

**SPECIAL PURPOSE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR
NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA
SEPTEMBER 30, 2010**

**SPECIAL PURPOSE
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AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

**NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR
NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA**

SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable John Drew
Nassau County Tax Collector
Nassau County, Florida

We have audited the accompanying special purpose financial statements of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nassau County, Florida Tax Collector (the Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, as listed in the table of contents. These special purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Tax Collector's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these special purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1 to the special purpose financial statements, the special purpose financial statements referred to above have been prepared for the purpose of complying with, and on the basis of accounting practices specified by, the *Rules of the Auditor General*, State of Florida, which practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The differences include the permitted omission of entity-wide, full-accrual, financial statements and the management's discussion and analysis. In addition, the financial statements referred to above are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of only that portion of Nassau County, Florida, that is attributable to the transactions of the Tax Collector. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Nassau County, Florida as a whole as of September 30, 2010, and the changes in financial position, or where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the special purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tax Collector at September 30, 2010, and changes in financial position of its general fund and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Certified Public Accountants

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The Honorable John Drew
Nassau County Tax Collector
Nassau County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
(Concluded)

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated January 18, 2011, on our consideration of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Tax Collector and management, and the Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Purvis, Gray and Company, LLP

January 18, 2011
Gainesville, Florida

**SPECIAL PURPOSE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**BALANCE SHEET
GENERAL FUND
SEPTEMBER 30, 2010
NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR**

Assets	
Cash	\$ 714,772
Due from Agency Fund	19,889
Total Assets	<u>734,661</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance	
Liabilities	
Accrued Liabilities	36,422
Deferred Revenue	12,477
Due to Board of County Commissioners	665,952
Due to Other Governments	19,810
Total Liabilities	<u>734,661</u>
Fund Balance	<u>0</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 734,661</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010
NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR**

Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 988,596
Interest	9,586
Miscellaneous	2,080
Total Revenues	1,000,262
Expenditures	
Current:	
General Government:	
Salaries and Benefits	1,697,761
Operating Expenditures	730,677
Capital Outlay	152,624
(Total Expenditures)	(2,581,062)
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(1,580,800)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Transfers in from Board of County Commissioners	2,198,040
Transfers (out) to Board of County Commissioners	(617,240)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,580,800
Net Change in Fund Balance	0
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	0
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 0

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010
NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR**

	General Fund			Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 1,091,187	\$ 1,091,187	\$ 988,596	\$ (102,591)
Interest	11,603	11,603	9,586	(2,017)
Miscellaneous	2,500	2,500	2,080	(420)
Total Revenues	<u>1,105,290</u>	<u>1,105,290</u>	<u>1,000,262</u>	<u>(105,028)</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government:				
Salaries and Benefits	1,769,281	1,706,394	1,697,761	8,633
Operating Expenditures	496,701	751,331	730,677	20,654
Capital Outlay	0	153,562	152,624	938
(Total Expenditures)	<u>(2,265,982)</u>	<u>(2,611,287)</u>	<u>(2,581,062)</u>	<u>30,225</u>
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	<u>(1,160,692)</u>	<u>(1,505,997)</u>	<u>(1,580,800)</u>	<u>(74,803)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in from Board of County Commissioners	2,383,749	2,383,749	2,198,040	(185,709)
Transfers (out) to Board of County Commissioners	(1,223,057)	(877,752)	(617,240)	260,512
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>1,160,692</u>	<u>1,505,997</u>	<u>1,580,800</u>	<u>74,803</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
AGENCY FUND
SEPTEMBER 30, 2010
NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR

Assets

Cash and Investments	\$ 3,463,764
Accounts Receivable	21,355
Total Assets	<u><u>3,485,119</u></u>

Liabilities

Due to General Fund	19,889
Due to Board of County Commissioners	599,641
Due to Other Governments	159,384
Undistributed Collections	2,706,205
Total Liabilities	<u><u>\$ 3,485,119</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

**NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR**

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the accompanying special purpose financial statements.

