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on our examination conducted in accordance with AICPA *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 11, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no such findings or recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Sheriff was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). There were no component units related to the Sheriff.

Certified Public Accountants

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The Honorable Bill Leeper Nassau County Sheriff Nassau County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER (Concluded)

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the determination of financial statement amounts that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Sheriff and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Purvis, Gray and Company, LLP March 11, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable John Drew Nassau County Tax Collector Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County, Florida Tax Collector (the Tax Collector) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based upon our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risks assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350

1560 N. Orange Ave., Suite #450 • Winter Park, Florida 32789

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The Honorable John Drew Nassau County Tax Collector Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (Concluded)

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tax Collector as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison for the general fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* (the Rules) of the State Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and budgetary comparisons of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, where applicable, only for that portion of the major funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nassau County, Florida that is attributable to the Tax Collector. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position as a whole of Nassau County, Florida as of September 30, 2018, and the changes in its financial position, budgetary comparisons, or cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 13, 2019, on our consideration of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Survis, Bray and Company, LLP March 13, 2019 Gainesville, Florida



NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Assets	
Cash	\$ 359,432
Due from Agency Fund	66,299
Total Assets	425,731
Liabilities and Fund Balance	
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	5,417
Due to Agency Fund	200
Due to Board of County Commissioners	370,214
Due to Other Governments	12,070
Unearned Revenue	 37,830
Total Liabilities	425,731
Fund Balance	0
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 425,731

NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 1,113,140
Miscellaneous	9,032
Total Revenues	1,122,172
Erman ditunes	
Expenditures Current:	
- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
General Government:	2 2 6 7 1 7 0
Salaries and Benefits	2,267,170
Operating Expenditures	765,604
Capital Outlay	63,168
(Total Expenditures)	(3,095,942)
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(1,973,770)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Transfers in from Board of County Commissioners	2,340,994
Transfers (out) to Board of County Commissioners	(367,224)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,973,770
Net Change in Fund Balance	0
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	0
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 0

NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General Fund							
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts	Fin	iance With nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$	1,006,081	\$	1,006,081	\$	1,113,140	\$	107,059
Miscellaneous		9,000		9,000		9,032		32
Total Revenues		1,015,081		1,015,081		1,122,172		107,091
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government:								
Salaries and Benefits		2,290,360		2,267,170		2,267,170		0
Operating Expenditures		819,815		765,604		765,604		0
Capital Outlay		54,525		63,168		63,168		0
(Total Expenditures)		(3,164,700)		(3,095,942)		(3,095,942)		0
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under)								
Expenditures		(2,149,619)		(2,080,861)		(1,973,770)		107,091
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in from Board of								
County Commissioners		2,396,686		2,396,686		2,340,994		(55,692)
Transfers (out) to Board of								
County Commissioners		(247,067)		(315,825)		(367,224)		(51,399)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,149,619		2,080,861		1,973,770		(107,091)
Net Change in Fund Balance		0		0		0		0
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		0		0		0		0
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -AGENCY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Assets	
Cash	\$ 2,680,660
Due from General Fund	200
Due from Others	111,779
Due from Board of County Commissioners	235
Total Assets	2,792,874
Liabilities	
Due to General Fund	66,299
Due to Board of County Commissioners	9,278
Due to Other Governments	270,576
Undistributed Collections	2,446,721
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,792,874



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Reporting Entity

Nassau County, Florida (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board).

The Nassau County, Florida Tax Collector (the Tax Collector) is an elected official of the County pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). There were no component units related to the Tax Collector. The Tax Collector is a part of the primary government of the County. The Florida Department of Revenue approves the Tax Collector's operating budget, the Tax Collector is responsible for the administration and operation of the Tax Collector's office, and the Tax Collector's financial statements do not include the financial statements of the Board or the other Constitutional Officers of Nassau County, Florida.

The Tax Collector operates as a Fee Officer. Upon approval of the operating budget, revenues are collected from fees and from commissions earned for the collection of taxes and special assessments for the various Nassau County taxing authorities pursuant to Section 192.091(2), Florida Statutes. Any excess revenues received over expenditures made are remitted at year-end to the taxing districts.

For financial reporting purposes, the Tax Collector is deemed to be a part of the primary government of the County and, therefore, is included as such in the County's annual financial report.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include all funds and accounts of the Tax Collector's office, but are not intended to be a complete presentation of the County as a whole. Except for this matter, they are otherwise in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(4), Rules of the Auditor General—Local Governmental Entity Audits.

The financial transactions of the Tax Collector are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. These funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The Tax Collector reports the following fund types:

■ Governmental Fund

Major Fund

► General Fund—The general fund is the general operating fund of the Tax Collector. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Concluded)

■ Fiduciary Fund

 Agency Fund—The agency fund is used to account for assets held by the Tax Collector as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The agency fund is custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of changes in financial position.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental funds and agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. The Tax Collector considers revenues to be available if they are collected within thirty days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for accumulated sick and vacation pay, which are not recorded until paid. Charges for services and investment revenue are recorded as earned.

Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the fixed assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Budgetary Requirement

The revenues and expenditures accounted for in the budgetary fund are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. An annual budget is approved by the Florida Department of Revenue for the general fund. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in the financial statements for the general fund, where the Tax Collector has legally adopted an annual budget. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Tax Collector's annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total annual budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Concluded)

Capital Assets

Tangible personal property is recorded as expenditures in the general fund at the time an asset is acquired. Assets acquired by the Tax Collector are capitalized at cost in the capital asset accounts of the County. The Tax Collector maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by the office.

Compensated Absences

The Tax Collector maintains a policy of granting employees annual leave based upon the number of years of employment. Unused annual leave expires at the end of each fiscal year.

In addition, the Tax Collector maintains the following policy for sick leave. Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of four hours per pay period. Upon making application to draw benefits through the Florida Retirement System an eligible employee is entitled to be paid for accumulated sick leave at the current rate of pay, not to exceed 720 hours.

Property Tax Collections

Chapter 197, Florida Statutes, governs property tax collections.

- Current Taxes—All property taxes become due and payable on November 1, and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year. Discounts of 4%, 3%, 2%, and 1% are allowed for early payment in November through February, respectively.
- Unpaid Taxes Sale of Tax Certificates—The Tax Collector advertises, as required by Florida Statutes, then sells tax certificates on all real property for unpaid taxes. Certificates not purchased are issued to the County. Any person owning real property upon which a tax certificate has been sold may reacquire the real property by paying the Tax Collector the face amount of the tax certificate plus interest and other costs.
- Tax Deeds—The owner of a tax certificate may, after two years when the taxes have been delinquent (after April 1), file an application for tax deed sale. The County, as a certificate owner, may exercise similar procedures two years after taxes have been delinquent (after April 1). Tax deeds are issued to the highest bidder for the property, which is sold at public auction. The Clerk of the Circuit Court administers these sales.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents the biennial service fees attributable to future years.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(Continued)

Note 2 - Cash

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the Tax Collector's cash on hand and on deposit was \$3,040,092 and the bank balances were \$2,507,222. Deposits in banks and savings and loan institutions are collateralized as public funds through a state procedure provided for in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Financial institutions qualifying as public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits times the depository's collateral pledging level. The Public Deposit Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of a default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof. All of the cash deposits of the Tax Collector are placed with qualified financial institutions and are considered to be fully insured.

The Tax Collector's investment practices are governed by Sections 219.075 and 218.415, Florida Statutes. The Tax Collector was authorized to invest in certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, money market funds, and repurchase agreements.

Note 3 - Employee Retirement Plan

General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Tax Collector are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112 Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined-benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership applicable to the Tax Collector are as follows:

- *Regular Class*—Members of the Plan who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officer Class*—Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class—Members in senior management level positions.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Members of the Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Certain members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided. (Concluded)

Class, Initial Enrollment, and	Percent
Retirement Age/Years of Service	Value
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled on or After July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

<u>Contributions</u>. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2017-2018 fiscal year were as follows:

	Year Ended June 30, 2018 Percent of Gross Salary		Year Ended . Percent of (June 30, 2019 Gross Salary
Class	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer
FRS, Regular	3.00	6.20	3.00	6.54
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	43.78	3.00	46.98
FRS, Senior Management				
Service	3.00	20.99	3.00	22.34
DROP – Applicable to				
Members from All of				
the Above Classes	0.00	11.60	0.00	12.37
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(1)	(0)	(1)	(0)

Notes: (1) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed. Employer contributions are also required for members in the FRS Investment Plan for a portion of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Concluded)

Contributions. (Concluded)

The Tax Collector contributions (employer) to the FRS Plan totaled \$193,265 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This excludes the HIS defined benefit pension plan contributions.

<u>Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense</u>. At September 30, 2018, the Tax Collector's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability was \$1,998,424. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The Tax Collector's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Tax Collector's 2016-17 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the Tax Collector's proportion was .006634759%, which was an increase of .000060242 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

Further details of the FRS Plan net pension liability, annual pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and other required disclosures can be found in the Countywide annual financial report.

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Division of Retirement within the Florida Department of Management Services.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u>. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the contribution rates were 1.66% and 1.66% of payroll respectively, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statues. The Tax Collector contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The Tax Collector's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$25,743 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

HIS Pension Plan (Concluded)

<u>Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense</u>. At September 30, 2018, the Tax Collector's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability was \$497,901. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The Tax Collector's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Tax Collector's 2017-18 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the Tax Collector's proportion was .004704226%, which was an increase of .000160728 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

Further details of the HIS Plan net pension liability, annual pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and other required disclosures can be found in the Countywide annual financial report.

FRS - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Tax Collector contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA, and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Tax Collector employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officer, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment members' accounts (employer and employee) during the 2017-18 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of Gross
Class	Compensation
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67

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(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Concluded)

FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Concluded)

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Tax Collector.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The Tax Collector's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$14,530 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Note 4 - Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt of the Tax Collector for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	Balance October 1,					Balance ptember 30,
	 2017	A	<u>dditions</u>	<u>(D</u>	eletions)	 2018
Accrued Compensated	 _		_			
Absences	\$ 86,176	\$	69,582	\$	(82,096)	\$ 73,662
Net Pension Liabilities	2,430,510		65,815		0	2,496,325
Other Postemployment						
Benefits	 1,300,909		0		(8,588)	 1,292,321
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 3,817,595	\$	135,397	\$	(90,684)	\$ 3,862,308

Accrued compensated absences represent the vested portion of accrued vacation and sick leave. See Note 1 for a summary of the Tax Collector's compensated absences policy.

See Note 3 for more information on the Net Pension Liabilities related to the FRS and HIS Pension Plans.

(Continued)

Note 4 - Changes in Long-term Debt (Concluded)

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) represents the portion of the liability based upon current and retired employees of the Tax Collector. The October 1, 2017, OPEB liability was increased by \$773,005 as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. See Note 5 for a description of OPEB.

The Tax Collector's long-term debt is not reported in the accompanying financial statements but is recorded in the statement of net position as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

Note 5 - Other Postemployment Benefits

The County offers certain postemployment health care benefits that are considered part of an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plan for financial accounting purposes. The OPEB is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the County. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected. However, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. During the year, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which requires employers of single-employer defined benefit plans to report the employers' OPEB plan liabilities. The requirements of GASB 75 are being applied retroactively by restating the actuarially-determined liabilities and deferred outflow of resources at October 1, 2017.

Retirees and their dependents (except for life insurance) are permitted to remain covered under the County's respective medical and insurance plans as long as they pay a full premium applicable to coverage elected, subject to the direct subsidy in the following table. This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Chapter 112.08, Florida Statutes.

Percent of Direct Subsidy up to "Subsidy Base Maximum" of \$547.92

Years of Service with Nassau <u>County</u>	Hired Before 10/1/05	Hired on or After 10/1/05
At Least 6	100%	0%
15 Years	100%	50%
20 Years	100%	65%
25 Years	100%	80%
30 or More Years	100%	100%

Currently, the Tax Collector has 36 active employees and four retired employees who are considered participants in the plan for purposes of computing the OPEB obligation. The Tax Collector's portion of the OPEB obligation at September 30, 2018, totaled \$1,292,321. This liability will be included in long-term liabilities in the County-wide financial statements. Details of the annual cost, the accrued obligation, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

(Continued)

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Due from Other Funds		Due to Other Funds
General Fund	\$	66,299	\$ 200
Fiduciary:			
Agency Fund	<u>_</u>	200	 66,299
Totals	\$	66,499	\$ 66,499

Note 7 - Lease Agreements

Equipment Leases

Effective during 2017, the Tax Collector executed two lease agreements with Pitney Bowes for various mailing equipment. Lease periods are for 60 months through fiscal year 2022. Quarterly payments due under the leases are \$1,006 and \$344, respectively.