Reporting Entity

Nassau County, Florida (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board).

The Nassau County, Florida Tax Collector (the Tax Collector) is an elected official of the County pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Tax Collector is a part of the primary government of the County. Although the Florida Department of Revenue approves the Tax Collector's operating budget, the Tax Collector is responsible for the administration and operation of the Tax Collector's office, and the Tax Collector's special purpose financial statements do not include the financial statements of the Board or the other Constitutional Officers of Nassau County, Florida.

The Tax Collector operates as a Fee Officer. Upon approval of the operating budget, revenues are collected from fees and from commissions earned for the collection of taxes and special assessments for the various Nassau County taxing authorities pursuant to Section 192.091(2), Florida Statutes. Any excess revenues received over expenditures made are remitted at year-end to the taxing districts.

For financial reporting purposes, the Tax Collector is deemed to be a part of the primary government of the County and, therefore, is included as such in the County's annual financial report.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include all funds and accounts of the Tax Collector's office, but are not a complete presentation of the County as a whole. The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(3), *Rules of the Auditor General—Local Governmental Entity Audits*.

These accompanying financial statements are fund financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with accounting practices and reporting requirements prescribed by the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General. As such, they omit entity-wide, full-accrual financial statements and related disclosures, and certain other required supplementary information to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America. Except for these omissions, they are otherwise in conformity with GAAP.

The financial transactions of the Tax Collector are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. These funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The Tax Collector reports the following fund types:

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR
(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

Basis of Presentation *(Concluded)*

■ **Governmental Funds**

● **Major Fund**

▶ **General Fund**—The general fund is the general operating fund of the Tax Collector. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

■ **Fiduciary Funds**

● **Agency Fund**—The agency fund is used to account for assets held by the Tax Collector as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments. The agency fund is custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of changes in financial position.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the special purpose financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental funds and agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. The Tax Collector considers revenues to be available if they are collected within thirty days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for accumulated sick and vacation pay, which are not recorded until paid. Charges for services and investment revenue are recorded as earned.

Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the fixed assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Budgetary Requirement

The revenues and expenditures accounted for in the budgetary fund are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. An annual budget is approved by the Florida Department of Revenue for the general fund. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in the special purpose financial statements for the general fund, where the Tax Collector has legally adopted an annual budget. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying special purpose financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR
(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Concluded)

Budgetary Requirement (Concluded)

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Tax Collector's annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total annual budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Capital Assets

Tangible personal property is recorded as expenditures in the general fund at the time an asset is acquired. Assets acquired by the Tax Collector are capitalized at cost in the capital asset accounts of the County. The Tax Collector maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by the office.

Accrued Compensated Absences

The Tax Collector maintains a policy of granting employees annual leave based upon the number of years of employment. An employee can receive payment for such accumulated annual leave upon termination of employment.

In addition, the Tax Collector maintains the following policy for sick leave. Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of four hours per pay period. Upon making application to draw benefits through the Florida Retirement System an eligible employee is entitled to be paid for accumulated sick leave at the current rate of pay, not to exceed 720 hours.

Property Tax Collections

Chapter 197, Florida Statutes, governs property tax collections.

- *Current Taxes*—All property taxes become due and payable on November 1, and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year. Discounts of 4%, 3%, 2% and 1% are allowed for early payment in November through February, respectively.
- *Unpaid Taxes - Sale of Tax Certificates*—The Tax Collector advertises, as required by Florida Statutes, then sells tax certificates on all real property for unpaid taxes. Certificates not purchased are issued to the County. Any person owning real property upon which a tax certificate has been sold may reacquire the real property by paying the Tax Collector the face amount of the tax certificate plus interest and other costs.
- *Tax Deeds*—The owner of a tax certificate may, after two years when the taxes have been delinquent (after April 1), file an application for tax deed sale. The County, as a certificate owner, may exercise similar procedures two years after taxes have been delinquent (after April 1). Tax deeds are issued to the highest bidder for the property, which is sold at public auction. The Clerk of the Circuit Court administers these sales.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR
(Continued)

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

At September 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the Tax Collector’s cash on hand and on deposit was \$3,298,719 and the bank balance was \$3,434,971. Deposits in banks and savings and loan institutions are collateralized as public funds through a state procedure provided for in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Financial institutions qualifying as public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits times the depository's collateral pledging level. The Public Deposit Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of a default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof. All of the cash deposits of the Tax Collector are placed with qualified financial institutions and are considered to be fully insured.