In addition, the Tax Collector has various lease agreements with Canon Business Solutions for copier equipment and a check scanner. Monthly lease payments due under the agreements range from \$92 to \$354, with lease periods from 36 months to 48 months expiring at various dates through September 2021.

Equipment lease payments made under these agreements during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, was \$15,353. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending			
September 30,	Amount		
2019	\$	13,853	
2020		9,504	
2021		9,162	
Total	\$	32,519	

Building Leases

The Tax Collector entered into a sublease agreement with the Florida Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles for the establishment and operation of a drivers license office and an administration office. The lease period is for 35 years commencing on March 24, 2008 and ending March 23, 2043. Lease payments are \$25 per month. Upon termination or expiration of this sublease, the premises and improvements are to be surrendered to the Tax Collector of Nassau County.

The Tax Collector leases office space for a branch location in Callahan, Florida. The lease term is from March 15, 2016 through March 14, 2021. The lease agreement has an option to extend the lease for two consecutive years.

(Concluded)

Note 7 - <u>Lease Agreements</u> (Concluded)

Building Leases (Concluded)

The Tax Collector entered into an agreement to lease office space for a branch location in Hilliard, Florida. The lease agreement requires monthly lease payments of \$500 and the lease can be terminated upon sixty days' written notice by either party.

Rent expense under these building leases totaled \$44,307 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Future minimum lease payments under this agreement are as follows:

Year Ending			
September 30,	A	Amount	
2019	\$	39,442	
2020		40,618	
2021		13,872	
2022		300	
2023		300	
Thereafter		7,050	
Total	\$	101.582	





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable John Drew Nassau County Tax Collector Nassau County, Florida

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County, Florida, Tax Collector (the Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2019, which was modified to state that the financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of Nassau County, Florida, as a whole.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Tax Collector's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350

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The Honorable John Drew Nassau County Tax Collector Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Concluded)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tax Collector's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 13, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

vivis, Gray and Company, LLP



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable John Drew Nassau County Tax Collector Nassau County, Florida

We have examined Nassau County, Florida Tax Collector's (the Tax Collector) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, as required by Section 10.556(10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the Tax Collector's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Tax Collector's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Tax Collector's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Tax Collector's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Tax Collector, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 13, 2019 Gainesville, Florida

Turvis, Dray and Company, LLP

Certified Public Accountants



MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable John Drew Nassau County Tax Collector Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County, Florida Tax Collector (the Tax Collector) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2019, which was modified to indicate that the financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of Nassau County, Florida.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 13, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Tax Collector was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). There were no component units related to the Tax Collector.

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443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

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The Honorable John Drew Nassau County Tax Collector Nassau County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

(Concluded)

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Tax Collector, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida; and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

March 13, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

Purvis, Gray and Company, LLP

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

NASSAU COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

NASSAU COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable A. Michael Hickox Nassau County Property Appraiser Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund of the Nassau County, Florida, Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based upon our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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The Honorable A. Michael Hickox Nassau County Property Appraiser Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (Concluded)

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the general fund of the Property Appraiser as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and budgetary comparisons of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information, where applicable, only for that portion of the major funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nassau County, Florida that is attributable to the Property Appraiser. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position as a whole of Nassau County, Florida as of September 30, 2018, and the changes in its financial position, budgetary comparisons, or cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Vervio, Dray and Company, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report on our consideration of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

March 8, 2019

Gainesville, Florida



NASSAU COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

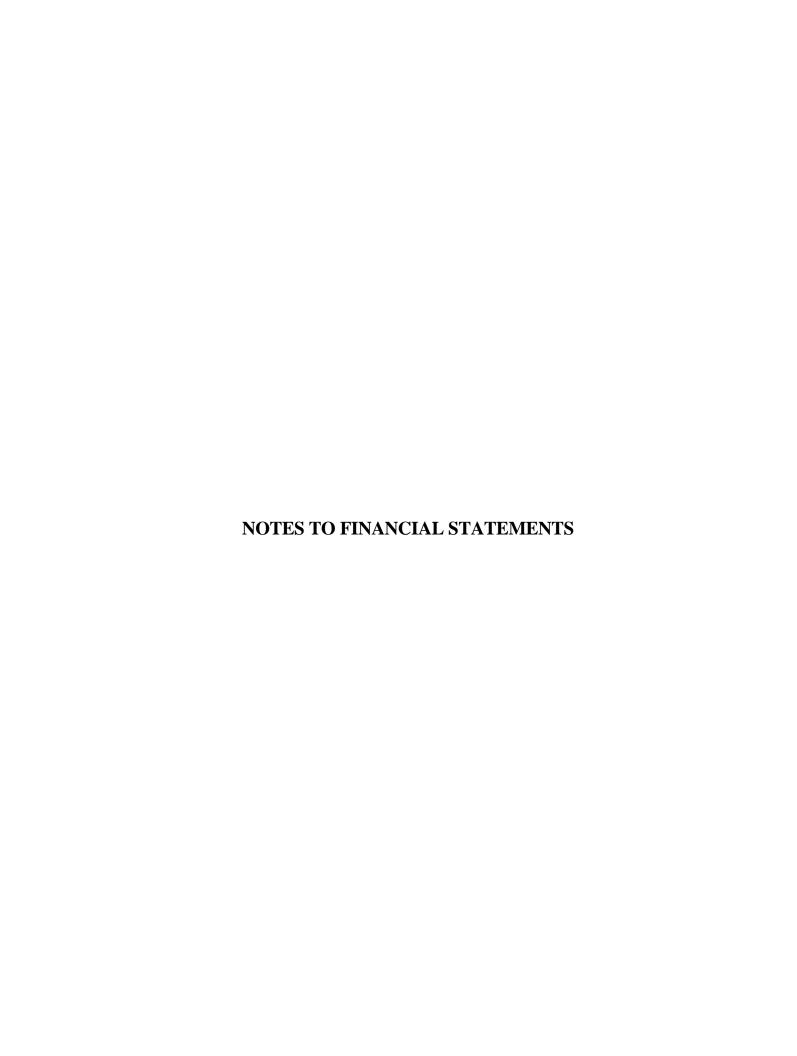
Assets	
Cash	\$ 390,532
Total Assets	390,532
Liabilities and Fund Balance	
Liabilities	
Due to Board of County Commissioners	114,782
Due to Other Governments	2,878
Other Current Liabilities	150
Total Liabilities	117,810
Fund Balance	
Assigned	272,722
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 390,532

NASSAU COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 63,463
Interest	149
Miscellaneous	67,928
Total Revenues	131,540
Expenditures	
Current:	
General Government:	
Personal Services	1,642,975
Operating Expenditures	389,465
Public Safety:	
Personal Services	62,474
Operating Expenditures	9,086
Capital Outlay	32,851
(Total Expenditures)	(2,136,851)
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(2,005,311)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Transfers in from Board of County Commissioners	2,072,601
Transfers in from Constitutional Officers	23,000
Transfers (out) to Board of County Commissioners	(114,782)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,980,819
Net Change in Fund Balance	(24,492)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	297,214
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 272,722

NASSAU COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 48,317	\$ 48,317	\$ 63,463	\$ 15,146
Interest	0	0	149	149
Miscellaneous	0	0	67,928	67,928
Total Revenues	48,317	48,317	131,540	83,223
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government:				
Personal Services	1,680,340	1,680,340	1,642,975	37,365
Operating Expenditures	307,994	332,994	389,465	(56,471)
Public Safety:				
Personal Services	86,868	86,868	62,474	24,394
Operating Expenditures	15,058	15,058	9,086	5,972
Capital Outlay	35,725	35,725	32,851	2,874
Reserves	50,000	25,000	0	25,000
(Total Expenditures)	(2,175,985)	(2,175,985)	(2,136,851)	39,134
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under)				
Expenditures	(2,127,668)	(2,127,668)	(2,005,311)	122,357
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in from Board of County				
Commissioners	1,927,419	1,927,419	2,072,601	145,182
Transfers in from Constitutional				
Officers	0	0	23,000	23,000
Transfers (out) to Board of County				
Commissioners	0	0	(114,782)	(114,782)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,927,419	1,927,419	1,980,819	53,400
Net Change in Fund Balance	(200,249)	(200,249)	(24,492)	175,757
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	0	(739)	297,214	297,953
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (200,249)	\$ (200,988)	\$ 272,722	\$ 473,710



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Reporting Entity

Nassau County, Florida (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board).

The Nassau County, Florida, Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser) is an elected official of the County pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). There were no component units related to the Property Appraiser. The Property Appraiser is a part of the primary government of the County. The Florida Department of Revenue approves the Property Appraiser's total operating budget, the Property Appraiser is responsible for the administration and operation of the Property Appraiser's office, and the Property Appraiser's financial statements do not include the financial statements of the Board or the other Constitutional Officers of Nassau County, Florida.

The operations of the Property Appraiser are funded by the Board of County Commissioners, the St. Johns River Water Management District, the Amelia Island Mosquito Control District, and the Florida Inland Navigation District. The receipts from the Board are recorded as other financing sources on the Property Appraiser's financial statements.

For financial reporting purposes, the Property Appraiser is deemed to be a part of the primary government of the County and, therefore, is included as such in the County's annual financial report.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include all funds and accounts of the Property Appraiser's office, but are not intended to be a complete presentation of the County as a whole. Except for this matter, they are otherwise in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(4), *Rules of the Auditor General—Local Governmental Entity Audits*.

The financial transactions of the Property Appraiser are recorded in one individual fund. This fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures.

The Property Appraiser reports the following fund type:

■ Governmental Fund

- Major Fund
 - ► **General Fund**—The general fund is the general operating fund of the Property Appraiser. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the general fund financial statements and refers to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the general fund. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. The Property Appraiser considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for accumulated sick and vacation pay, which are not recorded until paid.

Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the fixed assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. The general fund is accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet. General fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Budgetary Requirement

General governmental revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. An annual budget is approved by the Florida Department of Revenue for the general fund. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in the financial statements for the general fund, where the Property Appraiser has legally adopted an annual budget. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Property Appraiser's annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total annual budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Capital Assets

Tangible personal property is recorded as expenditures in the general fund at the time an asset is acquired. Assets acquired by the Property Appraiser are capitalized at cost in the capital asset accounts of the County. The Property Appraiser maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by his office.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Compensated Absences

The Property Appraiser maintains a policy of granting employees annual leave based upon the number of years of employment. An employee can receive payment for such accumulated annual leave upon termination of employment in good standing up to a maximum of 300 hours. In addition, the Property Appraiser maintains the following policy for sick leave. Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of one day per month. Upon appointment or election to county-wide office, death, or voluntarily resignation (or retirement), with two weeks' prior written notice, an employee will be paid for accumulated sick leave up to a maximum payout of 400 hours calculated based upon years of service and a percentage of pay.

Fund Balance Reporting

The Property Appraiser implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, as required. The purpose of GASB 54 is to improve the consistency and usefulness of fund balance information to the financial statement user. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the organization is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- Nonspendable—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that cannot be spent because: (a) they are not expected to be converted to cash; or (b) they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund. The Property Appraiser does not have any nonspendable funds.
- **Restricted**—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained either: (a) externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments); or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (e.g., ordinance or resolution) of the County's governing board. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (e.g., ordinance or resolution) it employed previously to constrain those amounts.
- Assigned—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by a less-than-formal action of the Property Appraiser, or by an individual or body to whom the Property Appraiser has delegated this responsibility. By definition, fund balances are also assigned to the extent that they are needed to finance a subsequent year's budget deficit. The Property Appraiser's assigned fund balance totaled \$272,722 as of September 30, 2018. These funds were approved by the Board of County Commissioners to be retained by the Property Appraiser's office to be used for upgrades to the software appraisal system.
- Unassigned—This classification is used for: (a) negative unrestricted fund balances in any governmental fund; or (b) fund balances within the general fund that are not restricted, committed or assigned.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Concluded)

Fund Balance Reporting (*Concluded***)**

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Property Appraiser's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use, it is the Property Appraiser's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned, as needed.