The Tax Collector’s investment practices are governed by Sections 219.075 and 218.415, Florida Statutes. The Tax Collector was authorized to invest in certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, money market funds and repurchase agreements.

Investments were as follows:

<u>Fair Agreement</u>	<u>Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
09/30/10	\$ 879,817	\$ 879,817

The Tax Collector has a contractual relationship with a financial institution. Under terms of the agreement, a portion of the bank balance for two of the Tax Collector’s bank accounts are transferred into a sweep account at the close of each business day. The financial institution sells securities to the Tax Collector in the form of repurchase agreements.

Each day the financial institution issues a confirmation to the Tax Collector for the securities that are sold to the Tax Collector. The repurchase transaction is an obligation of the financial institution and is collateralized by securities being sold and repurchased. The market value of the collateral held at all times must at least equal the value of the Tax Collector’s investment under the terms of the agreement. The collateral is held at another financial institution in the name of the Nassau County Tax Collector.

At September 30, 2010, the Tax Collector was not exposed to custodial credit risk under the repurchase agreement with a local financial institution.

Note 3 - Employee Benefits

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

All full-time employees of the Tax Collector participate in the Florida Retirement System (the System). This System was created by the Florida Legislature and is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public retirement plan available to governmental units within the State of Florida. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or by calling (850) 488-5706.

**NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR
(Continued)**

Note 3 - Employee Benefits (Concluded)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Concluded)

The Tax Collector and all full-time employees are eligible to participate in the System. Employees who retire at or after age 62, with six years of creditable service or with 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to the product of: (1) average monthly compensation in the highest five years of creditable service; (2) creditable service during the appropriate period; and (3) the appropriate benefit percentage. Benefits are fully vested on reaching six years of service. Vested employees may retire after six years of creditable service and receive reduced retirement benefits. The System also provides death benefits, disability benefits and cost-of-living adjustments. Benefits are established by Florida Statute.

The funding methods and the determination of benefits payable are provided in various acts of the Florida Legislature. These acts provide that employers, such as the Tax Collector, are required to contribute 10.77% of the compensation for regular members, 14.57% of senior management employees, and 18.64% for County elected officials. The Tax Collector's contributions to the System for the years ended September 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008, were \$146,632, \$133,316, and \$124,485, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Note 4 - Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt of the Tax Collector for the year ended September 30, 2010:

	<u>Balance October 1, 2009</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>(Deletions)</u>	<u>Balance September 30, 2010</u>
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$ 181,884	\$ 57,772	\$ (126,941)	\$ 112,715
Other Postemployment Benefits	<u>77,034</u>	<u>109,501</u>	<u>(32,467)</u>	<u>154,068</u>
Total Long-term Debt	<u>\$ 258,918</u>	<u>\$ 167,273</u>	<u>\$ (159,408)</u>	<u>\$ 266,783</u>

Accrued compensated absences represent the vested portion of accrued vacation and sick leave. See Note 1 for a summary of the Tax Collector's compensated absences policy.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) represents the portion of the liability based upon current and retired employees of the Tax Collector. See Note 5 for a description of OPEB.

The Tax Collector's long-term debt is not reported in the accompanying special purpose financial statements but is recorded in the statement of net assets as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

Note 5 - Other Postemployment Benefits

Effective for the year ending September 30, 2010, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*, for certain postemployment health care benefits provided by the County.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR
(Continued)

Note 5 - Other Postemployment Benefits (Concluded)

The OPEB plan is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the County. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected. However, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. GASB Statement No. 45 calls this the “implicit rate subsidy.”