Note 2 - Cash

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the Property Appraiser's deposits was \$390,532 and the bank balance was \$440,491. Deposits in banks and savings and loan institutions are collateralized as public funds through a state procedure provided for in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Financial institutions qualifying as public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits times the depository's collateral pledging level. The Public Deposit Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of a default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof. All of the cash deposits of the Property Appraiser are placed with qualified financial institutions, which means they are insured or collateralized.

Note 3 - Employee Retirement Plan

General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Property Appraiser are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112 Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined-benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The FRS Pension Plan (the Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership applicable to the Property Appraiser are as follows:

- Regular Class—Members of the Plan who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officer Class*—Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class—Members in senior management level positions.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Members of the Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipts of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer.

An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Certain members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided. (Concluded)

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	Percent <u>Value</u>
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled on or After July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

<u>Contributions</u>. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2017-2018 fiscal year were as follows:

	Year Ended June 30, 2018 Percent of Gross Salary			June 30, 2019 Gross Salary
Class	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer
FRS, Regular	3.00	6.20	3.00	6.54
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	43.78	3.00	46.98
FRS, Senior Management				
Service	3.00	20.99	3.00	22.34
DROP – Applicable to				
Members from All of				
the Above Classes	0.00	11.60	0.00	12.37
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

Notes: (1) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed. Employer contributions are also required for members in the FRS Investment Plan for a portion of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Concluded)

Contributions. (Concluded)

The Property Appraiser contributions (employer) to the FRS Plan totaled \$163,591 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This excludes the HIS defined benefit pension plan contributions.

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>. At September 30, 2018, the Property Appraiser's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability was \$1,728,981. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The Property Appraiser's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Property Appraiser's contributions to the FRS Plan compared to the contributions of all participating members.

Further information about the Property Appraiser's net pension liability, pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and other required disclosures related to the FRS Plan can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The HIS Pension Plan (the HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Florida Legislature established and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the HIS program. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under the State-administered retirement systems must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u>. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the contribution rates were 1.66% and 1.66% of payroll respectively, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Property Appraiser contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The Property Appraiser's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$19,402 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

HIS Pension Plan (Concluded)

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>. At September 30, 2018, the Property Appraiser's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability was \$378,671. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The Property Appraiser's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Property Appraiser's contributions to the HIS Plan compared to the contributions of all participating members.

Further information about the Property Appraiser's net pension liability, pension expense, actuarial assumptions, sensitivity analysis, and other required disclosures related to the FRS Plan can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Property Appraiser contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (the Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA, and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Property Appraiser employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual members' accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officer, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment members' accounts during the 2017-18 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of Gross
Class	Compensation
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Concluded)

FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Concluded)

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Property Appraiser.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The Property Appraiser's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$17,016 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Note 4 - Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of the changes in accumulated compensated absences of the Property Appraiser for the year ended September 30, 2018:

		Balance						Balance
	(October 1,					Se	ptember 30,
		2017	A	dditions	<u>(I</u>	Deletions)		2018
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	104,893	\$	116,015	\$	(108,159)	\$	112,749
Net Pension Liabilities		2,033,527		74,125		0		2,107,652
Other Postemployment Benefits		780,545		0		(5,153)		775,392
Total Long-term Debt	\$	2,918,965	\$	190,140	\$	(113,312)	\$	2,995,793

Accrued compensated absences represent the vested portion of accrued leave. See Note 1 for a summary of the Property Appraiser's accumulated compensated absences policy.

See Note 3 for more information on the Net Pension Liabilities related to the FRS and HIS Pension Plans.

(Concluded)

Note 4 - Changes in Long-term Debt (Concluded)

A description of the Property Appraiser's policies on OPEB are described in Note 5. The October 1, 2017, OPEB liability was increased by \$463,802.95 as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) represents the portion of the liability based upon current and retired employees of the Property Appraiser. See Note 5 for a description of OPEB.

The Property Appraiser's long-term debt is not recorded in the accompanying financial statements but is recorded in the statement of net position as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

Note 5 - Other Postemployment Benefits

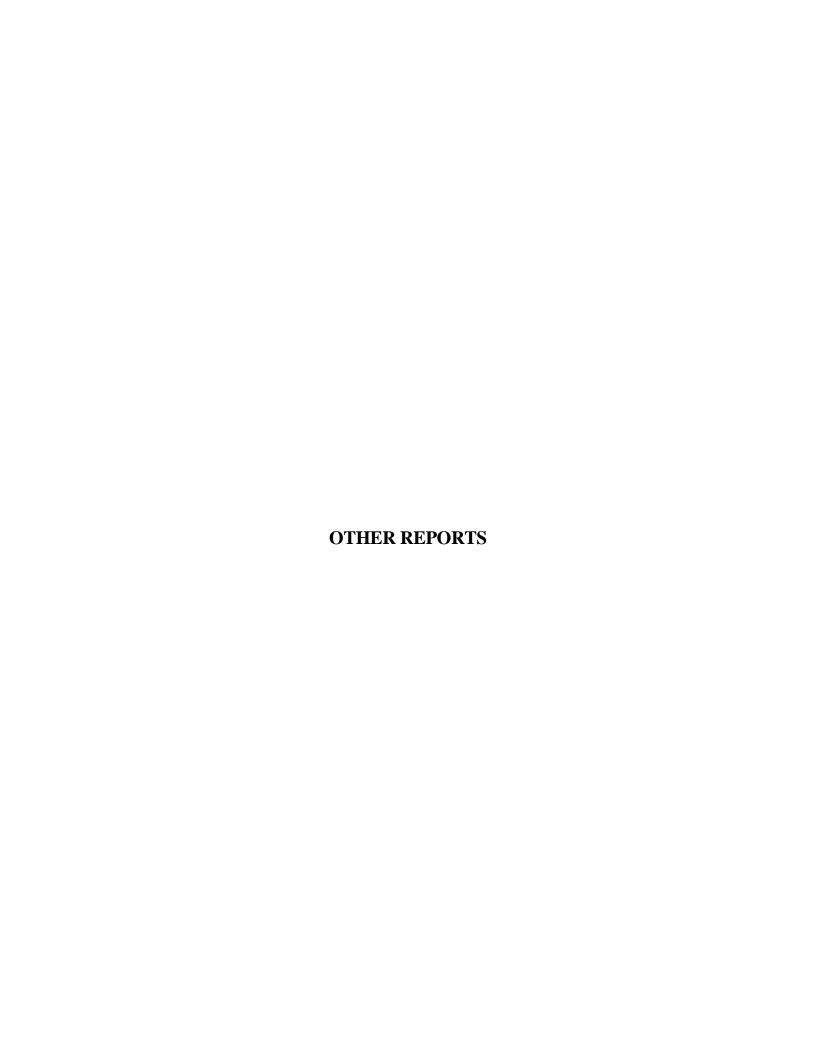
The County offers certain postemployment health care benefits that are considered part of an OPEB plan for financial accounting purposes. The OPEB is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the County. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected. However, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. During the year, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which requires employers of single-employer defined benefit plans to report the employers' OPEB plan liabilities. The requirements of GASB 75 are being applied retroactively by restating the actuarially-determined liabilities and deferred outflow of resources at October 1, 2017.

Retirees and their dependents (except for life insurance) are permitted to remain covered under the County's respective medical and insurance plans as long as they pay a full premium applicable to coverage elected, subject to the direct subsidy in the following table. This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Chapter 112.08, Florida Statutes.

Percent of Direct Subsidy up to "Subsidy Base Maximum" of \$547.92

Years of Service With Nassau County	Hired Before 10/1/05	Hired on or After 10/1/05
At Least 6	100%	0%
15 Years	100%	50%
20 Years	100%	65%
25 Years	100%	80%
30 or More Years	100%	100%

Currently, the Property appraiser has 17 active employees and seven retired employees who are considered participants in the plan for purposes of computing the OPEB obligation. The Property Appraiser's portion of the OPEB obligation at September 30, 2018, totaled \$775,392. This liability will be included in long-term liabilities in the County-wide financial statements. Details of the annual cost, the accrued obligation, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable A. Michael Hickox Nassau County Property Appraiser Nassau County, Florida

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund of the Nassau County, Florida, Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2019, which was modified to state that the financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of Nassau County, Florida, as a whole.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Property Appraiser's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350

1560 N. Orange Ave., Suite #450 • Winter Park, Florida 32789

MEMBERS OF AMERICAN AND FLORIDA INSTITUTES OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBER OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS PRIVATE COMPANIES AND S.E.C. PRACTICE SECTIONS

The Honorable A. Michael Hickox Nassau County Property Appraiser Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Concluded)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Property Appraiser's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis, Lay and Company, LLP March 8, 2019

Gainesville, Florida



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable A. Michael Hickox Nassau County Property Appraiser Nassau County, Florida

We have examined Nassau County, Florida, Property Appraiser's (the Property Appraiser) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, as required by Section 10.556(10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the Property Appraiser's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Property Appraiser's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Property Appraiser's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Property Appraiser's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Property Appraiser, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Turvis, Gray and Company, LLP March 8, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

Certified Public Accountants



MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable A. Michael Hickox Nassau County Property Appraiser Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the general fund of the Nassau County, Florida, Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 8, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Property Appraiser was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). There were no component units related to the Property Appraiser.

Certified Public Accountants

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MEMBER OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS PRIVATE COMPANIES AND S.E.C. PRACTICE SECTIONS

The Honorable A. Michael Hickox Nassau County Property Appraiser Nassau County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER (Concluded)

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Property Appraiser, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

March 8, 2019 Gainesville, Florida

Gray and Company, LLP

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

NASSAU COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

NASSAU COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Vicki P. Cannon Nassau County Supervisor of Elections Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund of the Nassau County, Florida, Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor of Elections financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based upon our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risks assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350

1560 N. Orange Ave., Suite #450 • Winter Park, Florida 32789

MEMBERS OF AMERICAN AND FLORIDA INSTITUTES OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBER OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS PRIVATE COMPANIES AND S.E.C. PRACTICE SECTIONS

The Honorable Vicki P. Cannon Nassau County Supervisor of Elections Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (Concluded)

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the general fund of the Supervisor of Elections as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison for the general fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and budgetary comparisons of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, where applicable, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nassau County, Florida, that is attributable to the Supervisor of Elections. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position as a whole of Nassau County, Florida as of September 30, 2018, and the changes in its financial position, budgetary comparisons, or cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report on our consideration of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Turvis, Lay and Company, LLP March 8, 2019

Gainesville, Florida



NASSAU COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

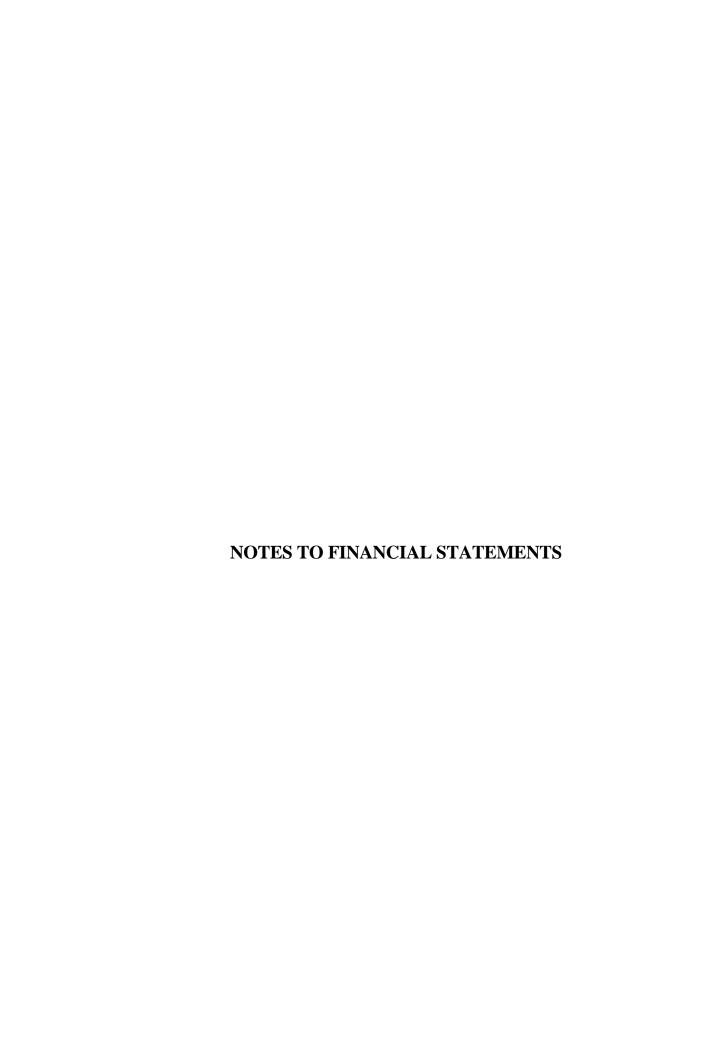
Assets	
Cash	\$ 357,511
Accounts Receivable	5
Prepaids	 50
Total Assets	357,566
Liabilities and Fund Balance	
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	9,752
Due to the Board of County Commissioners	307,488
Unearned Revenue	 40,326
Total Liabilities	 357,566
Fund Balance	 0
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 357,566