Retirees and their dependents (except for life insurance) are permitted to remain covered under the County’s respective medical and insurance plans as long as they pay a full premium applicable to coverage elected, subject to the direct subsidy in the following table. This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Chapter 112.08, Florida Statutes.

Percent of Direct Subsidy up to “Subsidy Base Maximum” of \$438.55

Years of Service	Hired Before	Hired on or After
With Nassau	10/1/05	10/1/05
County	10/1/05	10/1/05
At Least 6	100%	0%
15 Years	100%	50%
20 Years	100%	65%
25 Years	100%	80%
30 or More Years	100%	100%

Currently, the Tax Collector has 32 active employees and 3 retired employees who are considered participants in the plan for purposes of computing the OPEB obligation. The Tax Collector’s portion of the OPEB obligation at September 30, 2010 totaled \$154,068. This liability will be included in long-term liabilities in the County-wide financial statements. Details of the annual cost, the accrued obligation, and the other required disclosures can be found in the County-wide annual financial report.

Note 6 - Operating Leases

The Tax Collector entered into a lease agreement with Pitney Bowes for a mailing system. The lease period is 60 months from July 2007 through June 2012. Lease payments are \$402 per month. The amount of lease payments made during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, was \$4,824. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending	Amount
September 30	Amount
2011	\$ 4,824
2012	3,618
Total	\$ 8,442

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NASSAU COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR
(Concluded)

Note 7 - Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2010, are as follows:

	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
General Fund	\$ 19,889	\$ 0
Fiduciary:		
Agency Fund	0	19,889
Totals	\$ 19,889	\$ 19,889

Note 8 - Other

The Tax Collector entered into a sublease agreement with the Florida Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles for the establishment and operation of a drivers license office and an administration office. The lease period is for 35 years commencing on March 24, 2008 and ending March 23, 2043. Lease payments are \$25 per month. Upon termination or expiration of this sublease, the premises and improvements are to be surrendered to the Tax Collector of Nassau County.

OTHER REPORTS

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

The Honorable John Drew
Nassau County Tax Collector
Nassau County, Florida

We have audited the special purpose financial statements of the Nassau County, Florida Tax Collector (the Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2011, which was modified to refer to a basis of accounting required for state filing requirements, and for other reasons. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Tax Collector's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector's special purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Certified Public Accountants

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The Honorable John Drew
Nassau County Tax Collector
Nassau County, Florida

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*
(*Concluded*)**

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Tax Collector and management, and the Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Purvis, Gray and Company, LLP

January 18, 2011
Gainesville, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable John Drew
Nassau County Tax Collector
Nassau County, Florida

We have audited the special purpose financial statements of the Nassau County, Florida Tax Collector (the Tax Collector), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2011, which was modified to refer to a basis of accounting required for compliance with state filing requirements, and for other reasons.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We have issued our report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters dated January 18, 2011. Disclosures in that report, if any, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida. This letter includes the following information, which is not included in the aforementioned auditors' reports:

- Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.
- Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires our audit to include a review of the provisions of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Tax Collector complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.
- Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve the entity's financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.
- Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but more than inconsequential. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Certified Public Accountants

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The Honorable John Drew
Nassau County Tax Collector
Nassau County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER
(Concluded)

- Section 10.554(1)(i)5., *Rules of the Auditor General*, provides that for matters that have an inconsequential effect on the financial statements, considering both quantitative and qualitative factors the following may be reported based upon professional judgment: (a) violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, fraud, illegal acts, or abuse; and (b) deficiencies in internal control that are not significant deficiencies. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.
- Section 10.554(1)(i)6., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in the management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the special purpose financial statements. The Tax Collector was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). There were no component units related to the Tax Collector.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America requires us to indicate that this letter is intended solely for the information of the Tax Collector and management, and the Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Purris, Gray and Company, LLP

January 18, 2011
Gainesville, Florida