NASSAU COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Revenues	
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 77,341
Charges for Services	12
Miscellaneous	 8,430
Total Revenues	 85,783
Expenditures	
Current:	
General Government:	
Personal Services	858,314
Operating Expenditures	426,169
Capital Outlay	 77,843
(Total Expenditures)	(1,362,326)
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	 (1,276,543)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Transfers in from Board of County Commissioners	1,553,837
Transfers (out) to Board of County Commissioners	(254,294)
Transfers (out) to Constitutional Officers	 (23,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,276,543
Net Change in Fund Balance	0
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 0
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 0

NASSAU COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 0	\$ 117,667	\$ 77,341	\$ (40,326)
Charges for Services	0	0	12	12
Miscellaneous	0	162	8,430	8,268
Total Revenues	0	117,829	85,783	(32,046)
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government:				
Personal Services	910,083	864,433	858,314	6,119
Operating Expenditures	506,469	458,775	426,169	32,606
Capital Outlay	171,000	171,164	77,843	93,321
(Total Expenditures)	(1,587,552)	(1,494,372)	(1,362,326)	132,046
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under)				
Expenditures	(1,587,552)	(1,376,543)	(1,276,543)	100,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in from Board of County				
Commissioners	1,605,552	1,653,837	1,553,837	(100,000)
Transfers (out) to Board of County				
Commissioners	0	(254,294)	(254,294)	0
Transfers (out) to Constitutional				
Officers	(18,000)	(23,000)	(23,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,587,552	1,376,543	1,276,543	(100,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Reporting Entity

Nassau County, Florida, is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board).

The Nassau County, Florida, Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections), is an elected official of Nassau County, Florida, pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). There were no component units related to the Supervisor of Elections. The Supervisor of Elections is a part of the primary government of Nassau County, Florida. The Board approves the Supervisor of Elections' total operating budget and the Clerk of the Court is responsible for accounting for the Supervisor of Elections' transactions. The Supervisor of Elections is responsible for the administration and operation of the Supervisor of Elections' office, and the Supervisor of Elections' financial statements do not include the financial statements of the Board or the other Constitutional Officers of Nassau County, Florida.

The operations of the Supervisor of Elections are funded by the Board. The receipts from the Board are recorded as other financing sources on the Supervisor of Elections' financial statements.

For financial reporting purposes, the Supervisor of Elections is deemed to be a part of the primary government of the County and, therefore, is included as such in the County's annual financial report.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include all funds and accounts of the Supervisor of Elections office, but are not intended to be a complete presentation of the County as a whole. Except for this matter, they are otherwise in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(4), Rules of the Auditor General—Local Governmental Entity Audits.

The financial transactions of the Supervisor of Elections are recorded in one individual fund. This fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures.

The Supervisor of Elections reports the following fund type:

■ Governmental Fund

Major Fund

▶ **General Fund**—The general fund is the general operating fund of the Supervisor of Elections. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the general fund financial statements and refers to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the general fund. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. The Supervisor of Elections considers revenues to be available if they are collected within thirty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for accumulated sick and vacation pay, which are not recorded until paid.

Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the fixed assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. The general fund is accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet. General fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Budgetary Requirement

General governmental revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the general fund.

The Supervisor of Elections' annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total annual budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Budget to actual comparisons are provided in the financial statements for the general fund. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Capital Assets

Tangible personal property is recorded as expenditures in the general fund at the time an asset is acquired. Assets acquired by the Supervisor of Elections are capitalized at cost in the capital asset accounts of the County. The Supervisor of Elections maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by the office.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents monies received for voter education and/or poll worker grants which had not been expended at fiscal year-end. Revenue will be recognized in subsequent years when all eligibility requirements have been met.

(Continued)

Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Concluded)

Compensated Absences

The Supervisor of Elections' policy for granting employees vacation leave is based upon the number of years of employment. An employee is entitled to receive payment for such accumulated leave upon separation in good standing.

In addition, the Supervisor of Elections' policy provides that employees earn sick leave at the rate of four hours every two weeks up to a maximum of ninety days, seven hundred twenty (720) hours. Any employee who has accumulated the maximum of unused sick leave in one year shall be paid for any unused sick leave above the ninety days, seven hundred twenty (720) hours. Said payment shall be made on the first (1st) pay day of December each year.

Workers' Compensation and Group Health Insurance

The Board provided the Supervisor of Elections and her employees with workers' compensation and group health insurance coverages. The premiums for such coverages were paid by the Board and recorded on its records and, consequently, are not recorded on the Supervisor of Elections' records.

Note 2 - Cash

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the Supervisor of Elections' cash balance, as recorded on the Board's records, was \$357,511. Deposits in banks and savings and loan institutions are collateralized as public funds through a state procedure provided for in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Financial institutions qualifying as public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits times the depository's collateral pledging level. The Public Deposit Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of a default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof. All of the cash deposits are placed with qualified financial institutions, which means they are insured or collateralized.

Note 3 - Employee Retirement Plan

General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS) (Concluded)

Essentially all regular employees of the Supervisor of Elections are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112 Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined-benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The Supervisor of Elections' contributions to the plan for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016, were \$118,434, \$103,778, and \$91,005, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year. The net pension liability for the Supervisor of Elections is not calculated separately but is reported as part of the County's total net pension liability and shown in the countywide statement of net position for Nassau County, Florida.

FRS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership applicable to the Supervisor of Elections are as follows:

- Regular Class—Members of the Plan who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officer Class*—Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class—Members in senior management level positions.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Members of the Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description. (Concluded)

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipts of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer.

An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Certain members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	Percent Value
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled on or After July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

(Continued)

Note 3 - <u>Employee Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Concluded)

<u>Contributions</u>. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2017-2018 fiscal year were as follows:

Year Ended .	June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2019			
Percent of Gross Salary		Percent of Gross Salary			
Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer		
3.00	6.20	3.00	6.54		
3.00	43.78	3.00	46.98		
3.00	20.99	3.00	22.34		
0.00	11.60	0.00	12.37		
(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)		
	Percent of C Employee 3.00 3.00 3.00	Employee Employer 3.00 6.20 3.00 43.78 3.00 20.99 0.00 11.60	Percent of Gross Salary Percent of C Employee Employer Employee 3.00 6.20 3.00 3.00 43.78 3.00 3.00 20.99 3.00 0.00 11.60 0.00		

Notes: (1) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed. Employer contributions are also required for members in the FRS Investment Plan for a portion of the unfunded actuarial liability.

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Division of Retirement within the Florida Department of Management Services.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under the State-administered retirement systems must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u>. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the contribution rates were 1.66% and 1.66% of payroll respectively, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Supervisor of Elections contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

(Continued)

Note 3 - Employee Retirement Plan (Continued)

FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Supervisor of Elections contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA, and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Supervisor of Elections employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual members' accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officer, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment members' accounts (employer and employee) during the 2017-18 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of Gross		
Class	Compensation		
FRS, Regular	6.30		
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34		
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67		

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Supervisor of Elections.

(Continued)

Note 3 - Employee Retirement Plan (*Concluded***)**

FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Concluded)

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Note 4 - Change in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of the change in long-term debt of the Supervisor of Elections for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	(Balance October 1, 2017	A	dditions	(Γ	Deletions)	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2018
Accrued Compensated Absences Other Postemployment	\$	26,778	\$	21,853	\$	(25,460)	\$	23,171
Benefits Total Long-term Debt	<u>\$</u>	292,705 319,483	\$	0 21,853	\$	(1,933) (27,393)	\$	290,772 313,943

Accrued compensated absences represent the vested portion of accrued vacation leave. See Note 1 for a summary of the Supervisor of Elections' compensated absences policy.

A description of the Supervisor of Elections' policies on OPEB are described in Note 5. The October 1, 2017, OPEB liability was increased by \$173,926 as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

The Supervisor of Elections' long-term debt is not recorded in the accompanying financial statements but is recorded in the statement of net assets as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) represents the portion of the liability based upon current and retired employees of the Supervisor of Elections. See Note 5 for a description of OPEB.

Note 5 - Other Postemployment Benefits

The County offers certain postemployment health care benefits that are considered part of an OPEB plan for financial accounting purposes. The OPEB is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the County. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected. However, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. During the year, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which requires employers of single-employer defined benefit plans to report the employers' OPEB plan liabilities. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 75 are being applied retroactively by restating the actuarially-determined liabilities and deferred outflow of resources at October 1, 2017.

(Concluded)

Note 5 - Other Postemployment Benefits (Concluded)

Retirees and their dependents are permitted to remain covered under the County's respective medical and insurance plans (except for life insurance) as long as they pay a full premium applicable to coverage elected, subject to the direct subsidy in the following table. This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Chapter 112.08, Florida Statutes.

Percent of Direct Subsidy up to "Subsidy Base Maximum" of \$547.92

Years of Service With Nassau County	Hired Before 10/1/05	Hired on or After
At Least 6	100%	0%
15 Years	100%	50%
20 Years	100%	65%
25 Years	100%	80%
30 or More Years	100%	100%

Currently, the Supervisor of Elections has seven active employees and two retired employees who are considered participants in the plan for purposes of computing the OPEB obligation. The Supervisor of Elections' portion of the OPEB obligation at September 30, 2018, totaled \$290,772. This liability will be included in long-term liabilities in the County-wide financial statements. Details of the annual cost, the accrued obligation, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

Note 6 - Operating Lease

The Supervisor of Elections' office leases certain equipment through operating leases with maturity dates August 2019 to September 2022. Total lease payments of \$10,102 were made during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

The future minimum lease payments for the mailing system are as follows:

Year Ending		
September 30	A	<u>mount</u>
2019	\$	9,670
2020		6,142
2021		4,913
2022		4,913
Total	\$	25,638





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Vicki P. Cannon Nassau County Supervisor of Elections Nassau County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund of the Nassau County, Florida, Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2019, which was modified to state that the financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of Nassau County, Florida, as a whole.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Supervisor of Elections' financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350

1560 N. Orange Ave., Suite #450 • Winter Park, Florida 32789

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The Honorable Vicki P. Cannon Nassau County Supervisor of Elections Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Concluded)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor of Elections' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor of Elections' internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Puris, Gray and Company, LLP March 8, 2019

Gainesville, Florida



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable Vicki P. Cannon Nassau County Supervisor of Elections Nassau County, Florida

We have examined Nassau County, Florida, Supervisor of Elections' (the Supervisor of Elections) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, as required by Section 10.556(10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the Supervisor of Elections' compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Supervisor of Elections' compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Supervision of Elections' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Supervision of Elections' compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Supervision of Elections complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Supervisor of Elections, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Gurvis, Gray and Company, LLP March 8, 2019

Gainesville, Florida

Certified Public Accountants



MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Vicki P. Cannon Nassau County Supervisor of Elections Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the general fund of the Nassau County, Florida, Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 8, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Supervisor of Elections was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). There were no component units related to the Supervisor of Elections.

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The Honorable Vicki P. Cannon Nassau County Supervisor of Elections Nassau County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER (Concluded)

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Supervisor of Elections, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of Nassau County, Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Turvis, Gray and Company, LLP March 8, 2019

Gainesville, Florida